

MACKENZIE COUNTY

REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING

OCTOBER 8, 2013

10:00 A.M.

COUNCIL CHAMBERS FORT VERMILION, AB



STRATEGIC PRIORITIES CHART

COUNCIL PRIORITIES (Council/CAO)

NOW			ADVOCACY
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7.	HOUSING ENTITY: Governance Structure HIGH LEVEL: Share Service Agreement FIRST NATION RELATIONS: Orientation OSB PLANT: Water Supply NEW ROAD CONSTRUCTION FUNDING OIL AND GAS STRATEGY	Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Sept. Feb.	☐ Zama Road Paving Funds ☐ Road Construction Funding Request ☐ Canada Postal Service – La Crete ☐ Land Use Framework Input ☐ Highway 58 West Extension to BC
NE	ХТ		
	ZAMA ROAD: Business Case SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT PLAN REGIONAL WATER AGREEMENT	□ TOURISM: Strategy (REDI)□ BRANDING STRATEGY (2014)□ TRANSPORTATION CORRIDOR PLAN	

OPERATIONAL STRATEGIES (CAO/Staff)

CHIEF ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICER (Joulia)		EC	ONOMIC DEVELOPMENT (Bill)		
1. 2.	HOUSING ENTITY: Governance Structure FIRST NATION RELATIONS:	Sept.	1. 2. 3.		Nov. Sept. Sept.
	Orientation OIL AND GAS STRATEGY HIGH LEVEL: Share Service Agreement Rural Water Service Policy	Feb. Sept. Oct.		Request ZAMA ROAD: Business Case TOURISM: Strategy (REDI)	
СО	MMUNITY SERVICES (Ron)		AGRICULTURAL SERVICES (Grant)		
1. 2. 3.	COR Certification: Update Safety Manual Rec. Board Agreement Draft Renewal Disaster Emergency Planning – Implementation Plan Haz Mat Agreement with THL	Nov. Oct. Oct.	1. 2. 3.	Surface Water Management Awarding Steephill Creek/BHP Surface Water Management Plan Emergency Livestock Response Plan	Sept. Dec.
	Radio Communication System			2014 Ag Fair Planning	
PL	ANNING & DEVELOPMENT (Byron)		LEGISLATIVE SERVICES (Carol)		
1. 2. 3.	Infrastructure Master Plans Area Structure Plans/LUB Amendment Airport Vicinity Protection Area Development Agreement: Revise	Jan. Dec. Oct.	1. 2. 3.	Virtual City Hall Implementation Municipal Elections Human Resource Policy Review Communication Plan	Oct. Oct.
FINANCE (Alison)			PUBLIC WORKS* (John/Ron)		
1. 2. 3.	Long Term Capital Plan Long Term Financial Plan Master Card Policy Internal Controls Procedure Review	Sept. Feb.	1. 2. 3.		Oct. Dec. Oct.

<u>Codes</u> **BOLD CAPITALS** – Council NOW Priorities; CAPITALS – Council NEXT Priorities; *Italics* – Advocacy; Regular Title Case – Operational Strategies; * See Monthly Capital Projects Progress Report

MACKENZIE COUNTY REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING

Tuesday, October 8, 2013 10:00 a.m.

Fort Vermilion Council Chambers Fort Vermilion, Alberta

AGENDA

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CALL TO ORDER:	1.	a)	Call to Order	3
AGENDA:	2.	a)	Adoption of Agenda	
ADOPTION OF PREVIOUS MINUTES:	3.	a)	Minutes of the September 24, 2013 Regular Council Meeting	7
DELEGATIONS:	4.	a) b)	Mackenzie Library Board – 1:00 p.m.	19
GENERAL REPORTS:	5.	a) b)	CAO Report	31
TENDERS:	6.	a)	None	
PUBLIC HEARINGS:	Public	c hearir	ngs are scheduled for 1:00 p.m.	
	7.	a)	Bylaw 916-13 Land Use Bylaw Amendment to Rezone Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 (4806 - 50 th Street) from Hamlet Commercial District 1 "HC1" to Direct Control District "DC" (Fort Vermilion)	101
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JLKVICEJ.		b)		

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES:	9.	a)		
SERVICES.		b)		
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		b)	Acquisition of Meander River Gravel Pits	165
		c)	Proposed Lowering Culverts & Procedure Policy	171
		d)		
		e)		
PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT:	11.	a)	Bylaw 919-13 Technical Amendment to Bylaw 880-12 being a Partial Road Closure	173
		b)	Municipal Development Plan (MDP) Open House Dates	177
		c)		
		d)		
CORPORATE SERVICES:	12.	a)		
SERVICES.		b)		
		c)		
ADMINISTRATION:	13.	a)	Bylaw 920-13 Agriculture Service Board – Authority to Make Administrative Decisions	179
		b)	Emergency Management Review	183
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INFORMATION / CORRESPONDENCE:	14.	a)	Information/Correspondence	227
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SESSION:

- Regional Service Sharing Agreement
- Hazmat Unit Agreement
- Water Supply Agreement (Ainsworth)
- Mortgage of Lease Airport Properties
- b) Labour
- c) Land

NOTICE OF MOTION: 16. Notices of Motion

NEXT MEETING DATE:

17. a) Organizational Council Meeting Wednesday, October 23, 2013

10:00 a.m.

Fort Vermilion Council Chambers

b) Regular Council Meeting Wednesday, October 30, 2013 10:00 a.m.

Fort Vermilion Council Chambers

ADJOURNMENT: 18. a) Adjournment



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting:	Regular (Council	Meeting
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Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Joulia Whittleton, Chief Administrative Officer

Title: Minutes of the September 24, 2013 Regular Council Meeting

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

Minutes of the September 24, 2013 Regular Council meeting are attached.

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

COMMUNICATION:

Approved council minutes are posted on the County website.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

That the minutes of the September 24, 2013 Regular Council meeting be adopted as presented.

Author:	C. Gabriel	Review by:	CAO	_
		_		

MACKENZIE COUNTY REGULAR COUNCIL MEETING

Tuesday, September 24, 2013 11:00 a.m.

Fort Vermilion Council Chambers Fort Vermilion, Alberta

PRESENT: Bill Neufeld Reeve

Jacquie Bateman Councillor Peter F. Braun Councillor Elmer Derksen Councillor Councillor Dicky Driedger John W. Driedger Councillor Odell Flett Councillor Councillor Eric Jorgensen Lisa Wardley Councillor

REGRETS: Walter Sarapuk Deputy Reeve

ADMINISTRATION: Joulia Whittleton Chief Administrative Officer

John Klassen Director of Environmental Services &

Operations

Ron Pelensky Director of Community Services & Operations

Liane Lambert Planner

Alison Kilpatrick Director of Corporate Services

Carol Gabriel Manager of Legislative & Support Services

ALSO PRESENT: Members of the public and the media.

Minutes of the Regular Council meeting for Mackenzie County held on September 24, 2013 in the Fort Vermilion Council Chambers.

CALL TO ORDER: 1. a) Call to Order

Reeve Neufeld called the meeting to order at 11:12 a.m.

AGENDA: 2. a) Adoption of Agenda

MOTION 13-09-664 MOVED by Councillor D. Driedger

That the agenda be approved as presented.

CARRIED

ADOPTION OF PREVIOUS MINUTES:

3. a) Minutes of the September 10, 2013 Regular Council Meeting

MOTION 13-09-665

MOVED by Councillor Wardley

That the minutes of the September 10, 2013 Regular Council meeting be adopted as presented.

CARRIED

DELEGATIONS:

4. a) S/Sgt. Jeff Simpson, Fort Vermilion RCMP

MOTION 13-09-666

MOVED by Councillor Wardley

That the RCMP report by S/Sgt. Jeff Simpson be received for

information.

CARRIED

GENERAL REPORTS:

5. a) Municipal Planning Commission Meeting Minutes – June 25, July 11, July 25, August 8 & August 23,

2013

MOTION 13-09-667

MOVED by Councillor Wardley

That the Municipal Planning Commission meeting minutes of June 25, July 11, July 25, August 8 & August 23, 2013 be

received for information.

CARRIED

GENERAL REPORTS:

5. b) Inter-Municipal Planning Commission Meeting

Minutes – June 27, 2013

MOTION 13-09-668

MOVED by Councillor Derksen

That the Inter-Municipal Planning Commission meeting minutes of June 27, 2013 be received for information.

CARRIED

TENDERS:

6. a) None

COMMUNITY SERVICES:

8. a) None

ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES:

9. a) None

OPERATIONS:

10. a) Speed Reduction Request at 94 Avenue in the Hamlet of La Crete

MOTION 13-09-669

MOVED by Councillor Braun

That administration be instructed to install a 70km/hr speed transition zone on 94th avenue west in the Hamlet of La Crete.

Councillor J. Driedger requested a recorded vote.

In Favor

Councillor Braun Councillor Bateman Councillor Flett

Opposed

Councillor Derksen Councillor J. Driedger Councillor Wardley Reeve Neufeld

Councillor D. Driedger Councillor Jorgensen

DEFEATED

MOTION 13-09-670

MOVED by Councillor J. Driedger

That the speed reduction request to install a 70km/hr speed transition zone on 94th avenue west in the Hamlet of La Crete

be received for information.

CARRIED

OPERATIONS:

10. b) Rural Road Tour

MOTION 13-09-671

MOVED by Councillor J. Driedger

That a road tour be held on October 7, 2013.

CARRIED

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT: 11. a) Bylaw 918-13 Land Use Bylaw Amendment to Rezone Plan 052 4647, Block 31, Lots 16, 17 & 18 (10913, 10909 & 10905 -100th Ave) from Hamlet Residential District 1A "HR1A" to Hamlet Residential District 2 "HR2" (La Crete)

MOTION 13-09-672

MOVED by Councillor Wardley

That first reading be given to Bylaw 918-13, being a Land Use Bylaw amendment to rezone Plan 052 4647, Block 31, Lots 16, 17 & 18 (10913, 10909 & 10905 - 100th Ave) from Hamlet Residential District 1A "HR1A" to Hamlet Residential District 2 "HR2" to accommodate Condominium Development, subject to a Public Hearing.

CARRIED

PLANNING & DEVELOPMENT:

11. b) Development Permit 252-DP-13 (Garry McLean)
Garage – Detached with Variances within One Mile
of Fort Vermilion Airport (Fort Vermilion Settlement)

MOTION 13-09-673

MOVED by Councillor Flett

That Development Permit 252-DP-13 on Fort Vermilion Settlement, Range 2, River Lot 6 in the name of Garry McLean be APPROVED with the following conditions:

Failure to comply with one or more of the attached conditions shall render this permit <u>Null and Void</u>

- 1. The Fort Vermilion Airport is located nearby on Fort Vermilion Settlement, Range 1, River Lots 1, 2, 3 & 4. Mackenzie County shall not be held liable for any concerns, issues or damages related to and/or resulting from the operation of the Fort Vermilion Airport and/or any aircraft leaving or arriving at the Fort Vermilion Airport.
- 2. A variance of 20.6 meters (67.5 feet) of the front yard (River Road) setback and a variance of 7.6 meters (25 feet) of the side yard (31st Street) setback is hereby granted for the placement of the Garage – Detached.
- 3. Minimum building setbacks:
 - a. 20.6 meters (67.5 feet) from River Road;
 - b. 7.6 meters (25 feet) from 31st Street:
 - c. 15.2 meters (50 feet) from all other property lines.
- **4.** The lowest opening of all buildings shall be equal to or higher than the centerline elevation of River Road to raise the building above the 1/100 year flood level.

- **5.** This garage is for residential purposes only and no commercial activity is permitted in this building or district.
- The architecture, construction materials and appearance of buildings and other structures shall be to accepted standards.
- **7.** No ancillary building erected/or moved onto the site shall be used as a dwelling.
- **8.** All sewage disposal systems to be in conformance with the Alberta Private Sewage Treatment and Disposal Regulations.
- 9. PRIOR to installation of a new access or changing location of existing access, complete a Request for Access form by contacting the Road/Maintenance Department for Mackenzie County at (780) 927-3718. Access to be constructed to Mackenzie County standards and at the developers' expense.
- 10. No construction or development is allowed on or in a rights-of-way. It is the responsibility of the developer/owner/occupant to investigate the utility rights-of-way, if any, that exist on the property prior to commencement of any construction and to ensure that no construction or development is completed on any utility rights-of-way.
- 11. The total site area (lot) shall have a positive surface drainage without adversely affecting the neighbouring properties.

CARRIED

CORPORATE SERVICES:

12. a) Bylaw 917-13 Tax Penalty Bylaw

MOTION 13-09-674

MOVED by Councillor Braun

That third reading be given to Bylaw 917-13 being the Tax Penalties Bylaw for Mackenzie County.

CARRIED

CORPOTATE SERVICES:

12. b) Financial Reports – January 1 to August 30, 2013

MOTION 13-09-675

MOVED by Councillor Bateman

That the financial reports for the period, January 1 – August 30, 2013, be accepted for information.

CARRIED

Reeve Neufeld recessed the meeting at 12:07 p.m. and reconvened the meeting at 12:55 p.m. with all members present except Councillor D. Driedger and Councillor Jorgensen.

DELEGATIONS:

4. b) Mackenzie Charity Golf Presentations

Margaret Bell, Area Manager, Grande Prairie Heart and Stroke Foundation and Greg Schmidt, STARS Foundation Grande Prairie joined the meeting to receive their donation from Mackenzie Charity Golf.

The Heart & Stroke Foundation was presented with a cheque in the amount of \$24,000.00, STARS (Grande Prairie) was presented with a cheque in the amount of \$6,000.00, and \$3,000.00 was presented to the Mackenzie Regional FASD Society from the proceeds of the Mackenzie Charity Golf tournament held on June 13, 2013.

PUBLIC HEARINGS:

7. a) Bylaw 915-13 Land Use Bylaw Technical Changes to Add "Warehouse" to Section 8.5 B and Section 8.9 B; to Amend Sections 8.11.C.a, 8.12.C.a, 8.13.C.a and 8.14.C.a to Reduce the Minimum Lot Width to 55 Feet; and, to Amend Sections 8.12.C.a, 8.13.C.a and 8.14.C.a to Reduce the Minimum Lot Length to 100 Feet

Reeve Neufeld called the public hearing for Bylaw 915-13 to order at 1:02 p.m.

Reeve Neufeld asked if the public hearing for proposed Bylaw 915-13 was properly advertised. Liane Lambert, Planner, answered that the bylaw was advertised in accordance with the Municipal Government Act.

Reeve Neufeld asked the Development Authority to outline the

proposed Land Use Bylaw Amendment. Liane Lambert, Planner, presented the Development Authority's submission and indicated that first reading was given on August 26, 2013.

Reeve Neufeld asked if Council has any questions of the proposed Land Use Bylaw Amendment. HC2 along both sides of main street. Fort Vermilion is HC1.

Reeve Neufeld asked if any submissions were received in regards to proposed Bylaw 915-13. No submissions were received.

Reeve Neufeld asked if there was anyone present who would like to speak in regards to the proposed Bylaw 915-13. No one was present to speak to the proposed bylaw.

Reeve Neufeld closed the public hearing for Bylaw 915-13 at 1:04 p.m.

Councillor D. Driedger rejoined the meeting at 1:04 p.m.

MOTION 13-09-676

MOVED by Councillor Braun

That second reading be given to Bylaw 915-13, being a Land Use Bylaw amendment to add "Warehouse" to Section 8.5 B and Section 8.9 B; to amend Sections 8.11.C.a, 8.12.C.a, 8.13.C.a and 8.14.C.a to reduce the minimum lot width to 55 feet; and, to amend Sections 8.12.C.a, 8.13.C.a and 8.14.C.a to reduce the minimum lot length to 100 feet, of the Land Use Bylaw.

CARRIED

MOTION 13-09-677

MOVED by Councillor Derksen

That third reading be given to Bylaw 915-13, being a Land Use Bylaw amendment to add "Warehouse" to Section 8.5 B and Section 8.9 B; to amend Sections 8.11.C.a, 8.12.C.a, 8.13.C.a and 8.14.C.a to reduce the minimum lot width to 55 feet; and, to amend Sections 8.12.C.a, 8.13.C.a and 8.14.C.a to reduce the minimum lot length to 100 feet, of the Land Use Bylaw.

CARRIED

CORPORATE SERVICES:

12. c) Waiver of Tax Penalties for Newalta Corporation (Tax Rolls 076596, 229179, 291650, 410371, and

410664)

MOTION 13-09-678

MOVED by Councillor Braun

Requires 2/3

That the tax penalties totaling \$1,293.53 for Tax Rolls 076596, 229179, 291650, 410371, and 410664 be waived due to the unusual circumstance created by the flood disaster in Calgary.

CARRIED

ADMINISTRATION: 13. a) None

INFORMATION/ CORRESPONDENCE: 14. a) Information/Correspondence

MOTION 13-09-679 MOVED by Councillor Flett

That the information/correspondence items be accepted for

information purposes.

CARRIED

IN-CAMERA SESSION:

MOTION 13-09-680 MOVED by Councillor J. Driedger

That Council move in-camera to discuss issues under the Freedom of Information and Protection of Privacy Regulations

18 (1) at 1:09 p.m.

15. a) Legal 15. b) Labour

15. c) Land

CARRIED

Councillor Jorgensen rejoined the meeting at 1:12 p.m.

MOTION 13-09-681 MOVED by Councillor Jorgensen

That Council move out of camera at 3:02 p.m.

CARRIED

15. a) Legal – Regional Service Sharing Agreement

MOTION 13-09-682 MOVED by Councillor Jorgensen

That a response be sent to the Town of High Level regarding the regional service sharing agreement as discussed.

CARRIED

15. a) Legal – Housing Amalgamation

MOTION 13-09-683 MOVED by Councillor Flett

That the housing amalgamation update be received for

information.

CARRIED

15. a) Legal - FOIPP Request

MOTION 13-09-684 MOVED by Councillor Flett

That the FOIPP request update be received for information.

CARRIED

15. a) Legal - Water Supply Agreement (Ainsworth)

MOTION 13-09-685 MOVED by Councillor Jorgensen

That the water supply agreement update be received for

information.

CARRIED

15. b) Labour

15. c) Land

NOTICE OF MOTION: 16. Notices of Motion

NEXT MEETING

DATE:

17. a) Regular Council Meeting

Tuesday, October 8, 2013

10:00 a.m.

Fort Vermilion Council Chambers

ADJOURNMENT: 18. a) Adjournment

MOTION 13-09-686 MOVED by Councillor Jorgensen

That the council meeting be adjourned at 3:04 p.m.

CARRIED

These minutes will be presented to Council for approval on October 8, 2013
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Bill Neufeld	Joulia Whittleton
Reeve	Chief Administrative Officer



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting:	Regular Council Meeting				
Meeting Date:	October 8, 2013				
Presented By:	Presented By: Joulia Whittleton, Chief Administrative Officer				
Title:	DELEGATION Mackenzie Library Board				
BACKGROUND / P	ROPOSAL:				
Presentation by the	Mackenzie Library Board. A copy of their propo	sal is attached.			
OPTIONS & BENEFITS:					
COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:					
COMMUNICATION:					
RECOMMENDED ACTION:					
Author: C. Gabriel	Reviewed by:	CAO			

October 2013

Detailed options and recommendation of: Conversion of Mackenzie County Library Services

A PROPOSAL TO: Mackenzie County Council

Tasked to:

Mackenzie County Library Board
Investigation Timeline:
June thru September

Presentation: October 2013

BACKGROUND & OPTIONS INVESTIGATED

HISTORY

Peace Library System (PLS) made a membership presentation to Mackenzie County Council in May of 2013, in turn the Council tasked the Mackenzie County Library Board (MCLB) to review the PLS membership proposal and other similar options and make a recommendation back to Council in early October.

Subsequently the PLS terminated the current partial contract for Fort Vermilion Library effective December 31, 2013.

Currently, Mackenzie County Library Board oversees operations for libraries in three hamlets, La Crete, Fort Vermilion and Zama City. A service agreement with the Town of High Level (Cost to County \$15,500 / year) provides service for County residents. Public library services do not exist in the areas of Rocky Lane, Blue Hills or Buffalo Head. Those residents drive to their nearest public facility distances of 45 minutes away or more.

La Crete Library	Fort Vermilion Library	Zama City Library
Total Budget: \$118,800	Total Budget: \$86,818	Total Budget: \$56,300
Items in Collection: 28,000+	Items in Collection: 18,000+	Items in Collection: 15,000+
Electronic System: Insignia	Electronic System:	Electronic System: none at this time
	Polaris (discontinued Dec 31, 2013)	
Location: Housed in La Crete	Location: owns building, rents out	Location: Zama Cornerstone
Public School, shared library	space to FVSS	Building

OPTIONS

MCLB looked at three options:

- Option #1: PLS Membership, Option #1
- Option #2: Regional Partnerships with future Provincial Node Designation
- Option #3: Status Quo

We are presenting two options with the MCLB recommendation being **Option #2 – Regional Partnerships with Future Node Designation.**

We strongly believe that moving forward with this option is the best overall for our region, our patrons and our libraries! We will be stronger as a region! Creating a strong partnership with Fort Vermilion School Division, and potentially other organizations and learning centers. It will allow us library opportunities for areas and patrons that haven't had local access to services before and the ability to include 'everyone' (resident, non-resident and 1st Nation) will promote library services and literacy at a much higher rate in the end. Other benefits of this option are:

- Local control of jobs, expenditures, budgets
- Can partner with FVSD
- No dual service issues with patrons
- Local autonomy
- All County libraries and School Libraries are on Insignia
- We can offer everything before we are a Provincial Node with the exception of TAL access
- Less costly in the long run than full membership in PLS
- Are not locked into PLS membership for 4 years

The MCLB has met with Fort Vermilion School Division and the Board and the meeting was successful and exciting; they have passed the following motion:

The FVSD motion that was made by the Board of Trustees in favor to investigate the potential of a partnership between both parties to improve library systems in our mutual locations.

Dave Froese moved that the Board of Trustees directs Administration to investigate a partnership between the Fort Vermilion School Division and the Mackenzie County Library Board. Carried

After investigation and discussion we have dismissed Status Quo as a viable option. In fact, in Fort Vermilion it is impossible, due mainly to the cancellation of the partial PLS contract, along with this and public and patron requests and needs and the challenges that Library services have gone through, we are at a pivotal crossroads with the future of Library Services, and status quo is not a viable option.

Council must decide between Option #1 PLS Membership and Option #2 Regional Partnerships with future Node Designation.

While we understand the budgeting process and that we are in an election year, we are at a point where an immediate decision must be made by Council as to what direction the MCLB and our libraries take.

We propose the following motion:

That the Council approve of the MCLB recommendation of Regional Partnerships with Future Provincial Node Designation, and that the MCLB initiate the implementation immediately.

OPTION #1 – FULL MEMBERSHIP TO PEACE LIBRARY SYSTEM AND CONVERSION

Investigation and Review:

- Reviewed PLS presentation materials to Council. Requested and received additional information from PLS.
- Investigated and discussed regional internal partnership opportunities with PLS membership
- Investigated conversion costs to PLS Membership, and subsequent year costs
- Reviewed how compulsory book buying budgets would be distributed between LC, FV, ZM, HL and how that would affect library current budgets, modes of current purchasing and current purchasing agreements
- Investigated and discussed dual-patron membership benefit levels
- Investigated compatibility with PLS Polaris electronic systems within region
- Investigated and discussed value for dollar of PLS membership services
- Investigated how much of the additional contribution would be kept or felt local
- Investigated how PLS membership would affect current and future local staffing requirements

OPTION #2 – REGIONAL PARTNERSHIPS WITH FUTURE NODE DESIGNATION CONVERSION

Investigation and Review:

- Investigated and reviewed all above points in respects to Node Designation
- Reviewed current service levels in all County libraries, patron and public expectations
- Investigated and discussed regional internal partnership opportunities with Mackenzie Node designation, such as FVSD and First Nations, High Level Library and rural area services
- Investigated conversion costs to Node designation, and subsequent year costs
- Investigated and discussed if any dual-patron membership restrictions would be present
- Investigated electronic system costs, conversion and compatibility
- Investigated and discussed value for dollar of Node designation
- Investigated alternative service improvement pieces required (e-book, e-music, languages, etc)
- Investigated alternative, when mandated by the Province, Professional Librarian assistance
- Reviewed current policies and procedures of Library material ordering and processing
- Investigated local distribution system for inter-county material loaning
- Sent request letter to MLA, to initiate discussions with Provincial Libraries Branch on Node Designation

OTHER DISCUSSION POINTS:

Digitization of Services: Insignia vs. Polaris

Because of the nature of how the three libraries are operated, digitization services are a challenge. In La Crete, the public library is housed with the school library. FVSD uses Insignia for all of its libraries. In Fort Vermilion, the contract with PLS for the Polaris system will expire in December so an alternative must be found. In Zama, they use a card system with inventory in excel format.

Files are transferable between Polaris and Insignia. If PLS services do not continue in January Fort Vermilion will be given their files on a memory stick for use in whatever new system is available. Bar-coding may have to take place, and PLS identification will have to be removed. This is the biggest immediate challenge, due to the cancellation of the PLS partial contract taking place at the end of December. There needs to an alternative, and moving back to cards in the books really isn't an option.

La Crete – if PLS membership proceeds, the books owned by the public library would have to be re-barcoded to make them readable by Polaris, Staff would also have to use two systems, Insignia for the school books and patrons, and Polaris for the public books and patrons. Zama – the files may be transferable from Excel format to Insignia or Polaris, bar-coding will have to take place.

Provincial delivery of services:

Along with municipalities, libraries are partially funded by the Province. Most libraries in the province belong to either a 'system' such as PLS or are a designated Node within the Province. Systems:

Provincial Systems:

1. Peace Library System: our area based in Grande Prairie

- 2. Northern Lights Library System: based in Elk River, services northeast Alberta with the exception of Wood Buffalo.
- 3. Yellowhead: services the smaller municipalities around Edmonton but does not include the City
- 4. Parkland: east central Alberta
- 5. Marigold: smaller communities around Calgary, but does not include the City.
- 6. Chinook: Lethbridge and area, also has a contract with the Province to administer the TAL (The Alberta Library) program
- 7. Shortgrass: Medicine Hat and area

Large cities, special areas and universities/colleges are designated Nodes by the Province. To be a node, the area must be able to deliver similar services to what a formal system can offer. The designation is a membership in the TAL consortium with similar structure to PLS. This designation would allow provincial wide borrowing/lending and the Alberta Library Card. *Designated Nodes in Alberta are:*

- 1. Regional Municipality of Wood Buffalo
- 2. City of Edmonton
- 3. City of Calgary
- 4. City of Red Deer
- 5. City of Grande Prairie
- 6. City of Medicine Hat
- 7. City of St. Albert
- 8. Strathcona County
- 9. Universities / Colleges

Node Designation:

We had approached our MLA to set up discussions with the provincial libraries branch on options and possibilities of Mackenzie County node designation. He took an actual Node request forward what we feel a little prematurely to the Minister of Municipal Affairs without the background or final decision being made by the County Council. We have an initial rejection letter from Minister Griffiths in regards to Node Designation at this time, as we are not yet in the position of offering these similar services.

We strongly feel that with the initiation of Option #2, and with the development of a strong partnership with FVSD, our libraries on the same digital system, our collection sharing opportunities as well as the inclusion of services such as e-books, languages, and rural opportunities we will show a strong argument for future Provincial Node Designation. We all know that this region would not be what it is today, if we stopped at the word 'no'!

Peace Library System Membership:

Attaining this service is a simple 'yes' vote by Council. There is an ongoing contractual obligation. The minimum time for membership is three years, then a 12 month notification period, so in essence locked in for a minimum of four years. The membership fees are set yearly by the Board of the PLS, which are currently \$5.50/capita, which is slightly higher than what was presented to Council back in May; just over \$60,000 for the first year.

The libraries would not 'own' the digital systems, such as in the case of Fort Vermilion Library. La Crete Library would have to run two complete digital systems and split the collection in order to access PLS services for its public patrons. Dual service levels to our 1st Nation and

non-resident population would apply, greatly affecting Fort Vermilion and Zama Library service delivery.

Additional fees such as website set up and maintenance, internet fees, software licensing, non-Polaris tech support were discussed as the yearly membership fee does not include these services.

Alberta Libraries Branch Internal Audit Report

In late 2012, the MCLB enlisted Ken Feser, Library Consultant from the Public Library Services Branch, Provincial Municipal Affairs division to visit and provide an internal audit report on how our libraries are doing, what we could do better and offer some expertise direction for County library services. This report was forwarded to Council in early 2013.

Nowhere is this report was it mentioned that 'system' membership would substantially boost library services in our region. Some of the comments were included were in regards to strengthening governance, a stronger set of Policies and comments like:

- "The Libraries Act states that the municipal board has full management and control of library services in a municipality"
- "the financial statements of the societies are rolled up into or appended to the board's financial statements"
- "the society and staff seem to have successfully developed services almost by instinct, without much contact with other libraries or formal community needs assessment. They have done a great job but it might be good to formalize things as described in the 'Plan of Service'."
- "the current La Crete library avoids some of the most common weaknesses of school-housed libraries, with adequate exterior signage and its own entrance"
- "the library board is ultimately responsible for library service, and so the board must make all decisions about where libraries are located, within its financial means"
- "...some marketing or community engagement to make the library more prominent might help to increase use"
- "While the building has 'good bones'... I recommend that the board, society and staff consider doing a facelift or refresh of the facility."

Regional Partnerships

Fairly immediate benefits would be seen with this option. Once Insignia and transport were finalized immediate sharing of over 61,000+ items would be shared by our three libraries. With the excitement of partnership opportunities with FVSD, the sharing capabilities raise significantly with the inclusion of their 15 school libraries. This partnership would also potentially allow rural public service points in areas such as Rocky Lane, Blue Hills and Buffalo Head.

This is the best option to eliminate dual-service levels within our patron base. We have a high number of 1st Nation and non-resident patrons that are actively using library services and support our libraries in all ways. All County services would be available to everyone who walked through the door!

Once the website and services such as Freading, Fregal Music and Rocket Languages were initiated patrons would have 'anywhere' access to all collections and services.

COMPARISON OF BENEFITS – PLS OR REGIONAL PARTNERSHIPS

Peace Library System Membership	Service Offered	Regional Partnerships with future Node Designation
PLS Yearly Membership fees, based on census population and rates decided by yearly by Board of directors. 2014 membership is higher than originally presented to Council. (57,913.00 then, \$60,098.50 now) Minimum of 3 year contract with another 12 month out clause.	Membership Fees and contract	Budget contribution amounts set by County No large contract obligations
TAL access included in membership for County Residents TRAC access 3 million items included for County residents	Provincial wide Access. TAL (The Alberta Library) Access. 300+ libraries, 30 million items	Would access TAL through Node Designation for all patrons TRAC Access not available as this is PLS services
Included for County Residents	Alberta Wide Library Card	With Node Designation for all patrons
County residents would have equal service in LC, FV, ZM, HL, RBW. Non residents, 1 st Nations etc would not have access to PLS services.	Access	All users of the Library would have equal service in County Libraries (non-residents & first nations) equal access and privileges FVSD has expressed interest that this is one of the areas of potential partnership. Public library services and sharing available with all FVSD libraries (15 in total, inc. HL, RBW)
Website maintenance within PLS web system (additional cost, and not included in yearly fees). Set up costs \$500 per library, yearly fee \$150 per library.	Website and web access	Quote received from same provider as the County Website. To create a portal for all library services within County. Patron services access from home.

		T
Electronic system owned by PLS Would require two installs (LC, ZM) and dual system in LC. Currently operating in FV. Polaris (electronic system) tech support included in yearly fee Tech Support, available at additional cost for anything other than Polaris system. Dispatched from Grande Prairie	Electronic / Digital System Other Tech Support	Insignia currently operating in LC. Would allow seamless partnership with all FVSD Libraries. Require two installs (ZM, FV) Tech support included in very reasonable yearly fees. Libraries would 'own' the electronic equipment and software Would eliminate the need for LC to operate dual systems. All Libraries have access to local tech support and the FVSD assists with La Crete Library. Zama has tech support from Dell if required, and County Tech in regards to County internet connection FVSD has expressed interest in this is one of the areas of potential partnership Tech support is done locally providing employment
Internet access, additional cost and not included in yearly fees Software licensing, over and above yearly membership fees	Internet & Software	La Crete Library accesses FVSD internet, Zama City Library gave County Axia equipment in exchange for internet access. Fort Vermilion currently on SuperNet and pays nominal fee out of current budget. Libraries already include any costs associated if applicable, most do not require as it is included with purchase of program, or FVSD provides, currently only very small annual fees.
Compulsory book buying component based on county population. Average 30% savings off cover price PLS book buying budget would be split between FV LC, ZM, HL Cataloguing is done in GP	Book Buying	County libraries would retain book buying budgets All libraries meet or exceed PLS discounts with current suppliers or book buying partners. Cataloguing is done locally providing employment

signing in full, services would be phased in over time	Phased in service costs	Additional services would be due when service is phased in	
Some of the costs are included in membership PLS membership is due upon	Summer Reading Programs	Insignia program offers part of the technical service, and TD Bank is currently the sponsor of some of these programs that are available to all libraries.	
PLS organizes visits, but travel costs are additional for each library	Author Visits	Currently our Libraries organize potential visits for the region. The MCLB has a budget line for Regional Programming and pay for these services.	
PLS states that this future provincial requirement would be met. Details not known if this would be included in membership or an additional cost	Professional Librarian	Partnership with FVSD may meet this future requirement as they staff professional librarians. Contract services are also a possibility (once per year visit); this can be coordinated through Provincial Library Branch. Such as the Ken Feser visit.	
Mango Languages available through membership to County Residents	Languages	Rocket languages subscription would be attained by MCLB available to all patrons. FVSD expressed additional partnering opportunities with this service	
Not available	Download Music	Fregal subscription would be attained by MCLB available to all patrons	
Access to Overdrive, Freading included in membership for County residents	Ebooks	Overdrive has been researched and dismissed as a viable option. Freading membership would be attained by MCLB available to all patrons.	
Included either through government courier (only available in FV) direct delivery or mail. PLS rebates member mailing costs for loan items.	Transport of Books	MCLB is researching options of setting up a library sharing / book delivery service through local employment. FVSD expressed interest in this opportunity Federal rates apply for mailing of materials.	
Additional Partnerships would be limited to those with a PLS membership	Partnerships	FVSD, 1 st Nation, other regional group partnerships would be explored to the fullest. FVSD has already been approached on full partnership, sharing opportunities with its 15 school libraries as well as offering public service points in rural areas, and such things as transport, tech support and languages.	

These costs would be over and above current operating funding levels.

Book Buying budget would have to come from current MCLB operational funding at a rate set yearly by PLS Board.

As noted in PLS letter: internet, software, wireless access points, website, and additional hardware that will be required are not included in yearly fee, as we have no idea what would be required as time goes on, we are unsure of these costs.

time goes on, we are unsure or these costs.				
Converting to PLS Member 2014	Converting to Regional Partnerships 2014			
60.098.50				
???				
10,000.00	10,000.00			
	75.00			
	20,000.00			
	75.00			
	2,500.00			
	100.00			
	1,000.00			
	7,000.00			
	\$400.00			
	21,920.00			
	4,200.00			
	12,000.00			
\$70,098.50*	\$79.270.00**			
	Subsequent			
	years:			
	\$40,100.00. Service levels			
	set by MCLB and			
	Council			
	Converting to PLS Member 2014 60.098.50 ??? 10,000.00			



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting:	Regular Council Meeting			
Meeting Date:	October 8, 2013			
Presented By:	Joulia Whittleton, Chief Administrative Office	cer		
Title:	CAO Report			
BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:				
The CAO and Director reports are attached for information.				
OPTIONS & BENEFITS:				
COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:				
COMMUNICATION:				
RECOMMENDED ACTION:				
That the CAO report for September 2013 be accepted for information.				
Author: C. Gabriel	Reviewed by:	CAO		

Mackenzie County

Monthly CAO Report to Council – September 2013

Multiple major capital projects are underway, seasonal work is wrapping up. Administration is gearing up for the upcoming election in the County's four wards. Administration is making very good progress working with council committees on various initiatives (within their individual mandates), and streamlining policies (recommendations to Council). Good progress is being made in gravel reserves planning and security.

This report provides highlights on some completed or ongoing initiatives.

- 1. **Master Surface Water Management and Conservation Plan** two proposals were received and ASB is assessing and evaluating, and finalizing the scope of work. Administration has been working with locals on some smaller drainage initiatives.
- 2. **Fort Vermilion Research Farm** \$55,000 deposit was issued and the offer to purchase was signed and sent to Agriculture Canada. We are waiting for their response.
- 3. **AB Transportation** attended a meeting with Rob Penny, Deputy Minister for Transportation. The topic for discussion was Northern Resource Road funding please see the attached letter.
- 4. **Strategic Priorities Chart** an updated chart with newly scheduled priorities was presented and approved by Council at the September 10 meeting.
- 5. **Regional Sustainability Study** Nichols Applied Management is engaged; initial interviews have taken place at the tri-council meeting and with individual municipalities. RSS committee meeting is scheduled for October 10 in the Town of High Level.
- 6. **Housing Boards Amalgamation** the service sharing model was being discussed between the two housing authorities, but no agreement has been reached at this point. The service sharing agreement option was proposed as a transitional agreement while the group continues working towards an amalgamation. The three municipalities have now passed the motions to participate in the Regional Housing Needs Assessment study and apply for funding under the Regional Collaboration Program (Municipal Affairs). Mackenzie County is the project manager for the application and an application is being prepared.
- 7. **Regional Water System** Administration is arranging a meeting on October 17th with representatives from AADNC, AB ESRD, First Nations, and the Town of High Level to discuss regional water system options.
- 8. **RCMP** I followed up on the Zama office space lease rent to RCMP. Shane R. is going to contact S/Sgt. Peter Pilgrim, the new Detachment Commander for High Level. FV RCMP Council agreed to reestablish the administrative position to support RCMP and have this person working out of our La Crete office a minimum of two days per week. This position is currently being advertised with a closing date of October 7.

- 9. **Regional Service Sharing Agreement with the Town of High Level** a response was drafted and sent to the Town.
- 10. *Disaster Recovery Program* waiting for a response to our application (submitted in June).
- 11. **Emergency Management Review** the review will be presented to Council at October 8 meeting.

I've attended Prince Rupert Port Authority reception in Edmonton, Economic Development Roundtable forum organized by AB Enterprise, NCDC conference and BC Energy conference.

As AAMD&C conference is approaching, I recommend Council discusses what meetings should be requested with the Ministers.

Please review the attached Directors reports and we will be happy to answer any questions Council may have.

Respectfully submitted, Joulia Whittleton

Mackenzie County

Mackenzie County

PO Box 640, Fort Vermilion, AB T0H 1N0 Phone: (780) 927-3718 Fax: (780) 927-4266

Toll Free: 1-877-927-0677 Email: office@mackenziecounty.com

September 17, 2013

Rob Penny, P. Eng., Deputy Minister Alberta Transportation 2nd Floor, Twin Atria Building 4999 - 98 Avenue Edmonton, AB T6B 2X3

Dear Sir:

RE: NORTHERN RESOURCE ROADS

Thank you for meeting with us to discuss the Resource Road Program.

For the past many years, this program has been an essential component of infrastructure funding for rural municipalities across Alberta. Mackenzie County's main resource roads are Zama City Access and the Highway 88 Connector.

After much debate and having to make tough choices upon provincial decision regarding discontinuation of Resource Road funding, Mackenzie County is borrowing a substantial amount of funds to upgrade the HWY88 Connector. Our estimated completion of the first lift of ACP is this fall. As we are restricted in our borrowing power, and due to substantial financial strain to provide other essential services to our ratepayers, we will not be able to continue paying for the much needed resource road upgrades without provincial or federal support in our municipality.

Zama City community and industry have seen many improvements in infrastructure by the County in the past ten years: hamlet road paving, Zama City Access partial paving, new water treatment plant and lagoon, new library, upgrades to parks and recreational infrastructure. Although some of these improvements were made possible due to availability of Resource Road, AB Water & Wastewater, Build Canada Fund programs, Mackenzie County has invested substantial funds in support of the oil & gas industry. It is the same industry that pays millions in royalties to the provincial government.

Highway 88 Connector will require a final lift of asphalt on the East 15 kilometers at an estimated cost of \$3.5M. Without the Resource Road Funding, the County will not be able to undertake the second lift on Highway 88 Connector and will not be able to continue with paving Zama City Access. Zama City Access to Highway 35 has 48 kilometers of gravel road left to pave. The estimated cost of this base paving project is \$33.6M at 2013 prices. In addition to this being one of the main resource roads in the North, it is the only access to the Zama City; therefore, the County is requesting that a consideration be given to fund this road at 75/25% share with 75% being the provincial share.

Rob Penny, Deputy Minister Alberta Transportation Page 2 September 17, 2013

Considering the size of our municipality, we have been at a disadvantage under the Alberta Water for Life, and to some degree, under the Resource Road program. The County constructed a forty kilometer rural water line with its own sources between the Hamlets of Fort Vermilion and La Crete. Based on the current AB Water for Life program criteria, much smaller systems were funded by the Province, yet our system would not qualify as the line is not serving multiple municipalities. Zama City Access if a sixty kilometer road connecting to Highway 35 and ending at Zama City. As it is not a through road and is not crossing any municipal borders, the provincial funding has been limited to 50 percent in the past.

In conclusion, while our specific request is regarding obtaining funds to upgrade Highway 88 Connector and pave Zama City Access, our County's request is also echoing the tri-county's motion and request to establish Northern Resource Road funding program. Northern municipalities are lacking in infrastructure development in comparison to our southern neighbours – we are in the developing stages. It will make sense for the Province to invest in its northern region for continuing resource development and extraction. Lack of sufficient transportation infrastructure, and taking into consideration the provincial royalty structure for oil sands development vs. other non-conventional methods of resource extraction, threatens future private investments in the North, and therefore will have detrimental impact on the future Provincial royalty revenues.

Sincerely,

Bill Neufeld Reeve

Cc: Mackenzie County Council
Joulia Whittleton, Chief Administrative Officer
William (Bill) Kostiw, Director of Infrastructure Development and Government Liaison





Labor Retention Our success tools

Inspired by one man's Vision for Excellence

The owner, President and Chief Operating Officer had but one vision for his company – *Create a company dedicated to Service*.

To accomplish this he not only required quality product but also a staff dedicated to *his* definition of what service really means.

His practice was not simply to hire to fill positions.... But to invest in his people, molding them to share his vision without them ever knowing they had bought in.

example, getting to know staff by listening and then practicing everyday by asking about family or their concerns and by helping wherever he could.



In the beginning, First and Foremost, a family atmosphere was created.

The owner took a vested interest in what was happening in the lives of his people. When required – Family came first and work second. Recognised "Life" happens and made those allowances.

Then he adopted a hands on management style – Everybody is Everything. He worked beside his employees, helping with any task necessary and promoted Teamwork by leading by example.

Adopted an Open Door Policy, whereby staff were free to voice concerns, offer suggestions and encouraged to participate in problem solving and developing solutions.

From meagre beginnings grew a viable company with branch locations through-out Alberta & B.C, who's reputation proceeds itself.



Today – Each Manager representing the company promotes the original vision as set out by the President and founding officer.

Management work side by side with staff partaking in daily tasks.

We break down barriers by welcoming ideas and practising what we preach.

Adopted a zero tolerance for personal dissention between employees and promote each position as valuable as the next.

Each branch Manager is afforded the freedom to run their business unit according to their respective unique environment.

All branches work together towards a common goal and not as competition with one another.

We encourage camaraderie by striving for a relaxed atmosphere with lightheartedness and sharing, which manifests into friendship amongst staff.

38



We hold onto staff in bad times, choosing alternative measures to reducing staff when the economy suffers slow periods.

- Give extra unpaid vacation, split to reduce personal burden
- Scale back expenses, like social functions
- Scale back excessive use of company vehicles and expense accounts
- Encourage work sharing amongst branches
 We reward staff in good times





- Issue gift cards for food during the Christmas season
 - Issue Incentives, dependent on business profitability



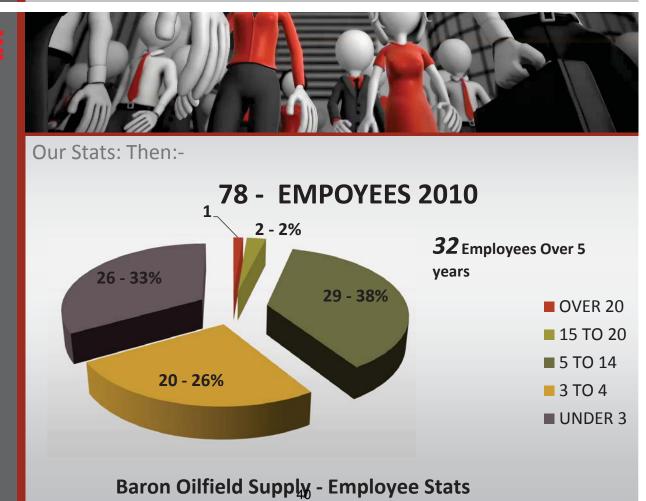
We invest in our Staff -

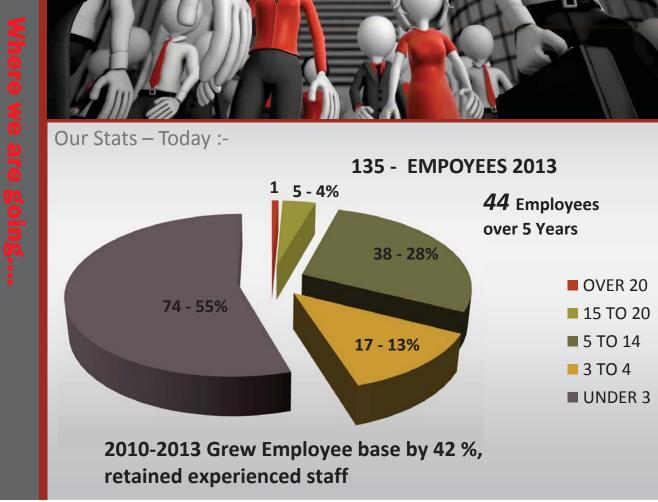
- Encourage Health by providing a Fitness benefit
- Encourage savings through payroll deducted Canada Savings Bonds
- Encourage future planning by offering payroll deducted R.R.S.P's, with immediate tax benefits
- Encourage continued education by allowing time to complete Business courses and by covering costs associated with such
- Cross train between positions promoting a full understanding of Business concepts
- We allow staff to take advantage of Corporate affiliations by purchasing through the company void of profit
- Look beyond initial qualifications to try and recognize each employee's potential and help that employee realize their full potential
- Promote from within whenever possible, rebrand positions when promotion is not possible, to keep long term staff outlook fresh



Outside the Norm – In todays world of cutbacks and limitations, Baron often chooses the opposite:

- Out of town travel has no limitations, choosing instead to set guidelines for staff and allow all charges.
- Social functions are 100% free of charge to employees. We hold two annually and spare no expense.
- Health Benefits are paid 100% by the company with staff covering only the disability portion of group coverage.
- Periodically throughout the year staff are treated to various fund raising events, rewarding staff and supporting community.
- Sales perks given to the company in the form of merchandise are passed along to employees by drawing from everyone's name.
- Aligned with our Financial partner to offer staff Service Fee free banking and reduced rates on loans and mortgages







Moving forward –

- We are looking for ways to embrace social media and incorporate into daily business
- Developing long term benefits such as Corporate contributed R.R.S.P's towards pension
- Keeping electronic processes fresh and relevant with the mainstream
- We will strive to recognize when staff need new challenges to stay motivated
- Encourage employees to bring ideas for streamlining to the table and empower them to make decisions, guide them when they choose the one considered less optimal
- Will not adopt cookie cutter policies and will work towards realizing each blend of employee requires unique feedback and motivation
- Will keep Corporate Policies relevant and not be defined by rules that no longer have positive impact1



Generation "Y" – (taken from the Globe and Mail) Born between 1981-2000

- Will see more Women in Leadership roles
- Will be experts at "Blending" not "Balancing" work-life
- Will use electronics to work "ANY" time of the day or night
- Will not be boxed in by the typical office setting, preferring instead open concepts, and temporary work stations to corner offices.
- Will replace E-mail, in person meetings, and phone calls with instant messaging and interacting on social networks
- Will change employee evaluations from presence to performance making employee presence almost unessential
- Insist on instant feedback and perform better with reward systems
- Will make up approximately 47% of the workforce by 2016 and 75% by 2025
- Will have held approx. 10 jobs by the time they are 30



Today more than ever:

- We are joining forces with our sister companies to create an even stronger initiative to retain employees
- We are looking for ways to become more diverse.
- Collaborating on joint staffing issues
 and defining changes required to attract, train and reduce employee turnover.
- Developing methods of advancement / transfer between our group of companies.



2012 Chamber Employer of Choice – Proud of our home spun roots!

In Summation – What better way to close then to use the words of one Employee:

" A lot of people think the grass is greener on the other side of the fence"...... I think they are looking at Baron!

We hope this has given you some insight to our success tools for employee retention.





Questions?

It has been our Pleasure to Present to you today.

Thank You!







Alberta Livestock and Meat Agency September 26, 2013





- 1. Current Industry Reality
- 2. Challenges & Opportunities
- 3. ALMA's Role

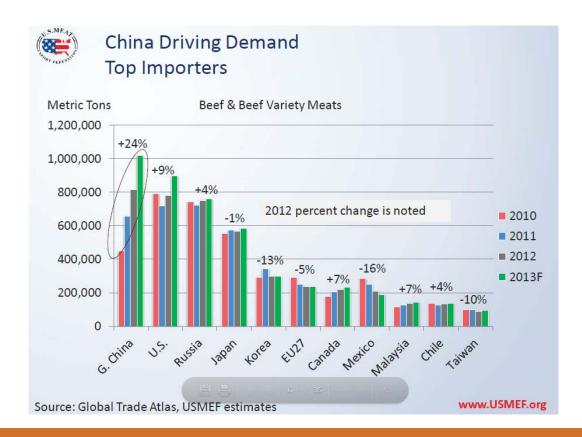


INDUSTRY REALITY

Global

- World population rising
- Increased disposable income
- Livestock & meat industry important
- World consumption rising
- Rising meat prices







Alberta 2012

- Processed +2 million cattle & calves
- 2.4 million for pigs
- Produced +750,000 tonnes beef; +200,000 pork
- Meat manufacturing generated \$5.92 billion in sales
- Alberta exported \$852 million beef and \$365 million pork

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable

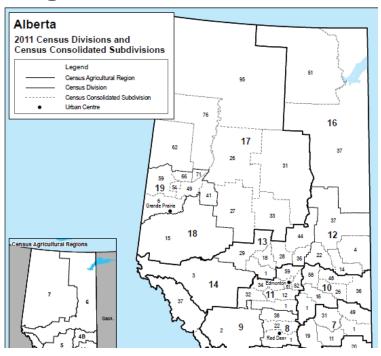


Market Receipts

- Cattle & calves \$3.4 billion
- Hogs \$413 million
- Dairy products \$521 million
- Poultry, hatcheries & eggs \$331 million
- Lambs \$17.8 million
- Other \$147 million



Regional Numbers



of Cows

17: 47,015

18: 16,920

19: 55,007

= 118,942

Total of 67,047 steers and heifers > 1 year

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



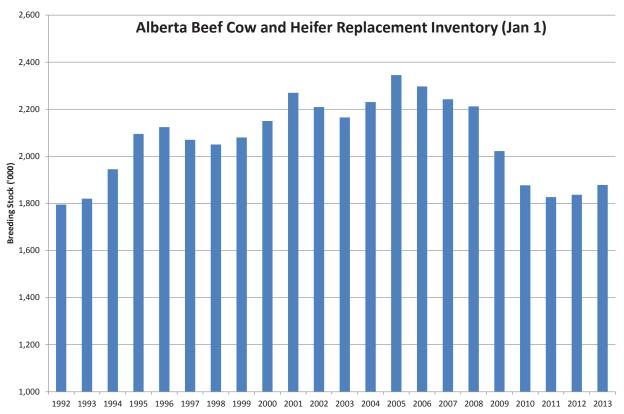
Total Sheep and Lambs: 20,678

Sows and Gilts for Breeding: 3,299

• Bison: 14,176

Elk: 3,960

Hens and Chickens: 234,283

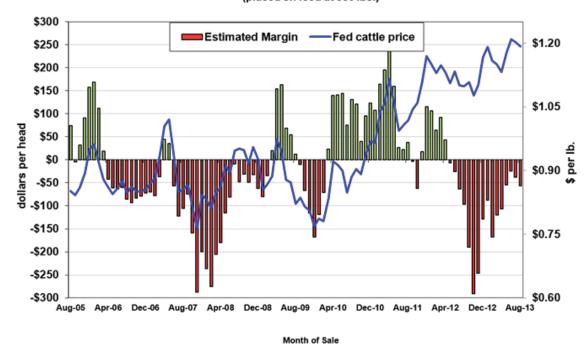


Source: Statistics Canada, 2013

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



Estimated Feedlot Margins - Steer Calves (placed on feed at 550 lbs.)



Data Source: Canfax, Monthly Trends Report

ALMA
Alberta Livestock
and Meat Agency Ltd.

Alberta Plants

- Cattle slaughtered in 2012: + 2 million head
- Federal:
 - 4 plants
 - Slaughtered +1.99 million cattle
- Provincial
 - Approximately 50 plants
 - Primarily red meat
 - 1.37% of total cattle slaughter
 - 8.35% of pork slaughter
 - o 27,692 cattle slaughtered

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



Global Challenges

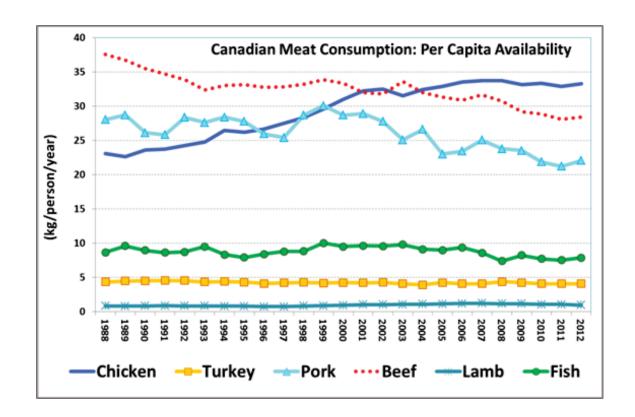
- MCOOL
- S. Korea
- High Tariffs
- Ractopamine
- Hormones
- Welfare
- Sustainability



Domestic/Regional Challenges

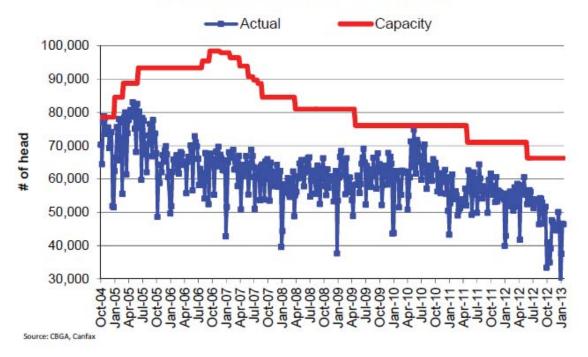
- Domestic meat consumption and production is flat
- Population growth is driving industry growth
- Certainty & consistence of supply
- Geographic location
- Access to capital
- Price sensitivity
- Become selective
- Production side







Canadian FI Slaughter vs Capacity



Source: Canfax 2012 Annual Report

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



Consumer Demands

- Traceability
- Sustainability
- Animal health & welfare
- Preferences: low fat & sodium

- Buy local
- Variety
- Taste
- Convenience
- Freshness



OPPORTUNITIES

2013 Conference Board of Canada quote:

"Alberta is arguably the most blessed jurisdiction in North America."

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



Global

- Growing populations
- 2 markets:
 - Low cost commodities
 - Premium differentiated brands



Domestic

- Canadian retailers & food suppliers on board
- Consumers want Canadian and local
- Canadian consumers agree locally produced food is better

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



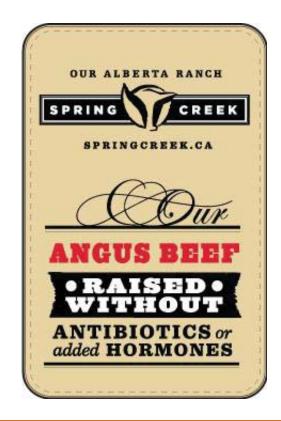
Regional

- Value-added products differentiate
- Ethnic populations/popularity of ethnic foods
- Become niche oriented











Seize new opportunities:

- Strong leadership
- Collaboration
- Innovation

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



Potential packing plant





Unique Selling Proposition

- Build your unique story: reinforce consumer preference
- Sustainability programs
- Branding and packaging
- Food safety
- Certification

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



ALMA's vision:

"To be a **catalyst** in the development of a profitable and internationally competitive meat industry."





Collaborate with industry, government and co-funders:

- Build consumer awareness
- Help Alberta producers and processors market products to consumers in retail and food service outlets
- Encourage knowledge and technology adoption, collaboration and policy reform

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



\$30-million suite of three programs





Programs

Research and Development

- Healthy animals
- Healthy food
- Production efficiency
- Regulatory burden



Bovine Tuberculosis (bTB) testing in N. Alberta

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



Industry and Market Development

- Consumer awareness
- Increase competitiveness and profitability
- Domestic and international market development
- Leadership and industry engagement











Northwest Economic Development Roundtable



Agri-Business Automation and Lean Manufacturing

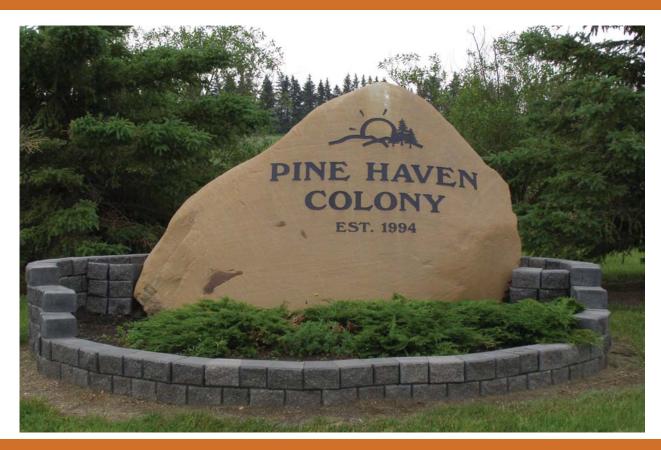
Agri-Business and Product Development

- New & innovative ways of getting Alberta-made products into new markets
- New processing equipment
- New product development
- Adopt improved processes and best practices













Agropur





www.alma.alberta.ca





Oil Market Access: Alberta's Situation

Northwest Economic Development Roundtable

Al Sanderson
Chief ADM, Strategy Division
Alberta Energy



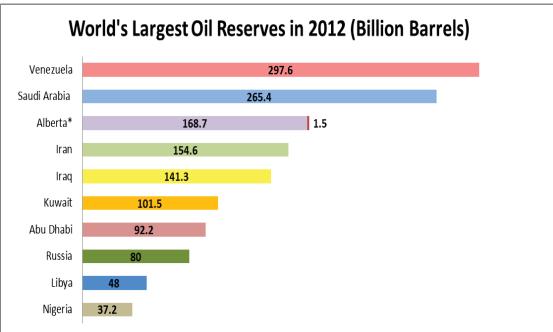
Overview

- Global Oil Markets
- Our Challenge
- Alberta's Oil Situation
- Market Access Options
- Pipeline and Rail Regulation
- · What we're doing



Alberta

Canada has global level reserves



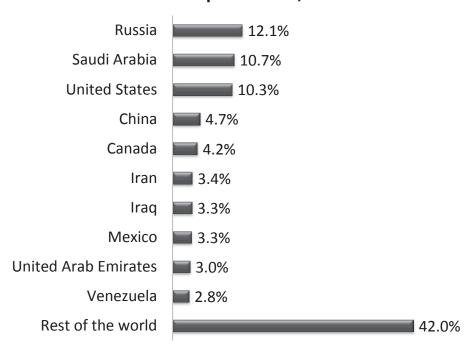
*Alberta's total oil reserves were 170.2 billion barrels, of which crude bitumen reserves accounted for 168.7 billion barrels and conventional crude oil reserves for 1.5 billion barrels.

Sources: ERCB 2012 ST-98 Report "Alberta's Energy Reserves 2011 and Supply/Demand Outlook 2012 - 2021" and Oil & Gas Journal "Worldwide Look at Reserves and Production. Special Report", December 3, 2012, Vol. 110, Issue 12.



Alberta Canada is a major player in the global energy sector

Crude oil production, 2012







Our Challenge

- 1. Saturated market with increasing production.
- 2. Energy infrastructure has not kept pace with expansion of oil production.
- 3. Social license to continue oil sands development and build new energy infrastructure.





Next few slides from Dr. Kevin Lynch, P.C., Q.C., Vice-Chair, BMO Financial Group



Everything is relative: Among G-7 economies, Canada has had the strongest rebound in employment and growth compared to pre-recession peaks. However, the advanced economies are only growing 1-2%, well below the 5-8% growth in emerging countries ... **but they are not where we trade today**.

2-Speed World: The Facts Growth Prospects

Canada's Trading Partners: The Facts Top 10 Export Markets

1		2012	2013	<u>2014</u>			
1-2% world	Adv. Econ.	1.2	1.2	2.2			
	U.S.	2.2	1.9	3.0			
	Euro Area	-0.6	-0.3	1.1			
	Japan	2.0	1.6	1.4			
	U.K.	0.2	0.7	1.5			
	Canada	1.8	1.5	2.4			
5-8% world	China	7.8	8.0	8.2			
	India	4.0	5.7	6.2			
	Brazil	0.9	3.0	4.0			
	Russia	3.4	3.4	3.8			

1.	United States	73.7%
2.	United Kingdom	4.2%
3.	China	3.8%
4.	Japan	2.4%
5.	Mexico	1.2%
6.	South Korea	1.1%
7.	Netherlands	1.1%
8.	Germany	0.9%
9.	France	0.7%
10.	Hong Kong	0.7%

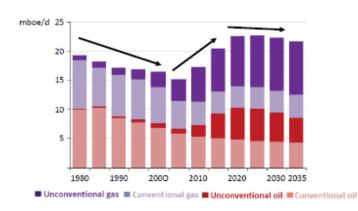
Source: International Monetary Fund April 2013

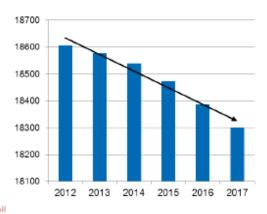
Source: Canada's State of Trade: Trade and Investment Update 2012, Foreign Affairs, Trade and Development Canada

What a difference a decade makes --- U.S. oil demand is dropping while U.S. oil and gas production is increasing from unconventional sources (shale gas and tight oil). This unconventional energy supply and improving U.S. energy efficiency (transport standards), will reduce U.S. demand for imported oil, and allow the U.S. to become a net export of gas.

U.S. Oil and Gas Production

U.S. Oil Demand (000 Barrels per day)



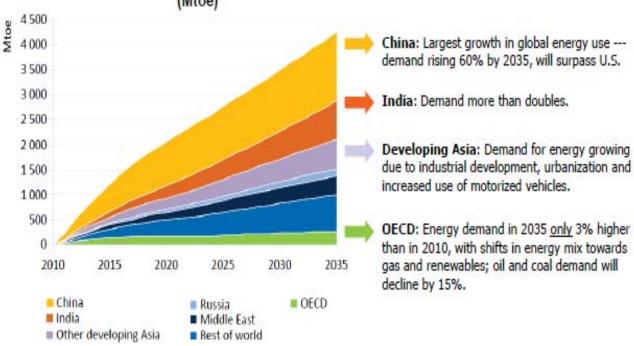


Source: International Energy Agency, Oil Medium Term Market Report, 2013

Source: World Energy Outlook, 2012



Growth in Primary Energy Demand (Mtoe)



Source: World Energy Outlook, 2012



The world of energy is also changing profoundly: it is becoming "unconventional". Demand is shifting to "unconventional sources", the emerging economies, supply is shifting to "unconventional" sources, oil sands, shale gas, etc., and the energy security of supply and demand balance in North America is shifting ... this is a game-changer for Canada.

New Energy demand	\rightarrow	From the "unconventionals" non-OECD markets
New Energy supply	\rightarrow	From the "unconventionals" shale gas, shale oil, oil sands, alternatives
New Energy exploration	→	From "unconventional terrain" the laboratory (e.g. fracking)
Energy game-changer	\rightarrow	Falling security of Cdn energy demand as U.S. security of energy supply rises
Security game-changer	\rightarrow	Shifting energy trade flows; shifting geopolitical risks; shifting security risks



How is Canada positioned?

Good

- Solid economic fundamentals
- Diverse economy, strong human capital
- Sound financial and legal systems
- Stable governments
- Wealth of natural resources

But

- 89% of trade is with slow growth economies
- **Business productivity growth is low**
- Business R&D spending is weak
- Labour force growth is slowing

So...

Slower Canadian potential growth



Where does this take us?



Diversification: need to pivot to dynamic emerging economies, particularly Asia, to increase our security of energy demand increase our security of energy demand.



Infrastructure: Canada needs new energy infrastructure to the West Coast and the East Coast to diversify; consider a "public energy transportation corridor" to West/Asia.



Technology: be "clever hewers of wood and smart drawers of water" --- R&D/innovation key to making Canadian unconventional energy supplies more economic, more efficient, and more environmentally friendly.



Financing: huge project and infrastructure financing needs (\$500+ billion) requires security of demand, and market access to finance and realize.



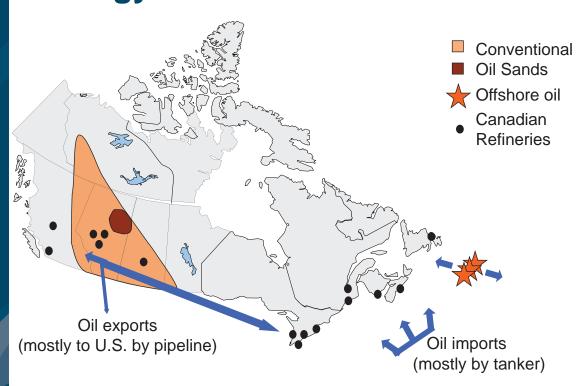
Beach-heads: energy exports can establish Canadian business beach-heads in Asia, and open doors to non-energy exports.



Energy strategy: given scale and scope of energy potential, and change needed to realize it, suggests national interest not just private interest, and a focused energy strategy to guide it ... As Yogi Bera said, "If you don't know where you're going, you don't know when you're lost."



Energy Markets



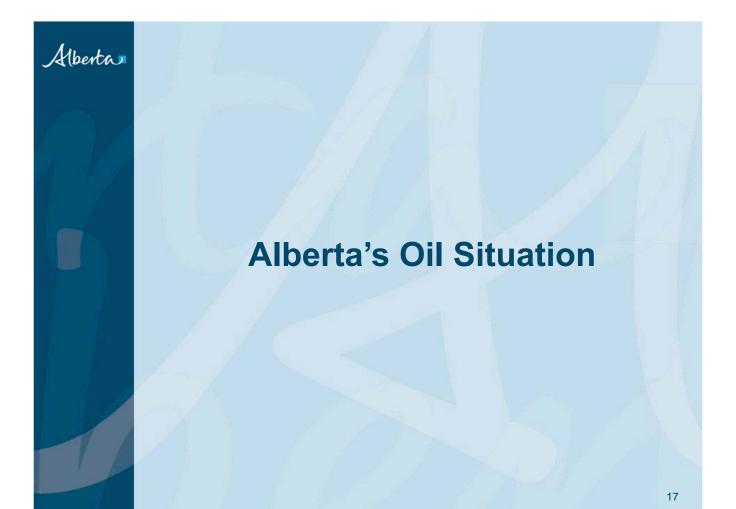
15

Alberta

The Asian Market

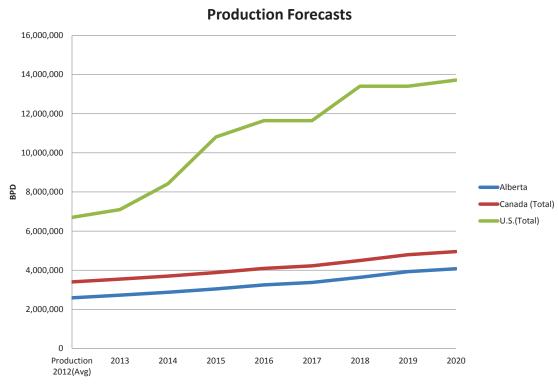
- Large demand
- Anticipated strong growth
- Growing heavy crude capacity
- Dependent on European and US economies
- China, Japan, Korea, India







Production Forecasts





Albertan Oil Sands Investment Outlook

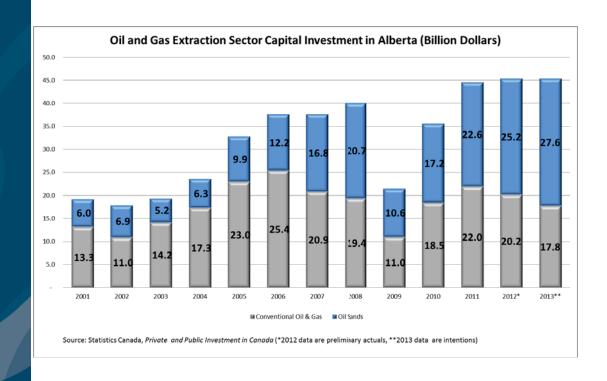


- 64 proposed and under construction projects valued at \$115 billion
- Projects by CNRL, Cenovus, ConocoPhillips, Devon, Husky, Imperial Oil, Grizzly Oil Sands, JACOS, KNOC, Laricina, MEG, Shell, Suncor, Sunshine Oil Sands. Syncrude, Total and others as of March 2013.

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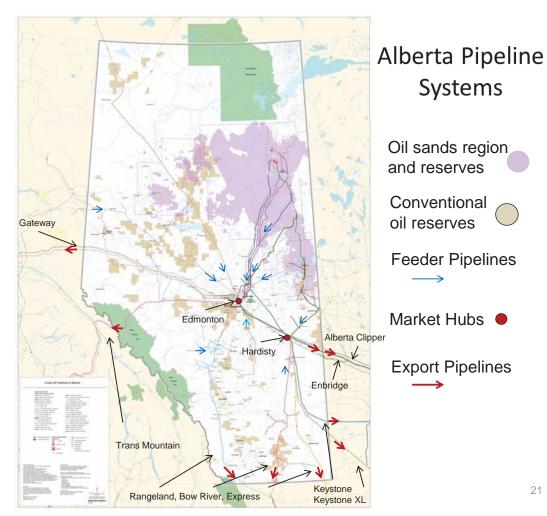
Alberta

Oil & Gas Investment in Alberta



72

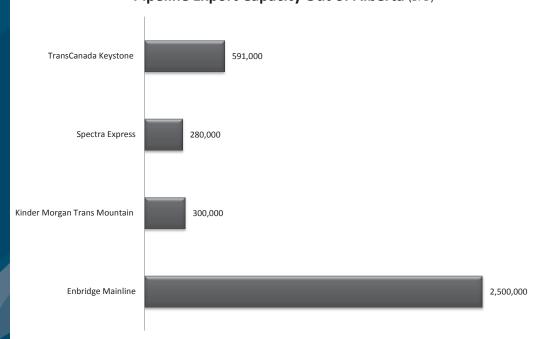






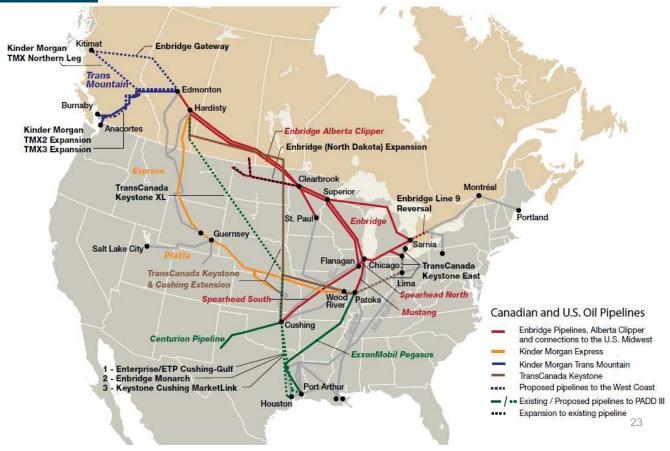
Current Capacity

Pipeline Export Capacity Out of Alberta (BPD)



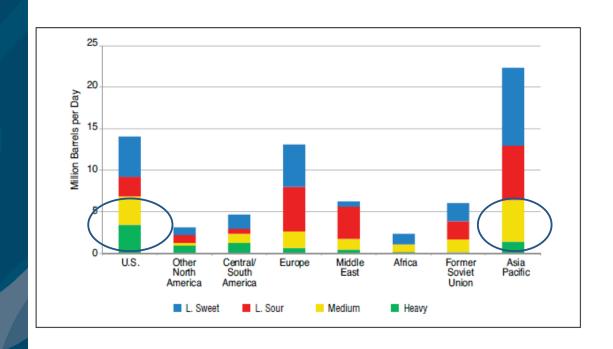
73





Alberta

World Refining Capacity by Grade

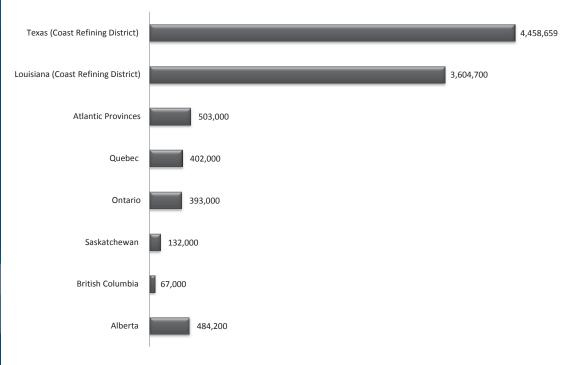


74



Current Capacity

Refinery Capacity (2012 bpd)



25

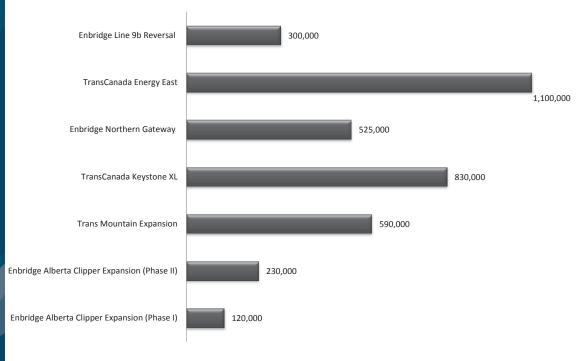


Market Access Options



Market Access Options

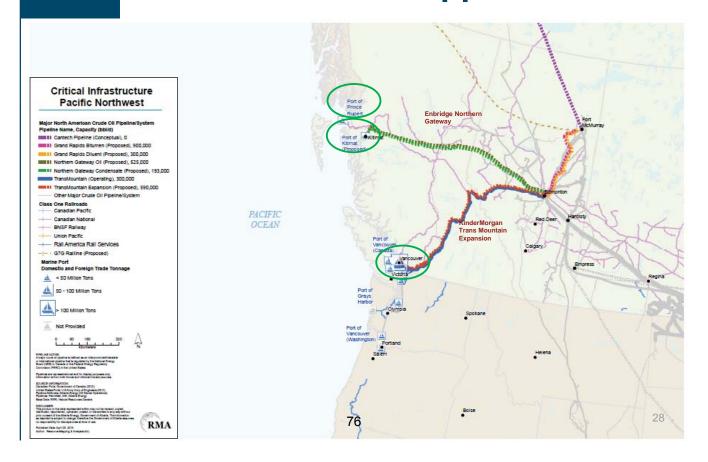




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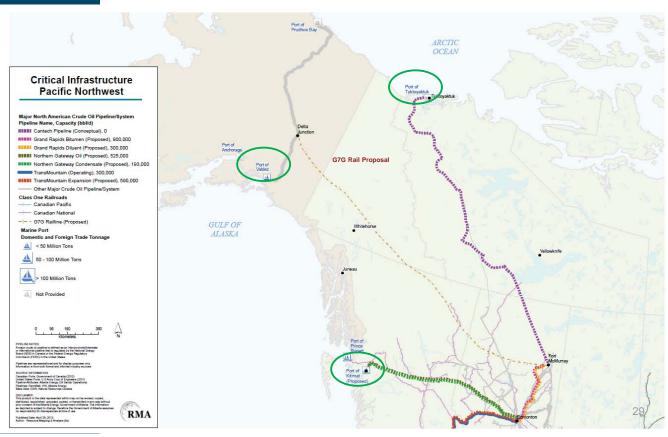


Western Access Opportunities



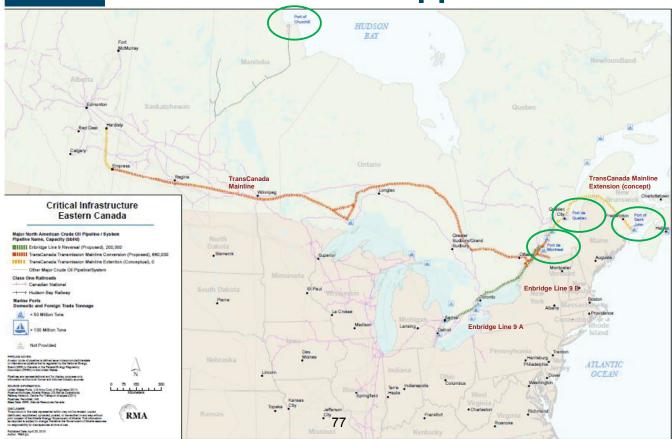


North-Western Access



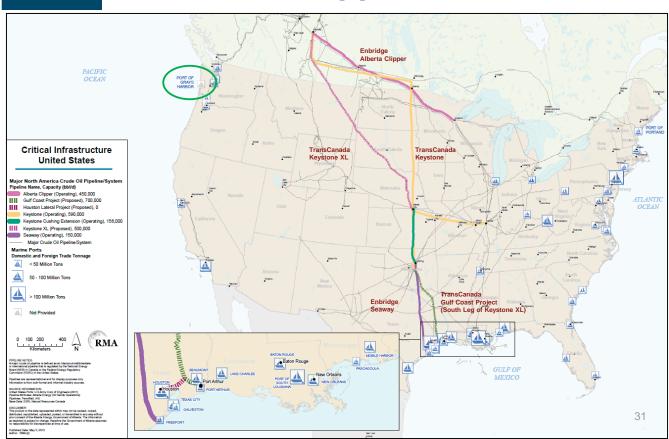
Alberta

Eastern Access Opportunities





US Access Opportunities





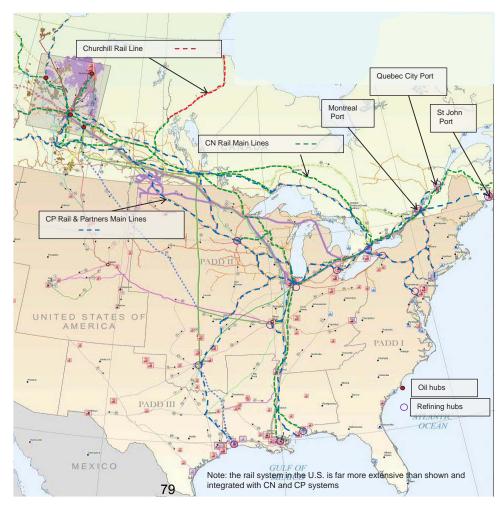
Rail



Drivers for Oil by Rail

- Markets find solutions to problems
 - Approval delays for new pipeline capacity
 - Rail provides an efficient means of moving oil
 - Rail infrastructure is already in place
- **Expect growth to meet increasing oil sands** production
- **Increasingly significant strategic supplement** to pipelines
- Likely to continue to be part of permanent solution







Rail Overview

- Railway safety: regulated by both federal and provincial legislation.
- Federally regulated railways are those that have interprovincial or Canada-U.S. operations
- 307 Industrial, 2 Public and 4 Heritage railways in Alberta
- Transloading Crude Oil
 - 13 sites in total transload crude oil
 - 31 new sites* proposed for 2013/14 operation

(*or existing industrial sites want to start transloading crude oil)



Railways - Federal

CN and CP are federally regulated

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 CN and CP must obtain a certificate of fitness from the Canadian Transportation Agency to operate track and equipment.



Railways - Federal

- Railway companies are required to establish safety management systems (SMS) approved and regularly audited by Transport Canada (similar to provincial regulations).
- Transport Canada verifies if company operations conform to safety procedures outlined in the company's SMS.



Railways-Federal

- In the event of a train accident, the rail company is responsible for managing the incident. This includes
 - Assess hazards and scoping the nature of the response, in coordination with public agencies.
 - Response is addressed through an Emergency Response Assistance Plan (ERAP).
 - Every shipper is required to submit a Transport
 Canada approved ERAP with each shipment.
 - ERAPs assist responders in the safe handling of crude oil or any other dangerous good, as well as its environmental clean-up



Railways - Federal

- Transportation of Dangerous Goods Act (GoC) requires every company that handles dangerous goods, including crude oil, to be;
- · adequately trained
- · financially responsible
- knowledgeable in the proper selection and use of highway tanks and rail cars
- responsible for any incident, spill or release and require them to take all reasonable emergency measures to reduce or eliminate any danger to public safety that results or could be expected to result from a release of dangerous goods.

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Senate Recommendations

- TC work with rail companies to make existing safety culture assessments mandatory.
- Federal government initiate a major arm'slength review of the country's railway regulatory framework, standards and industry practices to ensure the safe transportation of dangerous goods by rail in Canada.
- TC review, in cooperation with the United States DoT, the use of CTC-111A and DOT-111 tank cars and consider accelerating the transition to the revised standard.
- TC apply appropriate minimum liability coverage thresholds to ensure rail companies have the financial capacity to cover damages



Railways - Provincial

- Industrial, heritage and short line operators need approval from AB Transportation – must be renewed every 3 years
- Railway operators that transload dangerous goods, including petroleum crude oil, must also meet stringent conditions as outlined in circulars provided to them to obtain an operating approval.
- Municipal and local emergency response services must be informed to ensure that they have no objection with the development

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Railways - Provincial

- Operators of railways need to retain an adequate amount of insurance to cover liabilities due to incidents.
- To transload dangerous goods minimum of \$25 million insurance.
- Railway operators are required to construct, maintain, and operate track, infrastructure, and equipment to railway standards.

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Railways - Provincial

Railway operators required to

- Have an accepted Safety Management System (SMS) plan which covers regulatory requirements and operating conditions.
- conduct annual audits of the SMS.
- Identify deficiencies and create a corrective action plan.

Regular inspections and compliance reviews are carried out by Alberta Transportation Railway Safety Officers

Alberta

Crude loading facility Federal regs if CN or CP Land





Crude loading facility AB regs if not CN or CP Land



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Alberta

Truck to Rail AB regs if not CN or CP Land





Pipelines

- Canada 700,000 kilometers;
 more than half in Alberta
- NEB pipelines that cross provincial or international boundaries
- AER pipelines within the province.



Alberta Pipeline Safety

- One of the most rigorous regulatory regimes governing pipeline safety in the world
- A comprehensive application process;
- Strict requirements around design, construction, operation and maintenance
- Rigorous inspection procedures that prioritize pipelines with higher-risk profiles
- Stringent requirements that make certain pipeline operators are prepared to effectively respond to emergency situations.
- AER ensures that any noncompliance is immediately corrected and has the authority to stop pipeline operations until the problem is addressed.

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Pipelines in Alberta

- Companies required to develop and implement integrity management programs to identify, manage, monitor, and address any potential hazards before they become an issue.
- Companies are required to have in place comprehensive emergency response plans
- Also required to belong to an oil spill co-op in each geographic area through which their pipeline is routed.
- Oil spill co-ops provide immediate emergency response capabilities in all areas of Alberta through the provision of specialized equipment, infrastructure, and personnel



Federally Regulated Pipelines

- Ensures alignment of pipeline safety zones with provinces
- empowers NEB to require compliance audits
- Makes emergency plans transparent
- will also require companies to have \$1 billion in financial capacity



Emergency Response

- The Alberta Government responds to emergency situations through a multi-Ministry coordinated approach
- Offending companies are held responsible for mitigating the impact to the public and to the environment





What We're Doing



3 Types of Licence

- Commercial Licence must be economically viable
- Policy/Regulatory Licence must make sense to government
- Social licence must make sense to communities when environmental, community and First Nations interests are involved



What we're doing Oil Market Diversification

- Information/due diligence improve our understanding of other regions, governments and stakeholder concerns
- Engagement provide information and build relationships
- Enhancing performance and risk mitigation identifying and filling gaps in industry performance
- Strategic Infrastructure investing in infrastructure where it makes sense
- Advocacy strategic communication
- Oil Value Added economics/business case

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What we're doing International Connections

Missions, Relationships

- Improving links with key Asian stakeholders – government and industry
- Showcasing Alberta
- Market intelligence and policy awareness
- Improving foreign direct investment attraction

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What we're doing Canadian Energy Strategy

- Creating dialogue about energy across the country
- Improving understanding of the value of oil and gas development to all Canadians
- Finding ways for provinces and territories to collaborate on energy issues



Al Sanderson
Chief ADM, Strategy
Department of Energy
al.sanderson@gov.ab.ca

For the month of September 2013.

From: Alison Kilpatrick

Director of Corporate Services

Annual Operating Programs, Projects and Activities

Program/Activity/Project	Timeline	Comments
Inventory record keeping	October, 2013	Recreation Boards pending.
Internal Controls	Ongoing	Assessment and improvement will be an ongoing project. 2014 objectives include cross-training, variance analysis, fuel accounting.
FV office flood incident	Aug. – Oct.	Liaise with insurance adjuster re: this claim and LC well pump fire; liaise with restoration contractors for FV office.
2014 budget	Sept. – April	Operating budget development in progress.

Capital Projects

Projects	Timeline	Comments
Analytical support to capital budgeting, expenditure, and reporting processes.		Reporting requirements and ongoing analysis of funding and expenditures.

Personnel Update:

Cross-training program continues for vacation planning and coverage of positions. Vacancy in Administrative Assistant/Reception position, to be posted in September. Recruitment for Assessment & Taxation Clerk position is in progress.

Other Comments:

Management of insurance claims, ongoing.

For the Month of September 2013

From: John Klassen

Director of Environmental Services & Operations

Annual Operating Programs, Projects and Activities

Program/Activity/Project	Timeline	Comments
Road Maintenance	Ongoing	Spot graveling in progress.
Drainage	Oct	The tower road culvert installation is scheduled to be done this month.
Line Painting	Sept	Complete.
Ice Bridge Contract	Nov	Sent the signed contract to AT for them to sign and return which will then allow us to advertize the tender for ice bridge construction.
Strategic Priorities	Ongoing	 Private Road Transfer Policy – Dec 2013. Gravel Strategy – Oct 2013 Rural Road Plan – Oct 2013

Capital Projects

Projects	Timeline	Comments
Bridge Repairs	Summer 2013	Working with consultant to develop bridge tenders currently in the 2013 budget
La Crete Street Projects	Summer 2013	Paving complete, landscaping in progress.
Zama Distribution Meter Replacement.	2013	-Ages Mechanical was the low bidder and will start this month.
88 Connector	October 2012	Phase I – Completed. Phase II – As of Oct 1 st only 2.5 Km's remained without gravel and a portion is oiled and ready for asphalt.

La Crete Lagoon Upgrade	2012/2013	In Progress.
- the		
FV-50 th Street Water & Sewer Project	Summer 2013	This project may carry over into 2014.

Personnel Update:	
Other Comments:	

For the month of September 2013

From: Byron Peters

Director of Planning & Development

Strategic Priorities for Planning & Development

Program/Activity/Project	Timeline	Comments
Land Use Framework position paper	May 2013	All municipalities have endorsed the paper. One final map edit to be completed before final distribution.
Area Structure Plans	July 2013	Completed as per Councils direction
Business License Bylaw	Summer 2013	Currently notifying businesses, compiling information. Over 250 businesses contacted to date.

Annual Operating Programs, Projects and Activities

Program/Activity/Project	Timeline	Comments
Leap frog development & business incentives	April 2014	Have compiled info on these topics, need to be further evaluated and bring forward a recommendation to incorporate the changes into policies/bylaws
Development Agreements	Fall 2013	Need to review, revise and implement new DA's.
Antenna System Siting Protocol	Winter 2013	Need to review and edit entire protocol
Land Use Bylaw review/update	December 2013	Have begun review of LUB & MDP. Hoping to complete in 2013.
Community Investment Readiness package	Winter 2013	Will begin this once we have more business info to work from

Capital Projects

Projects	Timeline	Comments
Community Infrastructure Master Plans	Winter 2013	DCL has received all data, has started building models. Have received first drafts of maps for review.
Rural Addressing	2013	Have completed the grid for the addressing, now need to go through the process of assigning addresses
Airport Vicinity Protection Area	October 2013	Draft completed. Will be presented to Council at an October meeting

Personnel Update:

All positions on the org chart are currently staffed, however the economic development research assistant has resigned.

Other Comments:

Developing a work plan for economic development in order to best utilize resources and to further progress on some of the strategic priorities identified by Council.

Monthly Report to CAO

For the month of September 2013

From: William (Bill) Kostiw

Director of Infrastructure Development and Government Relations

This report is a brief overview of projects and activities that I have been involved in over the last months.

1) Infrastructure Projects

- A) Highway 88 Connector Base Paving is well under way and should be complete on time and on budget. This road will greatly enhance travel to and from Edmonton and other southern destinations.
- B) High Level East, Rocky Lane Road and La Crete North projects are substantially complete.
- C) Water Management projects in the Bear River, Steephill Creek and the general area of new land sales are in review.
- D) The larger connector projects like the completion of Highway 88, the Fort Nelson, Rainbow Lake Connector and the eventual upgrade of CN Rail are all critical to our economic wellbeing. The lobby to get these projects complete is crucial and should continue by both Council and staff.
- E) Municipal water & sewer projects are also in the works and critical to our communities.

2) Economic & Community Impact Projects

A) The proposal development of the Site "C" dam on the Peace River will have a significant impact on Mackenzie County. We could see changes in water quality, water temperature and the construction will have a real impact on our labour force. I strongly suggest this project needs serious attention because of the huge impact it may have on our region.

In conclusion the challenges and opportunities in our region need to be reviewed by you in order to prepare our communities for a prosperous future. I would be pleased to answer questions or provide more information at your convenience.

For the month of September 2013

From: Ron Pelensky

Director of Community Services and Operations

Annual Operating Programs, Projects and Activities

Program/Activity/Project	Timeline	Comments
Road Maintenance	Ongoing	Due to rains extra grading occurred to keep the roads in good shape. Our crew was busy spot graveling. We completed asphalt patching in Rocky Lane and repaired two bank erosions.
Park Maintenance	Ongoing	Crews are still busy cutting grass and completing maintenance to playgrounds
Buildings	September	Started two small roof extensions at Fort Vermilion and High Level office. We also completed 19 building work requests
Dogs	September	Patrolled for dogs in Fort Vermilion and La Crete. We continue to have one live trap set in Fort Vermilion
By-Law	September	Dealing with clean up clean up orders in Zama. We involved the lawyer on two abandoned camp locations. Working on clean up orders for utility right of ways in La Crete
Emergency/Disaster Service	September	Reviewing the consultants draft report on our emergency disaster plan.
Health and Safety	September	Continued on working on Safety Manual changes. The Joint Health and Safety Committee started to complete building inspections. Met with the consultant that is reviewing our emergency disaster plan and provided him with county's information, policies and By-laws
Fire Department	September	Fort Vermilion responded to 4 medical assists, 2 Motor Vehicle Accidents, 1 Field Fire, La Crete responded to 2 medical assists,5 Motor Vehicle Accidents, 1 Grain Bin Collapse, participated in a Mock Exercise Zama No responses for the month of Sept Radios Met with Vector and Red Rabbit

		communications to see what services they can offer the county as Glentel, our current radio provider, has sold part of their communication system to Vector
Fire Department Training	September	Hydrant Hook up, Water Supply and regular training occurred

Capital Projects

Projects	Timeline	Comments
Fort Vermilion street project	Summer 2013	Project awarded to Knelsen Sand and Gravel and is 98% complete
Zama Aspen Drive and community Hall paving	Spring 2013	New pavement is complete
Zama Access road paving	Spring 2013	New pavement is complete
FV Commercial mower, Bobcat broom and Tandem axle gravel pup	2013	Purchases are complete and items are delivered
FV F550 with picker and auger	2013	Truck is purchased and they are installing the picker, auger and deck
Blumenort transfer station shed replacement	2013	Project is complete
Pintle Hitch Trailer	2013	Project is complete
Fire Dept purchased rescue struts and Foam system upgrades for FV and La Crete,	2013	Items ordered and received
Fire Dept SCBA compressors for FV and La Crete	2013	New compressors were received and installed

Personnel Update:

FV custodian position: Interviews occurred

Public Works Supervisor position was filled by Buddy Mercerdi Fort Vermilion Grader Operator position is being advertised

Zama Equipment operator is still vacant

Other Comments:

Started 2014 operating budget review



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Meeting

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Byron Peters, Director of Planning & Development

PUBLIC HEARING

Bylaw 916-13 Land Use Bylaw Amendment to Rezone Plan Title: 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 (4806 - 50th Street) from Hamlet

Commercial District 1 "HC1" to Direct Control District "DC"

(Fort Vermilion)

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

Bylaw 916-13, being the rezoning of Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 from Hamlet Commercial District 1 "HC1" to Direct Control District "DC" to accommodate a liquor store, received first reading at the September 10, 2013 Council meeting.

Presently, the existing building on Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37, is the local drugstore and Sears outlet. The applicant is planning on moving the drugstore over to the recently vacated Northern building on the corner of River Road and 50th Street.

The applicant is proposing to use half of the building as a liquor store and the other half as a clothing retail store. Both businesses will have separate entrances as required by the Alberta Liquor Board.

In order to obtain a liquor license and a development permit for this type of business, the applicant is required to rezone the property in order to comply with Mackenzie County's Land Use Bylaw.

Direct Control Regulations are as follows:

A. DEVELOPMENT REGULATIONS

(a) DEVELOPMENT standards will be established at the discretion of COUNCIL having regard to the nature of the proposed land use and may include, but is not restricted to, the following: LOT and FLOOR AREA,

Author: L. Lambert Reviewed by: CAO	
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- DEVELOPMENT setbacks, design, character and appearance of buildings, access and parking.
- (b) When making a decision on a DEVELOPMENT PERMIT application, COUNCIL shall take into account the compatibility of the proposed land use with surrounding land uses and the character of the community.
- (c) A Direct Control District shall not be located within 152.4 m (500 feet) of a CHURCH, education institution, PARK, DAY CARE FACILITY, or PUBLIC USE unless otherwise approved by COUNCIL.
- (d) There shall be no appeal allowed to the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board on decisions made by Council on application for proposed development on lands zoned Direct Control District.

Section "c" mentions that this type of facility shall not be located within 152.4 m (500 feet) of a CHURCH, education institution, PARK, DAY CARE FACILITY, or PUBLIC USE unless otherwise approved by COUNCIL. The proposed location of the liquor store is within 500 feet of two of these facilities, one is a Park that is located directly behind the existing building, and the other is the Library (Public Use). The park and library have been discussed before when a decision was being made to rezone the Trappers Shack. At that time Council did not feel that the park or the library would be an issue with a licensed restaurant. However now, consideration should be given that the proposed request is for a liquor retail store. The outflow of alcohol will be considerably higher than that of a Licensed Restaurant.

Another point to consider is that the proposed location is directly across the street from an existing liquor store that to the knowledge of the Planning Department has not been an issue with the park or the Library.

Bylaw 916-13 was presented to the Municipal Planning Commission at their August 23, 2013 meeting and they approved the following motion:

MOTION 13-163	That the Municipal Planning Commission's recommendation to
	Council is for the approval of Bylaw 9/13 being the rezoning of
	Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 from Hamlet Commercial District 1
	"HC1" to Direct Control District 2 "DC2" to accommodate a liquor
	store.

Author:	L. Lambert	Reviewed by:	CAO	

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

Being that there is a playground directly behind the proposed store location, administration feels that a six (6) foot fence across the back of the property line connecting to the County's building on the north side, should deter any unwanted visitors to the playground. This condition has been added to the Development Permit.

COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

All costs will be borne by the applicant

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

MOTION 1

That second reading be given to Bylaw 916-13, being the rezoning of Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 from Hamlet Commercial District 1 "HC1" to Direct Control District "DC" to accommodate a liquor store in the Hamlet of Fort Vermilion.

MOTION 2

That third reading be given to Bylaw 916-13, being the rezoning of Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 from Hamlet Commercial District 1 "HC1" to Direct Control District "DC", to accommodate a liquor store in the Hamlet of Fort Vermilion.

MOTION 3

That Development Permit 269-DP-13 on Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 in the name of Collemar Holdings Ltd. be APPROVED with the following conditions:

- 1. Provide parking as follows: The minimum parking standards are 1 stall per 30 sq m of gross floor area. One parking space, including the driveway area, shall occupy a minimum of 300 square feet (28 square meters). Therefor you are required to provide a, total of 16 public parking stalls for the entire building. In addition, 1 space per each full time employee and 1 space for every 2 part time employees "One parking space, including the driveway area, shall occupy 27.87 square meters (300 square feet)."
- 2. Sufficient lighting to light up the parking area and liquor store.
- 3. Collemar Holdings (Developer) shall install a six (6) foot fence across the entire back (west) portion of the lot connecting with the building or the north adjacent property line fence. This fence shall be kept in neat and tidy appearance.
- 4. The Municipality has assigned the following address to the noted property (4806-50th Street). You are required to display the address (4806) to be clearly legible from the street and be on a contrasting background. The minimum size of the characters shall be four inches in height.

Author: L. Lambert Reviewed by: CAO	
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- 5. Obtain all other approvals from other Government Agencies as required. (Agriculture, Environment, Housing and Consumer Affairs Division, **Alberta Gaming and Liquor Commission**, PTMMA, etc.)
- 6. Comply with applicable legislation under the Public Health Act and obtain the appropriate approvals prior to commencement of development. Contact the Health Inspector at (780) 841-3275.
- 7. No construction or development is allowed on or in a right-of-way. It is the responsibility of the developer/owner/occupant to investigate the utility rights-of-way, if any, that exist on the property prior to commencement of any construction and to ensure that no construction or development is completed on any utility right-of-way.
- 8. The total site area (lot) shall have a positive surface drainage without adversely affecting the neighbouring properties.

Author:	L. Lambert	Reviewed by:	CAO	
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Mackenzie County

PUBLIC HEARING FOR LAND USE BYLAW AMENDMENT

BYLAW 916-13

Order of Presentation

This Public Hearing will now come to order at
Was the Public Hearing properly advertised?
Will the Development Authority, please outline the proposed Land Use Bylaw Amendment and present his submission.
Does the Council have any questions of the proposed Land Use Bylaw Amendment?
Were any submissions received in regards to the proposed Land Use Bylaw Amendment? If yes, please read them.
Is there anyone present who would like to speak in regards of the proposed Land Use Bylaw Amendment?
If YES: Does the Council have any questions of the person(s) making their presentation?
This Hearing is now closed at
REMARKS/COMMENTS:

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BYLAW NO. 916-13

BEING A BYLAW OF MACKENZIE COUNTY IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

TO AMEND THE MACKENZIE COUNTY LAND USE BYLAW

WHEREAS, Mackenzie County has a Municipal Development Plan adopted in 2009, and

WHEREAS, Mackenzie County has adopted the Mackenzie County Land Use Bylaw in 2011, and

WHEREAS, the Council of Mackenzie County, in the Province of Alberta, has deemed it desirable to amend the Mackenzie County Land Use Bylaw to accommodate a liquor retail store.

NOW THEREFORE, THE COUNCIL OF THE MACKENZIE COUNTY, IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA, DULY ASSEMBLED, HEREBY ENACTS AS FOLLOWS:

1. That the land use designation of the subject parcel known as:

Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 (4806-50th Street)

within the Hamlet of Fort Vermilion, be rezoned from Hamlet Commercial District 1 "HC1" to Direct Control District "DC", as outlined in Schedule "A" hereto attached.

READ a first time this 10 th day of Septemb	per, 2013.
READ a second time this day of	, 2013.
READ a third time and finally passed this	day of, 2013.
	Bill Neufeld
	Reeve
	Joulia Whittleton
	Chief Administrative Officer

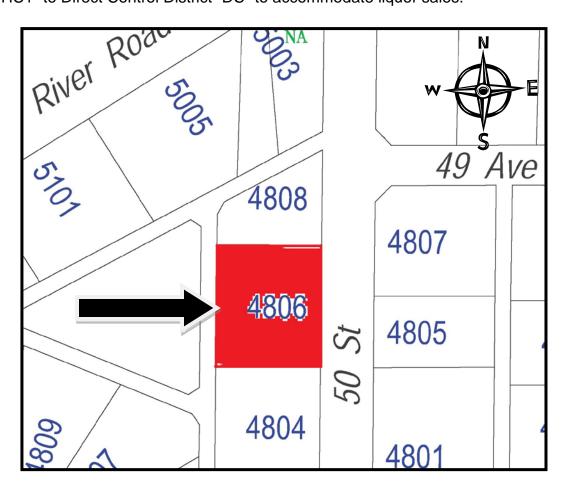
BYLAW No. 916-13

SCHEDULE "A"

1. That the land use designation of the following property known as:

Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 (4806-50th Street)

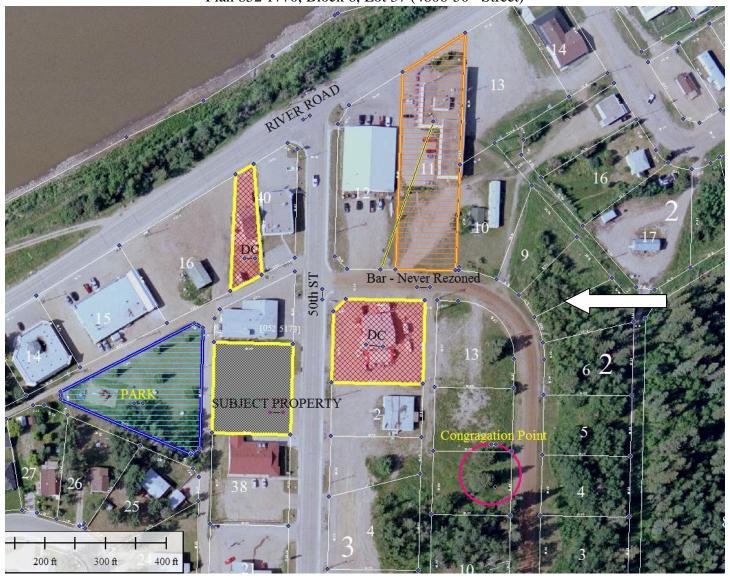
within the Hamlet of Fort Vermilion, be rezoned from Hamlet Commercial District 1 "HC1" to Direct Control District "DC" to accommodate liquor sales.



FROM: Hamlet Commercial District 1 "HC1"

TO: Direct Control District "DC"

LAND USE BYLAW 916-13 Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 (4806-50th Street)









LAND USE BYLAW AMENDMENT APPLICATION

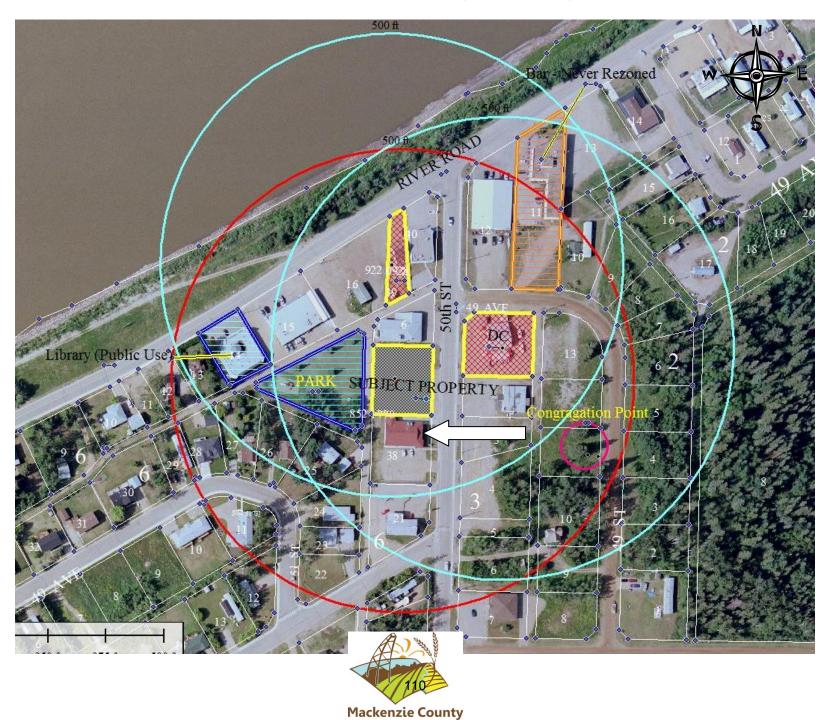
APPLICATION NO. Bylow 916-13

COMPLETE IF DIFFERENT FROM APPLICANT

NAME OF APPI	LICANT				NAME OF REGISTER OWNER			
COLLEMAR HOLDINGS					COLLEMAR HOLDINGS			
ADDRESS					ADDRESS			
4806 50 Street					BOX SSO			
TOWN					TOWN			
Fort Vermilion					FT VERMILION			
POSTAL CODE PHONE (RES.) BUS.				2	POSTAL CODE PHONE (RES.) BUS.			
TOHIND 17809267694				H	TOHINO 78092744927809274225			
LEGAL DESCRIPTION OF THE LAND AFFECTED BY THE PROPOSE					WIGGIA = SI			
QTR./LS.	SEC.	TWP.	RANGE M.		OR PLAN 8521770 BLK LOT 37			
LAND USE CLA	ASSIFICATION A	MENDMENT P	ROPOSED:					
FROM:	RETTAT	4			TO: DIRECT CONTROL			
H 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1,01111							
REASONS SUPI	PORTING PROP	OSED AMENDM	IENT:		0 000			
	OPENI	NG 0+	- H A19) UC	R STORÉ			
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IANE HAVE EN	CLOSED THE	FOURED APP	LICATION FEE OF S		400 xy RECEIPT NO. 164241			
I/WE HAVE EI	(CLOSED)		promision, red or o					
	:41	AN I			31-7-2013			
APPLICANT		8			DATE			
NOTE: REGIST	TERED OWNER'	SSIGNATURE	REQUIRED IF DIFFE	REN	T FROM APPLICANT.			
			The second secon					
	\mathcal{A}	#			31-7-2013			
REGISTERED	OWNER	Y			DATE			
VEGIOI EKED	1	Y I						

LAND USE BYLAW 916-13

Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37 (4806-50th Street)





Mackenzie County

4511-46th Avenue

P.O Box 640, Fort Vermilion, AB T0H 1N0 Phone (780) 927-3718 Fax (780) 927-4266

Development Approving Authority

Application No.: 269-DP-13

Legal Description: Plan 852 1770, Block 6, Lot 37

Applicant: Collemar Holdings

Address: Box 550

Fort Vermilion, AB T0H 1N0

Development: Liquor Store/Retail Store

DECISION: APPROVED (See Attached Conditions)

Development Permit

This permit is issued subject to the following conditions:

- (a) That the development or construction of the said land(s) will not begin until October 31, 2013.
- (b) That the development or construction shall comply with the conditions of the decision herein contained or attached.
- (c) That the development or construction will be carried out in accordance with the approved plans and application.
- (d) That this permit shall be invalid should an appeal be made against the decision. Should the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board approve the issuance of this permit, this permit shall be valid from the date of decision, and in accordance with the conditions, of the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board.
- (e) This permit is valid for a period of 12 months from the date of issue or the date of an approved decision of the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board. If at the expiry of this period the development or construction has not been commenced or carried out with reasonable diligence this permit shall be invalid.

Date October 16, 2013		
,	Reeve	



Mackenzie County

4511-46th Avenue

P.O Box 640, Fort Vermilion, AB T0H 1N0 Phone (780) 927-3718 Fax (780) 927-4266

Development Approving Authority

269-DP-13

CONDITIONS OF APPROVAL

FAILURE TO COMPLY WITH ONE OR MORE OF THE ATTACHED CONDITIONS SHALL RENDER THIS PERMIT <u>NULL AND VOID</u>

- 1. Provide parking as follows: The minimum parking standards are 1 stall per 30 sq m of gross floor area. One parking space, including the driveway area, shall occupy a minimum of 300 square feet (28 square meters). Therefor you are required to provide a, total of 16 public parking stalls for the entire building. In addition, 1 space per each full time employee and 1 space for every 2 part time employees "One parking space, including the driveway area, shall occupy 27.87 square meters (300 square feet)."
- 2. Sufficient lighting to light up the parking area and liquor store.
- 3. Collemar Holdings shall install a six (6) foot fence across the entire back (west) portion of the lot connecting with the building or the north adjacent property line fence. This fence shall be kept in neat and tidy appearance.
- 4. The Municipality has assigned the following address to the noted property (4806- 50th Street). You are required to display the address (4806) to be clearly legible from the street and be on a contrasting background. The minimum size of the characters shall be four inches in height.
- 5. Obtain all other approvals from other Government Agencies as required. (Agriculture, Environment, Housing and Consumer Affairs Division, **Alberta Gaming and Liquor Commission**, PTMMA, etc.)
- 6. Comply with applicable legislation under the Public Health Act and obtain the appropriate approvals prior to commencement of development. Contact the Health Inspector at (780) 841-3275.
- 7. No construction or development is allowed on or in a right-of-way. It is the responsibility of the developer/owner/occupant to investigate the utility rights-of-way, if any, that exist on the property prior to commencement of any construction and to ensure that no construction or development is completed on any utility right-of-way.
- 8. The total site area (lot) shall have a positive surface drainage without adversely affecting the neighbouring properties.

Please note

- Mackenzie County does not conduct independent environmental or land suitability checks. If the applicant is concerned about the suitability of the property for any purpose, the owner/applicant should conduct the proper tests. The Mackenzie County, when issuing a development permit, makes no representation in regards to the suitability of the property for any purpose or as to the presence or absence of environmental contaminants of the property.
- 2. Mackenzie County shall not be held liable for any concerns, issues or damages related to and/or resulting from the water tables and any other water problems as a result of any low land levels of the proposed development. It is the responsibility of the developer to ensure that adequate drainage and other precautions are taken to avoid water seepage into the basement and/or flooding of the basement, and/or any ancillary buildings.
- 3. Obtain all the required Safety Codes Permits pertaining to your development. These permits consist of Building, Gas (Propane), Electrical, Plumbing and Private Sewage Disposal Systems.
- 4. Call 'Alberta-One-Call' before you dig. (1-800-242-3447).

It is the responsibility of the developer to ensure that the proposed development meets the requirements of the provincial Safety Codes Act. For more information on the necessary Safety Codes Permits, contact Mackenzie County's Permit Clerk at 780-928-3983.

October 16, 2013	
Date of Issue of Notice of Decision	Reeve

Important Notices

- 1. You may wish to appeal the decision of the Development Authority to the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board. Such an appeal shall be made in writing and shall be delivered either in person or by mail so as to reach the Secretary of Subdivision and Development Appeal Board at the Mackenzie County office not later than fourteen (14) days after the date of Issue of Notice of Decision.
- 2. The Land Use Bylaw 462/04 provides that any person claiming to be affected by a decision of the Development Authority may appeal to the Secretary of the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board within fourteen days after the Notice of Decision is published in the local newspaper.
- 3. A decision of the Subdivision and Development Appeal Board is final and binding on all parties and persons subject to an appeal upon a question of law or jurisdiction pursuant to section 688 of The Municipal Government Act. An application for leave to appeal to the Court of Appeal must be made:
 - (a) to judge of the Court of Appeal; and
 - (b) within thirty (30) days after the issue of the decision sought to be appealed.

Right of Appeal

Sections 683, 684, 685, and 686 of the Municipal Government Act, 2008, states:

- Except as otherwise provided in a land use bylaw, a person may not commence any development unless the person has been issued a development permit in respect of it pursuant to the land use bylaw.
- An application for a development permit is, at the option of the applicant, deemed to be refused if the decision of a development authority is not made within 40 days after receipt of the application unless the applicant has entered into an agreement with the development authority to extend the 40-day period.
- 685 (1) If a development authority
 - (a) Fails or refuses to issue a development permit to a person,
 - (b) issues a development permit subject to conditions, or
 - (c) issues an order under section 645.

the person applying for the permit or affected by the order under section 645 may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.

- (2) In addition to an applicant under subsection (1), any person affected by an order, decision or development permit made or issued by a development authority may appeal to the subdivision and development appeal board.
- (3) Despite subsections (1) and (2), no appeal lies in respect of the issuance of a development permit for a permitted use unless the provisions of the land use bylaw were relaxed, varied or misinterpreted.
- 686 (1) A development appeal to a subdivision and development appeal board is commenced by filing a notice of the appeal, containing reasons, with the board within 14 days,
 - (a) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685 (1), after
 - the date on which the person is notified of the order or decision or the issuance of the development permit, or
 - (ii) if no decision is made with respect to the application within the 40-day period or within any extension under section 684, the date the period or extension expires.
 - (b) in the case of an appeal made by a person referred to in section 685 (2), after the date on which the notice of the issuance of the permit was given in accordance with the land use bylaw.
 - (2) The subdivision and development appeal board must hold an appeal hearing within 30 days of receipt of a notice of appeal.
 - (3) The subdivision and development appeal board must give at least 5 days notice in writing of the hearing
 - (a) to the applicant,
 - to the development authority whose order, decision or development permit is the subject of the appeal, and
 - (c) to those owners required to be notified under the land use bylaw and any other person that the subdivision and development appeal board considers to be affected by the appeal and should be notified.
 - (4) The subdivision and development appeal board must make available for public inspection before the commencement of the hearing all relevant documents and materials respecting the appeal, including
 - (a) the application for the development permit, the decision and the notice of appeal, or
 - (b) the order under section 645.
 - (5) In subsection (3), "owner" means the person shown as the owner of land on the assessment roll prepared under Part 9.



APPLICANT INFORMATION

DEVELOPMENT PERMIT APPLICATION

Admin Use Only	
Development Permit	#
Date Received	(ろ
Date Received	G
Date Accepted	ב זש
Oc 2 100	2013

I/We hereby make application under the provisions of the Land Use Bylaw for a Development Permit in accordance with the supporting information submitted which will form part of this application.

Applicant Name	Registered I	andowner Na	ıme (If di	fferent than	Applica	nt)
COLLEMAR HOLDINGS						
Address ROX 660	Address					
FT VERMILION AB						
TOH WO						
F-mail	E-mail					
Telephone (Res) Work or Cell	Telephone (Res) Work or Cell					
780 927 4492 780 926 76 94						
LAND INFORMATION						
				<u> </u>		
Registered Plan # Block Lot Stall	posea aeve	QTR/L.S	SEC	TWP.	RG	Тм
8521770 06 37	OR	QTR/E.3	SEC	1 ***	I No	141
Civic Address 4806 - 50 ST	Ward	MLL/MS/TFA Acres/Ha				
Hamlet				Quarter S	Section	Acreage
FORT VERMILION						, to reago
Description of existing use of land:						
DEVELOPMENT INFORMATION						
Describe proposed development: LIQUOR STOR	'E CON	UERS10	w c	OF EX	ISTV	VG
RETAIL SPACE						
Dwelling (Inc home additions) Temporary Structure	,	Other				-
Secondary residence Garage, shop, shed (circle one)		ial /Indust	trial Building		
Modular/Manufactured Home Moved in Building		Public Use				
Building Size						
Length Width Height (Grade to p	peak) Sq ²	0 - 0	Oth	ner		
80 80	5.	200	ЦL.,			
11	5					

			Road
Estimate project time and cost:			
A. Start Date	B. End Date	C. Completed Project Cost \$	
Attached is: (a) Site plan	Yes (b) Blueprints Yes	(c) Floor plans (Manufactured homes) Yes	
In addition, all commercial, indust	trial and multi-family Development te plan shall show the proposed by	applications unless otherwise specified by the Count at Permit applications are required to include a site plant building with setbacks from property lines, parking state o render a decision.	an prepared by a
GEOGRAPHIC INFORI	MATION		
		development: (mark Y (yes) or N (no) and pro-	vide details for Y)
Land Fill or garbage disposa	al site Confined Feed	dlot Operation Slope /Coulee/Valley	or Ravine
Sewage treatment or Sewag	ge Lagoon Sour Gas Well	ll or pipeline	
River or Waterbody	Multi lot Reside	lential subdivision Access Approval Date:	
Access:			
Is there an Existing Access to	in the second second	Does the site location require an access or i	road to be built to
Yes	No	the proposed site?	
A County Approved Access is re can be issued (except for site de	equired before a Development Perm evelopment)	nit	
DECLARATION		70.200 <u>2000.00</u>	
	this application is, to the best	t of my knowledge, factual and correct.	
Applicant Name (Print)		Registered Land Owner Name (Print)	
	WERS	COLLEMAR HOLDING	-5
Applicant Name (Signature)	Date	Registered Land Owner (Signature)	Date
1+81-	- 1-8-13	1	1-8-13
understand that this application v	vill not be accepted without the fo	ollowing: (a) appropriate development information (b) application fee as per Fee Schedule	
NOTE: The signature of the R	egistered Land Owner is requi	ired if the applicant is not the registered landown	er. The signing of
this application, by the applican conducted by authorized person	t and/or registered landowner, is of Mackenzie County.	r, grants permission for necessary inspections of t	the property to be
	EOD ADMINITOT		
	FOR ADMINIST	RATIVE USE ONLY	
Complies With:		Offsite Levy (If Required):	
	SP Yes AVPA	Offsite Levy (If Required): Yes Connection Fee \$	
	SP Yes AVPA	Yes Connection Fee \$_	
MDP Yes AS		Yes Connection Fee \$_	
MDP Yes AS	No D	Yes Connection Fee \$_	
	No Direct Control	Connection Fee \$_ No	
MDP Yes AS	No Direct Control Perroa Presidential/Institutional/Home Based Business)	Connection Fee \$	



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Meeting

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Ron Pelensky, Director of Community Services & Operations

Title: Photo Radar Costs

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

At our May 28th Council meeting a discussion took place about vehicles speeding in La Crete and the following motion was made:

Motion 13-05-380 "That administration investigate the cost and implementation of photo radar and bring it back to council"

Administration met with our Fort Vermillion RCMP staff sergeant Mr. Jeff Simpson and discussed implementing a photo radar program and other enforcement options. Mr Simpson's thoughts were photo radar may not be an effective solution for its costs as in a small town everybody quickly gets to know where the photo radar is placed and doesn't speed it that area.

In addition, at the August 28th Council meeting, Council heard from High Level RCMP staff sergeant Mr. Peter Pilgrim who informed them that in Sherwood Park they used a portable photo radar unit that was placed in a garbage like container. Council then made the following motion:

Motion 13-08-605 "That administration research the opportunities of a portable photo radar unit"

Administration research identified that the movable photo radar is almost the same unit they place in the vehicles, however, it is placed in a container and information is sent electronically to a nearby computer which is placed in a vehicle. We also found out the law requires the unit to be monitored by a trained individual to verify each ticket is valid.

The steps to implement this type of photo radar is similar to the previous plan.

Author: RP Reviewed by: CAO	
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- 1. Require approval to use Photo Radar from Solicitor General
- 2. Hire a contract peace officer or trained individual to operate the photo radar.
- 3. Supply vehicle for the trained staff or use the contracted peace officer vehicle.
- 4. Hire administration staff for processing and tracking photo radar tickets or enter into a contract with a photo radar service company.
- 5. Provide photo radar training for the operating staff.
- 6. Enter into a lease agreement with a photo radar equipment supplier
- 7. Install photo radar equipment in a container and a computer in a vehicle.
- 8. Implement the program which also requires obtaining approval for photo radar locations as per provinces guidelines

Attached is a copy of the IEG Incorporated photo radar proposal and the Alberta government's guidelines on the photo radar program

An estimated cost for an enforcement department and photo radar program is as follows:

Capital Costs

Installation of Photo radar equipment/hardware	\$156,665
Administration office set up (ticket issuing)	\$ 5,000
Vehicle (if we proceed with our own trained staff)	\$ 35,000
Total (can be reduced by \$40,000 if we only use contracted peace officer and contract out the ticket processing)	\$196,665

Operation Costs

Wages for Contract Peace Officer or trained staff member	\$60,000
Wages for administration staff (1/2 time position) or a contract to the supplier (if we contract out the administration this charge would turn into their administration fee of processing each ticket)	\$30,000
Vehicle expenses	\$6,000
Lease agreement with photo radar supplier	\$2,500/year
Administration charges from photo radar supplier	\$11,780/ year
Photo radar calibration charges	\$30,000/year (to be confirmed)
Administration supplies	\$12,000
Total	\$152,280

Author: RP Reviewed by: CAO	
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OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

Option 1

That administration be instructed to develop a plan to implement a photo radar program for review at the 2014 budget discussions.

Option 2

That the photo radar costs report be received for information.

COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

Estimated capital costs \$196,665

Estimated operating costs \$152,280

COMMUNICATION:

RECOMMENDATION:

Council discussion

Author: RP Reviewed by: CAO	eviewed by: CAO
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MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Meeting

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: John Klassen, Director of Environmental Services &

Operations

Title: Policy PW039 Rural Road, Access Construction and

Surface Water Management Policy

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

At the September 16, 2013 Public Works Committee meeting Policy PW039 was discussed and recommended that the following changes be presented to Council for consideration; (revised policy is attached)

Page #2 Definitions

Preexisting Farm Access Roads – A road that has been constructed in the past and does not meet current County specifications; which is solely used for agricultural purposes. This type of road will receive minimum maintenance and is deemed a low priority.

Page #6 Access Construction Section

Added;

7) Mackenzie County will approve only one rural access per titled property. Any and all subsequent accesses will be at the discretion of Council. Where deemed applicable and beneficial, a shared access to agricultural lands will be encouraged.

Reworded:

13) Removed the word <u>"does"</u> and replaced with <u>"may"</u> - As Alberta Transportation has and will in certain cases approve an access which does not line up with a Municipal road allowance.

In a few other areas of the Policy we underlined key words or phrases for easier identification.

Author: John Klassen Reviewed by: CAO	
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Schedule "G" Access Construction Application

We changed the heading from <u>"Request to Construct an Access"</u> to <u>"Request to Construct or Alter an Access"</u> and added the appropriate check boxes with an explanation area pertaining to alterations.

The reason we propose this addition is due to cc valves within the hamlets that have been covered as a result of residents having their driveways paved or cemented.

We also suggest removing the section on the application that asks the applicant if they are willing to enter into a road allowance use agreement, in our opinion this does not apply to the construction of an access.

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

For discussion.

COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

NA

COMMUNICATION:

The revised policy will be inserted in the public information section of the County website.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

That PW039 Rural Road, Access Construction and Surface Water Management Policy be amended as presented.

Author:	John Klassen	Reviewed by:	CAO
		122	

Mackenzie County

Title	Rural Road, Access Construction and	Policy No.	PW039
	Surface Water Management Policy	_	

Legislation Reference	Municipal Government Act, Sections 18 and 60. Public Highways Development Act, Sections 39, 41
	and 43.

Purpose

To provide a safe, efficient and effective road network and surface water management recognizing both present and future needs of property owners and providing a rational and consistent basis for the construction of roads, construction of access to private property and the development of agricultural surface water management projects that impact or may impact public road right-of-ways administered by the County; to work with ratepayers and other level of government to find solutions to road, access and agricultural surface water concerns on all lands within the County; and to respond to road, access and agricultural surface water concerns in a timely manner.

DEFINITIONS

Applicant – person(s) and/or corporation(s) submitting an application or applying for permission to construct a road, surface water channel or access that may impact a developed or undeveloped road allowance.

Road Allowance – any public road right-of-way under the jurisdiction of Mackenzie County but does not include any public road right-of-ways under the jurisdiction of the Province of Alberta.

Access – is an approach or driveway abutting any existing Municipal or Provincially controlled road.

First Access – is the first access to a rural quarter section or river lot within Mackenzie County.

Temporary Access – an access constructed for a short period of time (6 months or less) that will be removed at the end of its use.

Surface Water Management Basin – Mackenzie County has established the surface water management basins within its boundaries, which are shown on the plan contained in Schedule A.

Surface Water Management Basin Committee – Mackenzie County will form committees representing each surface water management basin which shall consist of:

- the County Councillor or Councillors representing the surface water management basin:
- three persons owning property within the surface water management basin; and,
- County staff deemed necessary for the timely and effective processing of surface water applications.

Permanent Agricultural Surface Water Channel – a surface water channel that crosses a road allowance, discharges into a ditch along a developed road allowance or is constructed within any undeveloped road allowance and is intended to be permanent.

Temporary Agricultural Surface Water Channel – a surface water channel that crosses a road allowance, discharges into a ditch along a developed road allowance or is constructed within any undeveloped road allowance but is temporary, with a maximum depth of two (2) feet, and used to drain low areas of private property on a seasonal basis (October of each year to April of the following year).

Non-conforming Roads – roads constructed on road allowances that do not meet either past or current County's standards and specifications or have been constructed without approval of the County.

Incomplete and Sub-standard Road – less then ½ mile and is located between two sequent quarter property lines.

Preexisting Road – a road standard on the incomplete and sub-standard road as defined in this Policy.

Preexisting Farm Access Roads – a road that has been constructed in the past and does not meet current County specifications; which is solely used for agricultural purposes. This type of road will receive minimum maintenance and is deemed a low priority.

Sub-standard – a road built by either Alberta Transportation or the County to specifications below the Mackenzie County's current rural road standards as defined in this Policy.

Residence – a residence in accordance with the Municipal Land Use Bylaw and subject to all approved permits.

ESRD – the Province of Alberta Environment and Sustainable Resource Development.

Penalties – fines or other penalties that shall be imposed by Mackenzie County, as established in the Fee Schedule Bylaw, for the construction of roads, accesses or agricultural surface water management channels that use or may impact road allowances which do not have the approval of Mackenzie County.

Major Agricultural Surface Water Management Channel – channels which provide surface water management to a minimum of 10,000 acres and shall require the consent of majority of benefiting landowners.

ROAD CONSTRUCTION

Policy Statement

Mackenzie County understands the need to provide access to agricultural lands and other non-accessible property within its boundaries and will allow property owners to construct roads on road allowances when approved by the County. All roads shall be constructed to a minimum Local Road standard (shown in Schedule E) and all work shall be performed in accordance with all applicable County standards and specifications and those imposed by other levels of government.

Guidelines

- 1. Mackenzie County has prepared a plan showing the future local road network necessary to provide access to agricultural lands, which plan is contained in Schedule D.
- 2. Applications shall be submitted in the form included in Schedule F and shall include a plan showing:
 - approximate location of legal property boundaries;
 - the length of road to be constructed;
 - identification of proposed surface water management structures (i.e. culverts);
 - the location of property accesses.
- 3. Applications for the construction of roads in road allowances will be accepted by Mackenzie County any time throughout the year, which applications will be reviewed on a first come, first serve basis and the Applicant shall be provided with an initial response within 30 days of receiving the application.
- 4. The Applicant shall be required to enter into a Road Allowance Use Agreement (form contained in Schedule C appended hereto) with Mackenzie County.
- 5. ESRD has jurisdiction over the clearing of merchantable timber within road allowances and the Applicant shall notify ESRD and seek their approval to proceed with the proposed clearing.
- 6. Mackenzie County staff may inspect construction on a periodic basis to ensure that construction is being performed in accordance with the County's standards and specifications.
- 7. Upon final inspection and approval by the County, if the road meets all standards and specifications, the County shall assume the responsibility for the operation and maintenance of the subject road.

- 8. If an <u>incomplete and sub-standard road</u> needs to be extended to a nearest quarter line and beyond by 50 meters or less in order to create an adequate access to the adjacent quarter, an applicant may be authorized to construct the new road to a <u>preexisting and sub-standard road</u> standard. If the road requirement is due to a new subdivision proposal, the Operational Department shall provide their written comments to the Planning & Development department regarding an acceptable road standard within an applicable timeline and prior to a subdivision approval being granted.
- 9. For Non-conforming Roads Mackenzie County may enter into a Road Allowance Use Agreement with a landowner. The County shall not maintain any nonconforming roads and the applicant shall be aware that no development permit will be issued until the road is upgraded to the standards and specifications acceptable to Mackenzie County. The cost of upgrading the road to standards and specifications acceptable to Mackenzie County shall be the sole responsibility of the landowner.
- 10. It shall be the Applicant's sole responsibility to negotiate cost sharing arrangements with other benefiting landowners and the County shall not provide assistance with respect to this matter.

Mackenzie County Endeavour to Assist for Local Road Construction

Although all costs relating to application for construction of local roads within road allowances shall be borne by the Applicants, Mackenzie County, at its sole discretion, may provide assistance in the form of:

- 1. provision of survey to delineate the property boundaries;
- 2. the review of surface water;
- 3. the supply of surfacing gravel;
- 4. the supply of culvert materials; and,

ACCESS CONSTRUCTION (APPROACH/DRIVEWAY)

Policy Statement

Mackenzie County shall adopt standards to provide safe, legal and defined accesses from any County road while maintaining and not disrupting current surface water management patterns.

Guidelines

- 1. Applications for the construction, reconstruction or alteration of any access shall be submitted in the form contained in Schedule G and will be accepted by Mackenzie County any time throughout the year. The submitted applications will be reviewed and the applicant shall be provided with an initial response within 30 days of receiving the application.
- 2. The Applicant shall be solely responsible for all costs associated with the construction and maintenance of the access.
- 3. Unless otherwise approved by Mackenzie County all accesses shall meet the following standards and be constructed in accordance with Mackenzie County specifications.

Access Type	Minimum Setback from Intersection	Minimum Finished Top Width	Turning Radius on Shoulders	Culvert Length	Culvert Diameter	Culvert Slope	Access Side Slope	Gravel
Rural	50 meters	8 meters	15 meters	standard 13 600m		3:1	3:1	15-20mm size, 50mm depth
Urban Residential (rural standard)	6.1 meters	6 meters	5 meters		standard 12 m length, 600mmø			15-20mm size, 50mm depth
Urban Residential (curb, gutter & sidewalk)	6.1 meters	6 meters	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	15-20mm size, 50mm depth
Urban Commercial/ Industrial (rural standard)	10 meters	10 meters	10 meters	standard 15 m length, 600mmø		3:1	3:1	15-20mm size, 50mm depth
Urban Commercial/ Industrial (curb, gutter & sidewalk)	10 meters	10 meters	N/A	N/A		N/A	N/A	15-20mm size, 50mm depth
Hamlet Country Residential	6.1 meters	8 meters	10 meters	standard 13 m length, 600mmø		3:1	3:1	15-20mm size, 50mm depth
Temporary (rural)	50 meters	8 meters	10 meters	At the discretion of the Director of Operations		3:1	3:1	At the discretion of the Director of Operations

- 4. For accesses to Institutional, Commercial, Industrial, Hamlet Country Residential, Rural Country Residential, Hamlet General and Direct Control properties, which connect to paved County roads, shall be provided with a paved apron extending from the edge of the shoulder to the property line or for a distance of 4 meters, whichever is less.
- 5. The Applicant shall arrange and pay for all utility locates within the area of the access and shall obtain approvals from any affected utility companies and submit the said approvals to the County prior to the start of any construction.
- 6. The Applicant shall be solely responsible for the costs of all investigations, modifications or repairs to utility installations.
- 7. Mackenzie County will approve only one rural access per titled property. Any and all subsequent accesses will be at the discretion of Council. Where deemed applicable and beneficial, a shared access to agricultural lands will be encouraged.
- 8. <u>All subdivisions</u>, with the exception of curb and gutter streets, shall provide an access to each lot being created and to the balance of the lands to County standards prior to the registration of the subdivision.
- 9. Mackenzie County shall inspect each access after completion and if the access does not meet the standards of the County, the Applicant shall be responsible for all costs and construction required to bring the access to acceptable standards.
- 10. Mackenzie County will not supply any material or be responsible for any costs associated with the construction and/or removal of temporary accesses and these shall be removed at the end of the intended use and the area of the access restored to its original condition.
- 11. Mackenzie County reserves the right to change the location of the proposed access if this is deemed necessary to protect the County's municipal servicing infrastructure.
- 12. Rural accesses must be constructed at a location which provides a minimum 100 meters unobstructed sight distance in each direction and shall be at least 50 meters from other accesses or intersections.
- 13. The Province of Alberta does may not permit accesses to be constructed from roads under their jurisdiction unless the access is aligned with a road allowance under the jurisdiction of Mackenzie County and such accesses shall require the approval of Alberta Transportation.

Mackenzie County Endeavour to Assist

Although all costs relating to application for and construction of accesses shall be paid by the Applicants, Mackenzie County, at its sole discretion, may provide assistance in the form of:

- supporting an application to construct an access from a road under the jurisdiction of the Province of Alberta if said access is aligned with a proposed major/collector road to be constructed by Mackenzie County;
- 2. if the application for an access aligned with a major/collector road from a road under the jurisdiction of the Province of Alberta is approved by Alberta Transportation and the County, the County may pay the cost of construction;
- 3. the supply of a culvert, if required, for the construction of the <u>first access to a rural quarter section or river lot</u> provided that the access has been built to Mackenzie County standards and approved by the County (any and all subsequent accesses will be at the sole responsibility of the Applicant to supply, construct and install in accordance with Mackenzie County standards); and,
- 4. The County will assume responsibility for maintenance of accesses within the boundaries of the road allowance, (as described in the aforementioned item #1) when it has been approved and accepted.

SURFACE WATER MANAGEMENT

Policy Statement

Mackenzie County understands the need to find solutions to agricultural surface water management issues and the construction of permanent or temporary agricultural surface water management channels on or impacting road allowances may be necessary for effective resolution to surface water management issues but these projects must protect the integrity of natural watercourses. These projects shall only be performed with the approval of Mackenzie County and in accordance with all applicable County standards and specifications and those imposed by other levels of government.

Guidelines

- 1. Applications for the construction of permanent or temporary agricultural surface water management channels, in the form contained in Schedule B, will be accepted by Mackenzie County any time throughout the year, which applications will be referred to the appropriate Surface Water Management Basin Committee for consideration and the applicant shall be provided with an initial response within 30 days of receiving the application.
- 2. Applications shall be submitted in the form contained in Schedule B and may be required to include a survey plan showing:
 - approximate location of legal property boundaries;
 - the area to be drained by the proposed agricultural surface water management channel;
 - the alignment of the proposed agricultural surface water management channel;
 - the existing ground elevations;
 - the proposed design elevations;
 - a typical cross-section of the proposed surface water management channel;
 and
 - the location, size and elevation of existing and proposed surface water management structures (i.e. culverts).
- 3. For permanent and temporary agricultural surface water management channels discharging to a ditch adjacent to a developed road allowance, or the County's licensed ditch, the Applicant may be required to submit an application to ESRD, along with the survey plan, for approval and may be required to submit a copy of said ESRD application and their approval to the County prior to the their application being considered further.

- 4. For permanent and temporary agricultural surface water management channels requiring a ditch to be constructed within an undeveloped road allowance the Applicant may be required to submit an application to ESRD, along with the survey plan, for approval and shall submit a copy of said ESRD application and their approval to the County prior to the their application being considered further.
- 5. For permanent surface water management channels constructed within undeveloped road allowances the alignment, profile and cross-section shall match the design of the future road ditch, should the road allowance be developed.
- 6. The Applicant shall be responsible for all costs relating to the development of permanent and temporary agricultural surface water management channels including application, construction and operation/maintenance. In addition, the Applicant shall be required to enter into a Road Allowance Use Agreement (form contained in Schedule C appended hereto) with Mackenzie County.
- 7. The Applicant shall be financially responsible for the operation and maintenance of the proposed agricultural surface water management channels on undeveloped road allowances and shall be liable for all injuries and/or damages that may result from the lack of or improper performance of the operation and maintenance.
- 8. The construction of permanent or temporary agricultural surface water management ditches that have a detrimental effect on adjoining private property may give rise to civil liability and the Applicant shall be solely responsible for resolving these matters.
- 9. The Applicant shall consent to the filing of caveats on property owned by the Applicant that the County deems necessary for the protection of the proposed agricultural surface water management ditches.
- 10. Persons constructing permanent or temporary agricultural surface water channels without the approval of Mackenzie County may be subject to fines and/or other penalties, including but not limited to the removal of the offending agricultural surface water channel as per the County's Fee Schedule Bylaw and/or other applicable provincial regulation.

Mackenzie County Endeavour to Assist

Although all costs relating to application for, construction of and operation/maintenance of surface water management channels shall be borne by Applicants, Mackenzie County, at its sole discretion, may provide assistance for:

1. the mediation of disputes between property owners that pertain to surface water management matters and attempt to find solutions to the disputes;

- 2. obtaining approvals from other levels of government; and,
- 3. the funding of all or a portion of the costs associated with the construction of major agricultural surface water management channels, subject to the cooperation of benefiting property owners and budget availability.

	Date	Resolution Number
Approved	11-Dec-12	12-11-845
Amended	12-Feb-13	13-02-069
Amended	27-Mar-13	13-03-189
Amended	16-Jul-13	13-07-492

SCHEDULE A

Surface Water Management Basins

SCHEDULE B

Agricultural Surface Water Management Projects Application





Construction of an Agricultural Surface Water Management Channel Application

ATION:			
P.O. Box	Town	Province	Postal Code
	(bus.)		
(s)			
ers participating	in the project:		
	L	EGAL LAND DE	SCRIPTION
		_	
	P.O. Box (s) ers participating	P.O. Box Town (bus.) ers participating in the project:	P.O. Box Town Province (bus.) ers participating in the project: LEGAL LAND DE

PROJECT INFORMATION:

The following information has been appended:

- approximate location of legal property boundaries;
- the area to be drained by the proposed agricultural surface water management channel;
- the alignment of the proposed agricultural surface water management channel;
- the existing ground elevations (what is the general lay of the land);
- the proposed design elevations (is ditch cut required for drainage);
- a typical cross-section of the proposed surface water management channel;
- the location, size and elevation of existing and proposed surface water management structures (i.e. culverts);
- proof of ESRD approval (provide a copy to the County); and
- A proposed plan for top soil management (how will you manage the excess topsoil).

Does the proposed agricultural surface water manager channel discharge into a ditch along an existing road?	nent	□Yes	□No
If yes, please provide the following:			
Name of the applicable road			
Does the proposed agricultural surface water manager channel require the construction of a ditch within an undeveloped road allowance?	nent	□Yes	□No
If yes, please provide the following:			
Legal location of road allowance			
Is the Applicant willing to enter into a Road Allowance I Agreement?	Jse	□Yes	□No
What is the estimated size of the contributing area?		Acre	es.
Does this project involve a ditch already licensed?		□Yes	□No
If yes, please attach all related documents (i.e. licer	nse number,	map, etc.).	
Are the Applicants prepared to sign an easement/cavea cost to the County?	at at no	□Yes	□No
By signing this form, I verify that this information is accumy knowledge; and,	urate and co	omplete to the	e best of
I hereby authorize the County to traverse the subject properties of the performing a basic review and level one assessment of			
on this form.			

SCHEDULE C

Road Allowance Use Agreement

MACKENZIE COUNTY MASTER ROAD ALLOWANCE USE AGREEMENT

between

MACKENZIE COUNTY

-and-_____

THIS	AGREEMENT made this_	day of	_, 20
		BETWEEN:	
		MACKENZIE COUNTY	
	(hereina	fter referred to as "the County")	
		-and-	
	(hereinaf	ter referred to as "the Applicant")	
agents portion referre time to	s, servants, contractors an of the County's road and to as the "Road Allowa of time the County and the	e right to do so, grants to the App nd subcontractors, the nonexclu- allowance as indicated on Scho nce") for the purpose described in Applicant may execute additional into and form part of this Agreem	sive right, to use that edule "B" (hereinafter in Schedule "A". From al Schedules and such
	fore, in consideration of the ment the parties agree as	e mutual covenants and conditions follows:	s contained in this
1.0	Terms and Conditions		
1.1	which are attached here	any attachments comprised of the eto and made part hereof, show the County and the Applicant:	

Schedule A – Application submitted to the County by the Applicant

Schedule B – Plan of Road Allowance

Schedule C – Contacts and Additional Terms

Schedule D – Approvals Obtained from Other Agencies (i.e. ESRD)

1.2 This agreement expires April 30,_______. A one year extension may be granted upon a written request. The extension request must be submitted at least 30 days prior to the expiration date of the agreement.

2.0 Undertakings

2.1 The Applicant agrees to carry out all construction on road allowances in accordance with the application approved by the County and shall be wholly and solely responsible for all costs relating thereto.

- 2.2 The Applicant agrees to be wholly and solely responsible for the costs relating to the operation and maintenance of any roads and accesses constructed on road allowances until the said roads and accesses have been accepted by the County.
- 2.3 The Applicant agrees to be wholly and solely responsible for the costs relating to the operation and maintenance of any permanent agricultural surface water management channels constructed on road allowances and accepts all liability relating thereto.
- 2.4 The Applicant agrees to be wholly and solely responsible for obtaining any approvals from other levels of government and agrees to provide the County with a copy of the said approvals prior to starting any construction. i.e. Alberta Environment and Sustainable Resource Development.
- 2.5 The County agrees to duly consider all applications received and may issue approvals with or without other conditions.
- 2.6 Due to budgetary and design constraints, the County agrees to consider the provisions of the "Endeavour to Assist" section in the County Policy No. PW039 on a first come, first serve basis.
- 2.7 If the Applicant submitted an application for the use of a road allowance and has not submitted an application to construct a road, by signing this agreement, the County permits the Applicant to clear and brush the road allowance. The Applicant agrees to undertake clearing and brushing to the pin side of the road allowance. Furthermore, the Applicant, at minimum, must windrow the brush to the pin side of the road allowance, and provide a break in the windrow every 200 meters and at every drainage course and/or water course; the Applicant, at minimum, must clear and grub and/or stump a trail that is, at minimum 25 feet wide, which shall allow vehicular access.

3.0 Road Restrictions

- 3.1 The County reserves to itself the exclusive control and operation of all road allowances and the Applicant shall observe restrictions imposed in relation to construction whether imposed by governmental authority or by the County as it reasonably deems necessary to protect the integrity of the road allowance
- 3.2 The County shall endeavor to notify the Applicant when anticipated restrictions are to be imposed.
- 3.3 The County shall not be liable for any loss or damage occurring to the Applicant as a result of the imposition of the said restrictions or of the failure to give reasonable notice thereof to the Applicant.

3.4 The County reserves the right to control the entrances of any accesses connected to the said road allowance and to control the location of signs and culvert installations at such accesses.

4.0 Maintenance

- 4.1 Notwithstanding anything herein contained the County does not provide any warrant as the suitability of fitness of the road allowance for the Applicant's intended purpose nor does the County give any undertaking to maintain any roads and accesses until they have been accepted by the County.
- 4.2 The Applicant will remain financially and legally liable for any permanent agricultural surface water management channels constructed within undeveloped road allowances and shall perform all maintenance related thereto.

5.0 Damages

5.1 The Applicant agrees that if damage to the road allowance, as determined by the County acting reasonably, results from the exercise by the Applicant and its servants, agents, employees, contractors and subcontractors of the rights herein granted, the Applicant shall, at the County's request, restore the road allowance to its previous condition. If the Applicant fails to comply with such instruction within a reasonable time, to be determined by the County, the County may restore the road allowance to its previous condition at the expense of the Applicant. In such event, the Applicant shall reimburse the County the County's costs of the restoration within thirty (30) days of receiving the County's invoice. Should the Applicant fail to pay such costs within thirty (30) days, the Applicant shall be subject to interest and collection costs on any outstanding amounts.

6.0 Liability and Indemnity

- 6.1 The Applicant shall use the road allowance entirely at his/her own risk and shall be liable for any loss, damage or expense suffered by the County as a direct result of the use of the road allowance by the Applicant, his/her employees, agents, servants, contractors or subcontractors, unless such loss, damage or expense is a direct result of the negligence or willful misconduct of the County its employees, agents, servants, contractors or subcontractors.
- 6.2 The Applicant shall indemnify the County against all actions, proceedings, claims, demands and costs suffered by the County directly resulting from the use of the road allowance by the Applicant, its employees, agents, servants, contractors or subcontractors, unless such action, proceeding, claim, demand or cost is a direct result of the negligence or willful misconduct of the County, its employees, agents, servants, contractors or subcontractors.

7.0 Environmental

- 7.1 The Applicant must notify the County immediately in the event of any environmental, pollution or contamination problems caused by the Applicant's operations on the road allowance or on any adjacent lands as a result of the use of the road allowance (hereinafter referred to as "Environmental Contamination") and the Applicant shall be solely responsible for the cost of all work carried out to correct any/all Environmental Contamination caused by the Applicant.
- 7.2 The Applicant shall comply with the provisions of all applicable federal, provincial and municipal laws' with respect to maintaining a clean environment.
- 7.3 The Applicant shall indemnify and save the County harmless against any and all damages and expenses which may be brought against or suffered by the County and which are incidental to any Environment Contamination, except to the extent that such loss, damage or expense is the result of the County's operations.
- 7.4 Upon termination of this Agreement, the Applicant shall leave the road allowance and any lands adjacent thereto, free of any Environmental Contamination resulting from the Applicant's operation which may adversely affect the land or result in a breach of the duties described in Environment Clause 7.2. The responsibility of the Applicant to the County with respect to the environmental obligations contained herein shall continue to be enforceable by the County notwithstanding the termination of this Agreement.

8.0 Default

8.1 If the Applicant is in default of any provisions herein, and such default continues for a period of thirty (30) days after receipt of notice from the County to remedy such default or fails to remedy the default with all due diligence thereafter, the County may without limiting any other remedies it may have, terminate this Agreement and the Applicant shall be deemed to have forfeited any and all right hereunder.

9.0 Insurance

- 9.1 It shall be the responsibility of the Applicant to maintain and keep in force during the term of this Agreement, for the benefit of the Applicant, the following insurance:
 - (a) Automobile liability Insurance covering bodily injury (including passenger hazard) and property damage arising from the operation of owned or nonowned vehicles used on the road allowance in the course of operations by the Applicant, with inclusive limits of not less than \$2,000,000 (two million dollars) for any one accident or occurrence.

- (b) General Liability Insurance covering the liability of the Applicant for bodily injury and property damage arising from operations of the Applicant in connection with this Agreement. The limits of this insurance shall not be less than \$2,000,000 (two million dollars) for any one accident or occurrence.
- 9.2 Upon demand by the County, the Applicant shall provide the County a Certificate of Insurance as evidence of the insurance required by the preceding clause. Insurance policies shall include a waiver of subrogation in favor of the County and its agents and employees.
- 9.3 As an alternative to the insurance policies referred to above, if acceptable to the County, the Applicant may self-insure against the risks normally covered by such policies.
- 9.4 The Applicant shall use its best efforts to ensure that any of its contractors and agents using the road allowance, that are not covered by the insurance policies set forth above, maintain insurance in accordance with the provisions of this section during those contractors' use of the road allowance.
- 9.5 The insurance policies shall be endorsed to provide that in the event of any change that could affect the interests of the County, or in the event of their cancellation, the insurers shall notify the County thirty (30) days prior to the effective date of such change or cancellation.

10.0 Notices

10.1 Notices to be given under this Agreement shall be in writing and may be mailed or electronically transmitted, addressed to the parties as follows:

MACKENZIE COUNTY	THE APPLICANT
Attention: Chief Administrative Officer	
P.O. Box 640	
Fort Vermilion, AB T0H 1N0	
Phone (780) 927-3718	
Toll-free 1-877-927-0677	
Fax (780) 927-4266	

- 10.2 Either party may, from time to time, change its address for service by giving written notice to the other party.
- 10.3 Any notice, invoice or other communication shall be deemed to be received by the addressee, if delivered personally, or electronically transmitted, on the first business day following delivery or transmission and, if mailed on the fourth business day following the day on which it was mailed.

10.4 In the case of a postal disruption or an anticipated postal disruption, all notices or other communications to be given under this Agreement shall be electronically transmitted or delivered by hand.

11.0 Assignment

11.1 This Agreement is not assignable in whole or in part.

12.0 Termination

- 12.1 Notwithstanding any provision to the contrary herein contained, this Agreement or any Addendum/Addenda may be terminated upon a minimum of thirty (30) days prior written notice given by either party to the other. Such notice shall state the termination date of the Agreement or Addendum/Addenda. Upon termination of this Agreement or any Addendum/Addenda thereto, all applicable rights and obligations as between the County and the Applicant shall terminate except that the Applicant shall remain liable to the County for all of its obligations and liabilities arising pursuant to this Agreement prior to the date of such termination.
- 12.2 The County shall inspect the road allowance upon termination of this Agreement and/or any Addendum and shall notify the Applicant of any damage to the road allowance, excluding normal wear and tear.
- 12.3 Upon termination the Applicant shall, upon the County's request, remove all culverts, installations and fixtures on the road allowance placed for the Applicant's purposes. If they are not removed within thirty (30) days of such a request; the County shall have the right to remove such culverts, installations or fixtures and the County shall invoice the Applicant the actual cost relating thereto.

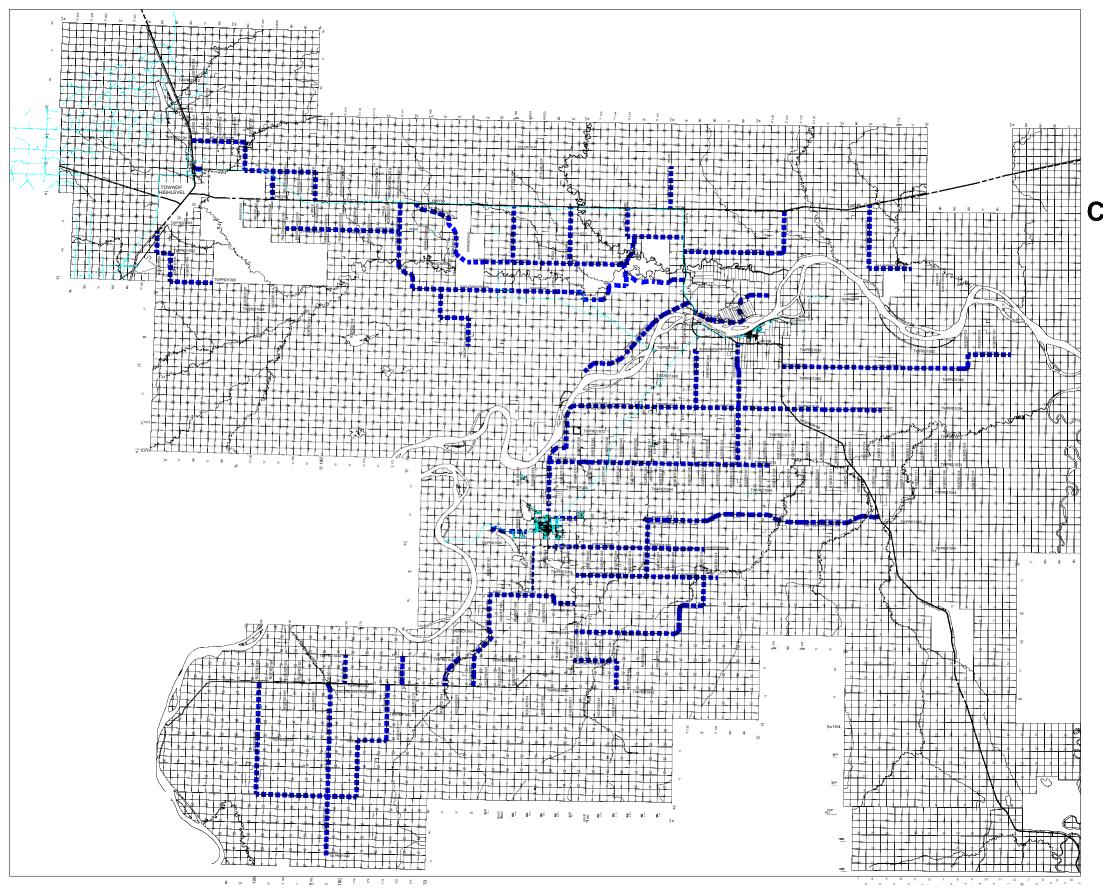
13.0 Miscellaneous

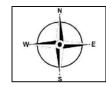
- 13.1 This Agreement and the relationship of the parties shall for all purposes be governed by and construed and interpreted according to the laws of the Province of Alberta. Each party irrevocably attorns, for all purposes hereunder, to the jurisdiction of the courts of the Province of Alberta and all courts of appeal there from.
- 13.2 This Agreement, as amended from time to time by agreement in writing of the parties, shall be the entire agreement between the County and the Applicant as to the matters herein and all previous promises, representations or agreements between the parties, whether oral or written, shall be deemed to have been replaced by this Agreement.

The parties have executed this Agree	ement as of the day and year first above written:
MACKENZIE COUNTY	LANDOWNER
Witness	Witness
Date	 Date

SCHEDULE D

Local Road Network



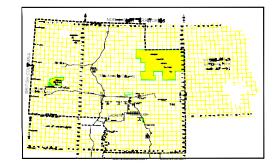


MackenzieCounty 2013

CountyCollectorRoadNetwork PolicyPW039-ScheduleD



LEGEND CollectorRoad



NotToScale

SCHEDULE E

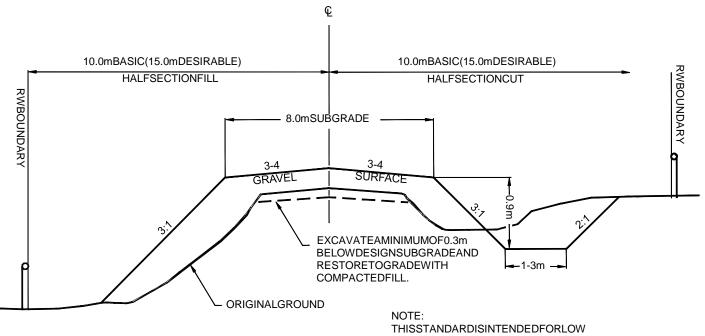
Road Standards

Mackenzie County Rural Road Standards/Specifications

	Unit	Collector	Local Road
Road Top Width	m	9m	8m
Avg Height of Fill (min)	m	1.0m	0.9m
Normal Side Slope	run:rise	3:1	3:1
Normal Ditch Width (min)	m	3m	1-3m
Normal Backslope	run:rise	2:1	2:1
Compaction @ Construction	% of Standard Proctor Density	98%	97%
Moisture Content @ Construction	% of Standard Proctor Density	+ / - 1%	+ / - 3%
Rate of Regravelling		Up to 300m³/mi	Up to 200m³/mi
Private Approach Radius	m	12m	12m
Crown Rate (m/m)		3-4%	3-4%
Right of Way (min)	m	30m	20m

- > A top soil management plan must accompany each road request application.
- > All slopes and ditches must be seeded with an approved grass seed mixture. (Typically 70% Broom grass and 30% Creeping Red Fescue)

LOCALROADSTANDARD



THISSTANDARDISINTENDEDFORLOW
VOLUMELOCALROADSTHATWILLBE
GRAVELSURFACEDONLY.TYPICALLYTHIS
8.0mROADWAYISFORROADSWITHAN
AADT100.

MACKENZIECOUNTY

GENERALMUNICIPALIMPROVEMENTSSTANDARDS

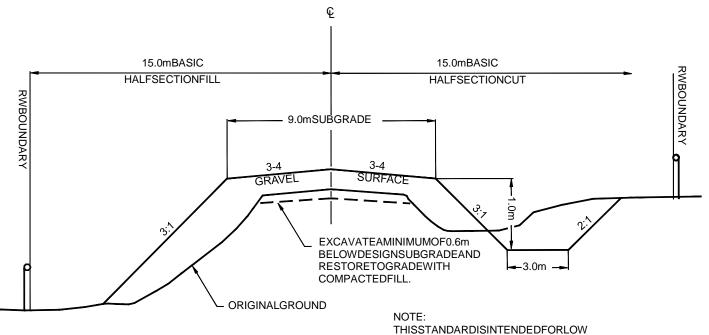
TYPICALCROSS-SECTIONFORGRADING&GRAVELSURFACING(RLU-208G(a))

DATE: DESIGN: APPROVED: SCALE:NTS



Fig.G-02

COLLECTORROAD



VOLUMELOCALROADSTHATWILLBE GRAVELSURFACEDONLY.TYPICALLYTHIS 8.0mROADWAYISFORROADSWITHAN AADT200.

MACKENZIECOUNTY

GENERALMUNICIPALIMPROVEMENTSSTANDARDS

DATE:

FILENO:

TYPICALCROSS-SECTIONFORGRADING&GRAVELSURFACING(RLU-209G)

DESIGN: APPROVED: SCALE:NTS



Fig.G-04

APPENDIX F

Road Construction Application





Request to Construct a Road

APPLICANT INFORM	ATION:			
Name of Applicant				
Permanent address	P.O. Box	Town	Province	Postal Code
Telephone (res.)		(bus.)		
Legal land description	(s)			
Please list all landown	ers participating	in the project:		
NAME		LEGAL	LAND DESCRIF	PTION

PROJECT INFORMATION:

The following information has been appended:

- approximate location of legal property boundaries;
- the length of road to be constructed;
- identification of proposed surface water management structures (i.e. culverts);
- the existing ground elevations (what is the general lay of the land);
- the proposed design elevations (is ditch cut required for drainage);
- the location of property accesses (driveway);
- Proof of ESRD approval (provide a copy to the County); and
- A proposed plan for top soil management (how will you manage the excess topsoil).

Does the proposed road benefit more than one landowner?	□Yes	□No
If yes, please provide the following:		
Name of the other landowners:		
Is the Applicant willing to enter into a Road Allowance Use Agreement?	□Yes	□No
What is the estimated length of the road?	meters.	
Does this road connect to a road under the jurisdiction of the Province of Alberta?	□Yes	□No
If yes, please attach location of intersection.		
By signing this form, I verify that this information is accurate and of my knowledge; and,	complete to th	e best
I hereby authorize the County to traverse the subject properties for performing a basic review and level one assessment of the propospecified on this form.		
Signature	Date	

SCHEDULE G

Access Construction Application (Approaches/Driveways)





Request to Construct or Alter an Access

(Approaches/Driveways)

amo of Applicant				
ame of Applicant				
ermanent address _	P.O. Box	Town	Province	Postal Code
elephone (res.)		(bus.)		
egal land description	(s)			
ROJECT INFORMA	TION:			
ne following informat	tion has been an	pended:		
 proof of conta 	design elevations ct with affected u an for top soil ma	itility companies. anagement.	I An alteration of	an access
		ew access	I All alleration of	an access
If an alteration, ple	ease specify:			
oes the proposed ac	cess benefit mor	e than one lando	owner? □Ye	s □No
If yes please prov	ide the following:			
ii yes, piease piov	3			
Name of the other	J			

Does the proposed access connect to a road under the jurisdiction of the Province of Alberta?	e 💷\	∕es □N	lo
If yes, please provide the following:			
Name of Provincial roadway			
Is the Applicant willing to enter into a Road Allowance Agreement?	Use ⊟	∕es -⊟N	lo
By signing this form, I verify that this information is accomy knowledge; and,	urate and com	plete to the be	st of
I hereby authorize the County to traverse the subject p performing a basic review and level one assessment of specified on this form.	•	• •	
Signature	C	ate	—



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Meeting

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Ron Pelensky, Director of Community Services & Operations

Title: Acquisition of Meander River Gravel Pits

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

At our August 22, 2012 Council meeting the following motion was made:

Motion 12-08-550 "That administration continue to work with Alberta Transportation to secure a long term lease in the Meander area."

Administration discussed this possibility with Alberta Transportation; however, they wanted to keep their gravel pit and could only authorize a one-time gravel removal lease from their pits.

Administration reviewed other gravel pits in the area and identified two from ESRD. In discussions with them they are willing to transfer them to Mackenzie County. Administration toured the two gravel pits and had the following comments:

Meander North

- Appears to have a good working face of pitrun
- Only a small amount of overburden before the pitrun is exposed
- Minimum amount of mining took place in the past therefore reclamation costs are minimal
- Some work will have to be done to the access road as it is treed in and some of it is in a low lying area.

Meander South

- Appears to have a smaller working face of pitrun however it looks like it will continue to the east.
- Only a small amount of overburden before the pitrun is exposed

Autiloi.	RP	Reviewed by:	CAO	
	1 (1	_ iteriewed by.	<u> </u>	

- There has been a fair bit of mining taken place over the years therefore restoration costs would be higher than the Meander North gravel pit.
- The access road is near the pavement and in a developed portion of the gravel pit therefore no costs should be associated with developing an access road.

Attached is a map of the Meander North and Meander South gravel pits

At the County's Public Works Committee meeting on September 16, 2013 they made a motion to recommend to Council to pursue the lease on both Meander North and Meander South gravel pits.

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

Option 1

That administration be instructed to continue pursuing taking over the lease for the Meander North and Meander South gravel pits from Environment & Sustainable Resource Development (ESRD) and request ESRD to fund some of the reclamation costs.

Benefit

As Zama road requires gravel on an annual basis and if we continue paving the road it would be beneficial to the County to own its own gravel pit for competitive pricing. This gravel may also be used on some rural roads close to High Level.

Option 2

That administration be instructed to continue pursuing taking over the lease of the Meander North gravel pit from Environment & Sustainable Resource Development.

Benefit

One gravel pit would be sufficient for many years therefore the County could limit its future reclamation costs.

COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

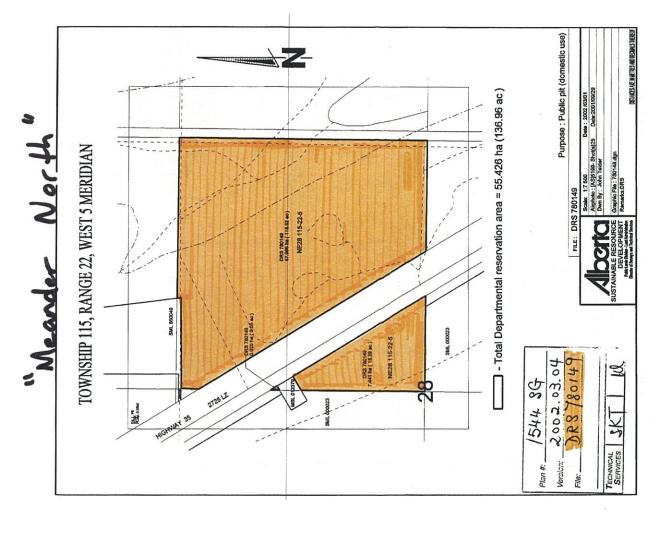
There should be minimal costs for a lease transfer however if a legal survey is required it is estimated at approximately \$10,000 per gravel pit.

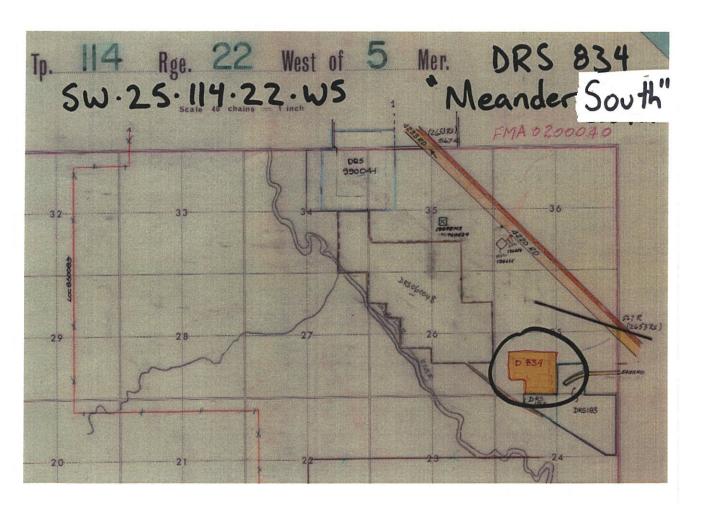
In addition, the County may take on future reclamation costs.

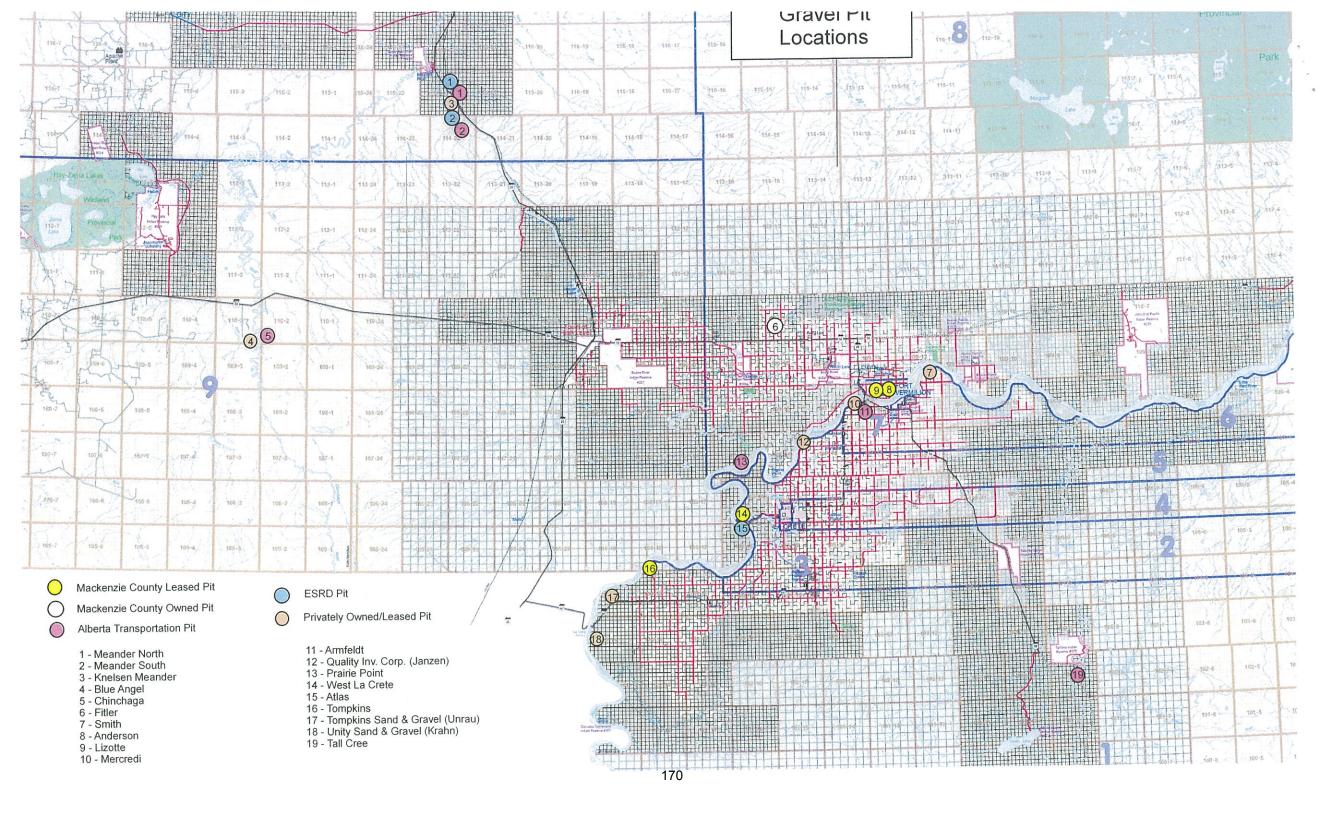
COMMUNICATION:

Author:	RP	Reviewed by:		CAO	
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RECOMMENDATION:
That administration be instructed to continue pursuing taking over the lease for the Meander North and Meander South gravel pits from Environment & Sustainable Resource Development (ESRD) and request ESRD to fund some of the reclamation costs.
COSIS.
Author: RP Reviewed by: CAO









MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DIRECTION

Meeting:	Regular (Council Meeting
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Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Grant Smith, Agriculture Fieldman

Title: Proposed Lowering Culverts & Procedure Policy

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

As per motion 13-028 of the June 20, 2013 Agriculture Service Board meeting:

Motion 13-028 "That administration establish a policy and procedure for lowering

existing culverts".

Administration questions the necessity to draft a policy of this nature. The Public Works department has already been dealing with lowering culverts as necessary to address road concerns. The ASB department provides input regarding culvert sizing as necessary if the locations are near the County's licensed ditches.

If a policy is required, it would be more suitable for establishment within the Public Works department.

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

COMMUNICATION:

Author: G. Smith Reviewed by: CAO YW	
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RECOMMENDED ACTION:

RECOMMENDED ACTION.					
Administration is seeking Council's direction as to the intent and purpose of the draft terms of a policy and applicable procedure for the lowering of existing culverts.					
Author:	Reviewed by:	CAO			



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Meeting

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Byron Peters, Director of Planning & Development

Title: Bylaw 919-13 Technical Amendment to Bylaw 880-12 being a

Partial Road Closure

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

Bylaw 880-12, being a Road Closure Bylaw for the closure and sale of the most northerly 10 meters of Government Road Allowance lying south of SE 1-104-18-W5M, received final approval at the June 11, 2013 Council meeting.

When submitting documents to Alberta Land Titles, we are required to obtain a proper description from a survey company. The description received for this partial road closure was not to the satisfaction of Alberta Land titles. Land Titles has requested that we add the dimensions to the map drawing and amend the description in the bylaw to include the length of the closed portion of road allowance.

This amendment does not change the intent of the Bylaw. Bylaw 880-12, therefore it does not need to be re-advertised.

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

Bylaw 880-13 needs to be amended prior to Alberta Land Titles accepting the Road Closure Bylaw.

COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

N/A

COMMUNICATION:

Author:	L. Lambert	Reviewed by:	CAO	
		173		

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

MOTION 1: (requires 2/3)

That first reading be given to Bylaw 919-13, being a technical amendment to Bylaw 880-12.

MOTION 2: (requires 2/3)

That second reading be given to Bylaw 919-13, being a technical amendment to Bylaw 880-12.

MOTION 3: (requires unanimous)

That consideration be given to proceed to third reading of Bylaw 919-13, being a technical amendment to Bylaw 880-12.

MOTION 4: (requires 2/3)

That third reading be given to Bylaw 919-13, being a technical amendment to Bylaw 880-12.

Author:	Reviewed by:	CAO	

BYLAW NO. 919-13

BEING A BYLAW OF MACKENZIE COUNTY IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA

FOR THE PURPOSE OF CLOSING A PORTION OF STATUTORY ROAD ALLOWANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTIONS 22, 24 AND 606 OF THE MUNICIPAL GOVERNMENT ACT, CHAPTER M-26, REVISED STATUES OF ALBERTA 2000

WHEREAS, Council of Mackenzie County passed all three readings of Bylaw 880-12 closing the most northerly 10 meters of Government Road Allowance lying south of Part of SE 1-104-18-W5M, in accordance with the Municipal Government Act Revised Statutes of Alberta 2000, and

WHEREAS, Bylaw 880-12 requires description amendments as specified by Alberta Land Titles Registries prior to registration, and

NOW THEREFORE, be it resolved that the Council of Mackenzie County, in the province of Alberta, duly assembled, does hereby amend the description in Bylaw 880-12 to read as follows:

The most northerly 10 meters in perpendicular width of the most easterly 379.02 meters of the government road allowance lying south of the south east of 1-104-18-w5m.
 READ a first time this ____ day of _________, 2013.
 READ a second time this ____ day of _________, 2013.

READ a third time and finally passed this day of , 2013.

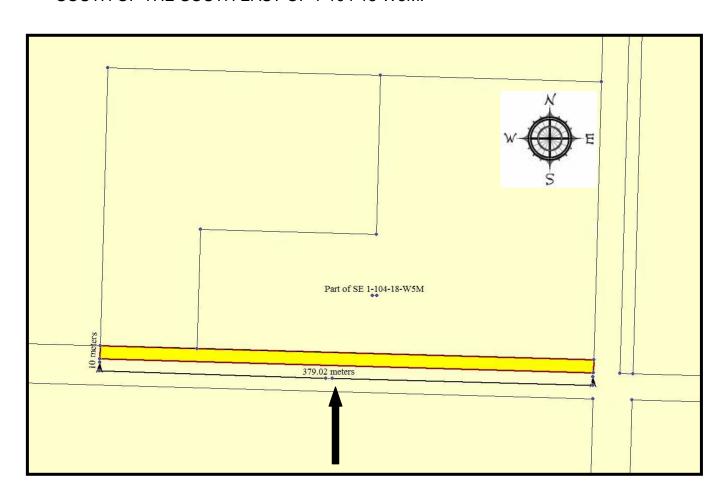
Bill Neufeld
Reeve

Joulia Whittleton
Chief Administrative Officer

BYLAW NO. 919-13

SCHEDULE "A"

1. THE MOST NORTHERLY 10 METERS IN PERPENDICULAR WIDTH OF THE MOST EASTERLY 379.02 METERS OF THE GOVERNMENT ROAD ALLOWANCE LYING SOUTH OF THE SOUTH EAST OF 1-104-18-W5M.





MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Meeting

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Byron Peters, Director of Planning & Development

Title: Municipal Development Plan (MDP) Open House Dates

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

As a result of amending the hamlet ASPs and of creating ASPs for industrial areas, there are amendments needed to the MDP. Council previously passed the following motion, which states:

Motion 13-08-562 "That administration amend the Municipal Development Plan and

Land Use Bylaw to ensure consistency with the Area Structure

Plans, and bring back to Council in a timely manner.

In order to complete the amendments in 2013, and factoring in council meeting dates, elections and time to incorporate changes after first reading, reviews and the open houses, there is only one week that will potentially work.

Administration proposes that the open houses take place from October 28th to 31st, in La Crete, Fort Vermilion, High Level and Zama.

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

The week of October 28th is a busy week with a Council Budget meeting and a Regular Council meeting, and comes quickly after the election. This is the only week that administration identified in which the open houses can be held and still complete the amendments in the 2013 calendar year.

There is some flexibility to schedule the open houses in each hamlet at a time and day that best accommodates the local councillors for each area.

Author: B. Peters Reviewed by: CAO	
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COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

Costs of the amendments and open houses will come from the planning department's annual operating budget.

COMMUNICATION:

Advertisements will be posted in the local newspapers and on Facebook advertising the open houses.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

That the open houses for the Municipal Developme	nt Plan amendments take place
during the week of October 28th, in each community	/ as follows:

• `	La Crete -
•	Fort Vermilion
•	High Level Rural -
•	Zama -

Author: B. Peters Reviewed by: CAO



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Meeting

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Joulia Whittleton, Chief Administrative Officer

Title: Bylaw 920-13 Agricultural Service Board – Authority to Make

Administrative Decisions

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

Current bylaw 290/01 was established to authorize the Agriculture Service Board to make administrative decisions. These include:

- Appointments to the Board
- Term of Appointments
- Appointment of a Chair
- Procedural and Operational Policies

The current bylaw states that the term of office for members appointed to the Board is three years, to coincide with the municipal elections.

As a result of the changes to the Local Authorities Election Act, a Councillor's term of office is now four years, therefore the Bylaw is being brought back to Council to adjust the term of office.

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

The following options are available to Council in considering the length of term for appointed members:

- One Year Term
 - o all members re-appointed each year
 - o similar to other County appointed members to other boards
- Rotating Terms
 - Terms could be off set to avoid a complete new board each year
- Four Year Term to coincide with Municipal Elections
 - Similar to current practice

Author: C. Gabriel Reviewed by: CAO	Author: C. Gabriel	Reviewed by:	CAO
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COSTS	& S	SOURC	E OF F	UNDING:
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N/A

COMMUNICATION:

Approved bylaws are posted on the County's website. Individual appointment letters are sent to members indicating their term of office.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

Motion 1

That first reading be given to Bylaw 920-13 being a bylaw to authorize the Agricultural Service Board to make administrative decisions.

Motion 2

That second reading be given to Bylaw 920-13 being a bylaw to authorize the Agricultural Service Board to make administrative decisions.

Motion 3 (requires unanimous)

That consideration be given to go to third reading of Bylaw 920-13, being a bylaw to authorize the Agricultural Service Board to make administrative decisions, at this meeting.

Motion 4

That third reading be given to Bylaw 920-13 being a bylaw to authorize the Agricultural Service Board to make administrative decisions.

Author:	Reviewed by:	CAO	

BYLAW No. 290/01 920-13

BEING A BY-LAW OF THE MUNICIPAL DISTRICT OF MACKENZIE No. 23, IN THE PROVINCE OF ALBERTA,

TO AUTHORIZE THE AGRICULTURAL SERVICE BOARD TO MAKE ADMINISTRATIVE DECISIONS

WHEREAS, Section 203(1) of the Municipal Government Act states "A council may by bylaw delegate any of its powers, duties or functions under this or any other enactment or a bylaw to a council committee...", and

WHEREAS, Section 2(a) of the Agricultural Service Board Act states "The duties of an agricultural service board are "to act as an advisory body and to assist the council and the Minister of Agriculture, in matters of mutual concern", and

WHEREAS Section 3(1) of the Agricultural Service Board Act states "A council may establish and appoint members to an agricultural service board....", and Council desires to appoint members to a board, and

WHEREAS, Section 3(2) of the Agricultural Service Board Act states "The council is to determine the chair, the number of voting members, the voting status and the term of office of the members of the board", and

WHEREAS, Section 5 8(1) of the Agricultural Service Board Act states "A council may appoint one or more advisory committees with respect to any matter related to agriculture", and Section 5 8(2) states "an advisory committee appointed under this section shall act in an advisory capacity to the board and council", and

WHEREAS, Council finds it expedient to delegate its powers, duties or functions under the above sections of the Municipal Government Act and the Agricultural Service Board Act,

NOW THEREFORE the Council of the Municipal District of Mackenzie No. 23 Mackenzie County, duly assembled, enacts as follows:

 Council shall appoint members to an Agricultural Service Board. Board membership shall consist of five voting members (two councillors and three members-at-large) and one non-voting member (Alberta Agriculture, Food and Rural Development's Cereal and Oilseed Crop Specialist). The term of office shall be three years coinciding with the municipal elections (to be determined by Council at the meeting).

- 2. The Agricultural Service Board members thus appointed shall determine the chair.
- 3. The Agricultural Service Board shall determine its own procedural and operational policies.
- 4. The Agricultural Service Board shall appoint
 - (1) Agricultural Service Board representatives to the Board of Directors of the North Peace Mackenzie Applied Research Association, and
 - (2) Two members-at-large to the Veterinary Advisory Committee, and
 - (3) Agricultural Service Board representatives to any other agriculture related committees formed, or requesting A.S.B. representation.
- 5. That this Bylaw and shall come into force and take effect upon third and final reading thereof.
- 6. That Bylaw 290/01 is hereby rescinded.

READ a first time this day of October, 2013.
READ a second time this day of October, 2013.
READ a third time and finally passed this day of October, 2013.
Bill Neufeld
Reeve
Joulia Whittleton
Chief Administrative Officer



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Meeting

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Joulia Whittleton, Chief Administrative Officer

Title: Emergency Management Review

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

Mackenzie County has a municipal disaster emergency plan in place that was developed some time ago. Administration made a recommendation to Council in July that the County's disaster emergency plan and practices be reviewed by a qualified professional and updated according to the implementation plan that was to be developed as a part of this review. Council approved awarding a proposal to Palisade Consulting Ltd. (Murray Heinrich).

OPTIONS & BENEFITS:

Please review the attached document. The document highlights applicable legislature, and thirteen recommendations. While it highlights a number of our shortcomings regarding disaster emergency planning, it lays out an implementation plan (through the recommendations). Administration believes it is a step in the right direction to bring our municipality to the appropriate standard.

COSTS & SOURCE OF FUNDING:

Some recommendations require time commitment and some require funding (training, personnel, new Mutual Aid Agreements, etc.)

Administration will be incorporating appropriate funds into the 2014 budget to allow for successful transformation of our organization to the applicable Disaster Emergency Management standards.

Author:	J. Whittleton	Review by:	CAO YW

COMMUNICATION:

Communication will be ongoing with various stakeholders, advising our public of our processes/progress, and creating a greater awareness of personal emergency preparedness.

RECOMMENDED ACTION:

That the Emergency Management Review be accepted for information and that administration proceed with implementation of the proposed recommendations and subject to 2014 budget deliberations.

Author: J. Whittleton Review by: CAO YW



Emergency Management Review



Prepared by:



Acknowledgements

The staff of Mackenzie County provided invaluable information that contributed to the development of the Emergency Management Review. In particular, Palisade would like to express its appreciation for the efforts of Mackenzie County Chief Administrative Officer Joulia Whittleton and Director of Community Services and Operations Ron Pelensky.

Palisade Consulting Ltd. would like to express appreciation to the following people/agencies for their contributions:

- Reeve and Council, Mackenzie County
- Don Roberts, Zama Site Manager, Mackenzie County
- Brice Daly, Northwest Region Field Officer, Emergency Management Alberta
- Rodney Schmidt, Director of Protective Services, Town of High Level
- Jennifer Wood, Grande Prairie Regional Emergency Partnership
- > Peter Weibe, Fire Chief, La Crete/Fort Vermilion Fire Department
- Richard Hackett, Fire Chief, Zama City Fire Department
- > Jeff Simpson, S/Sgt, Fort Vermilion Detachment RCM Police
- Peter Pilgrim, S/Sqt, High Level Detachment RCM Police
- > Jason Gabriel, Alberta Health Services- EMS
- Ron Dyck, Bylaw Officer, Mackenzie County
- > Daryl Broen, Foreman, Apache Canada- Zama Gas Plant
- Michelle Shesterniak, Fire Prevention Officer, AESRD

Disclaimer

This publication was prepared for Mackenzie County by Palisade Consulting Limited. While it is believed that the information and recommendations contained herein is reliable under the conditions and subject to the limitations set out, Palisade does not guarantee its accuracy. The use of this plan or any information contained therein will be at the user's sole risk, regardless of any fault or negligence of Palisade Consulting Ltd.

Executive Summary

The purpose of the Mackenzie County Emergency Management Review was to provide an evaluation of the current municipal Emergency Management provided by the County and to develop recommendations that will provide a guide in meeting the challenges of providing efficient and cost effective services for the current and future needs of the community.

The review was completed with an intensive program of evaluation, analysis and review of the operations of Emergency Management. A wide variety of stakeholders were consulted, interviewed and surveyed as part of the information gathering process. Documents from the County were examined.

It is essential that municipalities are prepared to mitigate incidents that affect their community. The Chief Administrative Officer of Mackenzie County serves as the Director of Emergency Management.

The Review has a variety of recommendations for consideration by the County including the establishment of an effective Emergency Response Committee, Municipal Emergency Management Agency, Joint Mutual Aid Committee and the development of Mutual Aid Agreements with neighboring municipalities and stakeholders. The Municipal Emergency Plan must be revised to the provincial template which is anticipated in the near future.

Training for emergencies is necessary to prepare staff and stakeholders for their roles and responsibilities in the Emergency Operation Center. A training plan is valuable for the Emergency Management program. Part of the training must include exercises which are delivered as a non-threatening learning opportunity. It is also critical to promote Public Preparedness for emergencies with an effective communications plan.

The municipal Emergency Operations Center is the nerve center of the municipality in managing an incident. The EOC must be effective. The County should consider a leadership role to develop the "Mackenzie Regional Emergency Partnership" designed to manage all incidents in a cooperative effort irrespective of the location.

A shared Emergency Management Officer position should be to implement the recommendations within the Review.

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Introduction

Incorporated as a municipal district in 1995 from the former Improvement District No. 23., its status was changed to specialized municipality in 1999 to address the particularities of managing such a large territory. The municipal seat is in Fort Vermilion. The name was changed from the Municipal District of Mackenzie No. 23 to Mackenzie County in 2007.

Located in the northwestern corner of the province 800 kilometers from Edmonton, with the corporate office located in Fort Vermilion, and sub-offices in High Level, La Crete, and Zama City. The County comprises 12 per cent of Alberta's entire landmass, at just over 80,000 square kilometres it is larger than the province of New Brunswick. The population of the County has increased 9.2% in the last five years to 11,000 people in 2011.

The County offers a mix of flat arable land with boreal forest, thus accounting for active agriculture, forestry, and tourism industries. Oil and gas also play a significant role in the area's economy. It is largely responsible for the establishment and growth of three of the area's five main communities, being High Level, Zama City, and Rainbow Lake. Fort Vermilion and La Crete are more driven by forestry and agriculture. Mackenzie County holds 36 per cent of the Peace Region's natural gas reserves, and 80 per cent of its light-medium crude oil reserves.

There are many active grain farmers in the area, with the two main grain buyers being Agricore (located in High Level) and P & H Grain (located in La Crete). La Crete boasts the largest United Farmers of Alberta retail outlet in Alberta, giving just one indication of how active the local agriculture industry is. Because the county has a rich natural resource base, this provides a stable work environment. For example, many farmers take jobs with local sawmills during the winter months to supplement their income.

There are several sawmills within the county, the largest being La Crete Sawmills and Ridgeview Mills in La Crete, and Tolko Industries in High Level.

The County believes that, given the high level of primary resource activity in the area, they offer tremendous potential for value-added industry. They will endeavor to assist any new business interested in locating to the area.

Finally, the County offers an unparalleled recreational wilderness experience. Many of the areas lakes are only accessible by pontoon plane, thus account for several local guiding and outfitting businesses.

The region continues to grow and diversify. The County has recognized that an Emergency Management Review was necessary to provide an insight and direction in the future of Emergency Management. Mackenzie County must be prepared to mitigate a wide variety of incidents. The risks in the area include airports, industry, water, ice, confined spaces, roadways, railroad, wildland, residential and commercial. The geography of the response area is widely varied. The response time to incidents can be extended due to distance and topography.

Emergency Management Legislation

Situation

The primary enabling legislation for Alberta municipalities is the Municipal Government Act. The Municipal Government Act states:

The purposes of a municipality are:

To provide good government

To provide services, facilities or other things that, in the opinion of Council are necessary or desirable for all or part of the community and

To develop and maintain safe and viable communities

A Council may pass bylaws for municipal purposes respecting the following matters:

The safety, health and welfare of people and the protection of people and property

In accordance with the Municipal Government Act, municipalities have obligatory functions, which are required by statute, and discretionary functions, which are determined by Council. For example, every Council must appoint one or more persons to carry out the powers, duties, and functions of the position of Chief Administrative Officer- this is an obligatory function. Councils are not required by statute to have a Fire Department; however, they may pass a Bylaw, which creates Fire Department under Section 7(a) of the Municipal Government Act. Thus, the provision of a Fire Department is a discretionary function.

The provision of Emergency Management is an obligatory function. The Emergency Management Act states the following which requires municipalities to develop a Municipal Emergency Plan and have a Municipal Emergency Organization comprised of an Emergency Advisory Committee and an Emergency Management Agency:

Municipal Emergency Organization

- 11. A local authority
 - (a) **shall**, at all times, be responsible for the direction and control of the local authority's emergency response unless the Government assumes direction and control under section 18;
 - (b) **shall** prepare and approve emergency plans and programs;

(c) may enter into agreements with and make payments or grants, or both, to persons or organizations for the provision of services in the development or implementation of emergency plans or programs.

Emergency Advisory Committee

- 11.1(1) Each local authority **shall** appoint an emergency advisory committee consisting of a member or members of the local authority or, in the case of an improvement district, a special area or a national park, a person or persons the local authority designates, to advise on the development of emergency plans and programs.
- (2) The local authority **shall** provide for the payment of expenses of the members of the committee.

Emergency Management Agency

- 11.2(1) A local authority **shall** maintain an emergency management agency to act as the agent of the local authority in exercising the local authority's powers and duties under this Act.
- (2) There **shall** be a director of the emergency management agency, who shall
- (a) prepare and co-ordinate emergency plans and programs for the municipality,
- (b) act as director of emergency operations on behalf of the emergency management agency,
- (c) co-ordinate all emergency services and other resources used in an emergency, and
- (d) perform other duties as prescribed by the local authority.
- (3) A local authority, except an improvement district, special area, national park or Indian reserve, may by bylaw that is not advertised borrow, levy, appropriate and expend all sums required for the operation of the emergency management agency.
- (4) For greater certainty, an emergency management agency may be maintained by and may act as the agent of more than one local authority.

In accordance with the Emergency Management Act, Alberta municipalities have the authority to declare a state of local emergency. The declaration of a State of Local Emergency is contemplated when a municipality requires extraordinary resources or authority to mitigate an emergency. Such a declaration is not associated with disaster funding. The Emergency Management Act states the following:

Declaration of State of Local Emergency

- 21(1) A local authority may, at any time when it is satisfied that an emergency exists or may exist in its municipality, by resolution or, in the case of the Minister responsible for the Municipal Government Act, the Minister responsible for the Special Areas Act or a park superintendent of a national park, by order, make a declaration of a state of local emergency relating to all or any part of the municipality.
- (2) A declaration of a state of local emergency under subsection (1) must identify the nature of the emergency and the area of the municipality in which it exists.
- (3) Immediately after the making of a resolution for a declaration of a state of local emergency, the local authority shall cause the details of the declaration to be published by any means of communication that it considers is most likely to make known to the population of the area of the municipality affected the contents of the declaration.

Once the municipality has declared a State of Local Emergency, the municipality may conduct necessary operations to mitigate the emergency according to following provisions of the Emergency Management Act:

Powers of Local Authority

- 24(1) On the making of a declaration of a state of local emergency and for the duration of the state of local emergency, the local authority may do all acts and take all necessary proceedings including the following:
- (a) cause any emergency plan or program to be put into operation;
- (b) exercise any power given to the Minister under section 19(1) in relation to the part of the municipality affected by the declaration;
- (c) authorize any persons at any time to exercise, in the operation of an emergency plan or program, any power given to the Minister under section 19(1) in relation to any part of the municipality affected by a declaration of a state of local emergency.

Challenges

Municipalities develop Bylaws to meet their legislated obligations consistent with the Emergency Management Act.

Mackenzie County has Bylaw No. 721/09 referred to as the Municipal Emergency Management Agency Bylaw. The Chief Administrative Officer serves as the Director of Emergency Management and there is a Council resolution confirming the appointment. The Bylaw establishes the Municipal Emergency Response Committee and the Municipal Emergency Management Agency. According to the Bylaw, the Committee is comprised of elected officials from the Mackenzie County which were appointed by Council Resolution through to October 2013. Neither the Committee nor the Agency have been established and have not met. A State of Local Emergency can be declared by the Emergency Response Committee.

In most municipalities similar to the County, the Chief Administrative Officer serves as the Director of Emergency Management. It is typical for the DEM to solicit operational advice from professionals in the police or fire service.

The Emergency Management Response Committee is generally comprised of members of Council. The Council appoints either the entire Council or a group of councillors to serve as the Emergency Management Response Committee. The role of the Committee is to advise on the development of emergency plans and programs. The Committee should meet on a regular basis at least once annually. This Committee provides oversight of the Emergency Management Program. There is no evidence of meetings of the Committee. The Committee is described in the Mackenzie County Council Committee Terms of Reference.

The Municipal Emergency Management Agency delivers the emergency management program in the event of an incident in the municipality. The Agency is led by the Director of Emergency Management and they coordinate the delivery of all emergency operations and resources which are necessary to resolve an incident. The members of the Agency are generally professionals in their area of expertise. Typical members would include members of the County Management Team along with representatives of Police, Fire, EMS, Health, SAR, Power, Gas, Communications to name a few. The composition of the Agency would reflect the type and complexity of the incident. There is no evidence of meetings of the Agency.

The members of the Municipal Emergency Management Agency should meet on a regular basis at least every 3 months. The members must be well trained in a wide variety of areas including incident command system, emergency operations center and emergency management. They must be well versed in the implementation of the Municipal Emergency Plan. They must have their necessary supplies for their particular discipline located either in the Emergency Operation Center or other readily accessible location. The members should share information on a regular basis. The members need to participate in regular table top and full deployment exercises.

The implementation and termination of State of Local Emergency is critical part of the Emergency Management program. In Alberta, the declaration is typically entrusted to Mayor (Reeve), Deputy Mayor (Reeve) or any two members of Council. It is important for municipalities to ensure that Council members are available to carry out their duties under the Bylaw and the Act. In rural municipalities, it is often a challenge to overcome geographical and distance constraints to have these persons attend the Emergency Operations Center to declare a State of Local Emergency, thus provisions should be made for verbal or electronic means of declaration. The Mackenzie County Emergency Response Committee (reeve and two councillors) are delegated the authority to declare a State of Local Emergency.

Recommendations

- 1. The County confirm the process and authorities for declaration of State of Local Emergency within the Bylaw.
- 2. Mackenzie County establish an effective Emergency Response Committee and Municipal Emergency Management Agency to perform the statutory duties imposed in the Municipal Emergency Management Agency Bylaw. The Committee and the Agency must meet on a regular basis.



La Crete

Mutual Aid Agreements

Situation

Mutual Aid agreements and partnerships are a very efficient and cost-effective means for the delivery of emergency services. Partnerships will maximize the collective human, infrastructure, and funding resources that are available. The ability to provide and receive mutual aid is a critical component of mitigating emergency incidents that are beyond the capapbility of a single response agency.

Mutual Aid agreements typically provide a process for requesting and responding to emergencies, incident command and financial provisions.

Mackenzie County has developed a wide range of Mutual Aid Agreements with its municipal and Provincial Government neighbors.

The County, Town of Rainbow Lake and the Town of High Level have cooperated to implement the **Mackenzie Region Mutual Aid Agreement**. The agreement is valid through 2016. The agreement states the following regarding a Joint Mutual Aid Committee:

- To implement and monitor the Agreement, the municipalities shall establish aJoint Mutual Aid Committee. Each municipality shall appoint a representative to the Joint Mutual Aid committee within 60 days of the signing of the Agreement. Additional working groups or staff resources may be utilized from time to time as required.
- The Joint Mutual Aid Committee shall meet at least once a year to review the Agreement and consult with the Fire Department representatives to determine if any changes are required to this Agreement.

The County, Town of Rainbow Lake and the Town of High Level have cooperated to implement an agreement for **Regional Hazardous Material Response**. This is an important agreement which brings a high degree of service to the region. The municipalities are to be congratulated for their foresight. The agreement states the following:

 The municipalities agree to work diligently in 2012 to create an agreement for the HazMat service which will include establishing service levels, operations and funding. This shall be performed by the Joint Mutual Aid Committee as established in the Mackenzie Region Mutual Aid Agreement.

The County has a **Mutual Aid Fire Control Agreement** and annual **Fire Control Plan** with Environment and Sustainable Resource Development.

Challenges

In accordance with the Mackenzie Region Mutual Aid Agreement, the County and its municipal partners are obligated to establish the Joint Mutual Aid Committee. There is no evidence of the establishment or the meeting of the Committee.

The Mackenzie Region Mutual Agreement is a satisfactory document for the response of Fire Department resources, but contains limited direction on the sharing of other municipal resources. Ideally the Agreement should consider the sharing of a wide range of resources.

The Regional Hazardous Material Response Agreement is a satisfactory document for the region. There is no evidence of the development of service levels, operations or funding by the Joint Mutual Aid Committee as described in the Agreement. The agreement is expired and operating under a Memorandum of Understanding through to Dec 2013 and is currently being renegotiated.

The County shares borders with the Regional Municipality of Wood Buffalo, Municipal District of Opportunity, Northern Sunrise County, County of Northern Lights and several First Nations. There are no Mutual Aid Agreements with these municipalities or First Nations. Ideally, Mackenzie County should have a Mutual Aid agreement with all of their neighbors whom are potentially able to provide or receive a response, this may also include the Town of Manning.

The paving of Highway 88 will be completed in the near future resulting in an increase of traffic and the associated motor vehicle collisions. This will have an impact on emergency response from Fort Vermilion and Lacrete in Mackenzie County and Red Earth, in the Municipal District of Opportunity. The emergency responders would benefit from a Mutual Aid Agreement to deliver effective service irrespective of municipal borders.

There are discussions at the Provincial level which are aimed at the development of a Province Wide Mutual Aid Agreement for all municipalities to provide and obtain emergency assistance from the most suitable location. This would negate the need for individual Agreements between each and every party. Failing this agreement, the parties require Mutual Aid Agreements with their neighbors.

Recommendations

- **3.** Mackenzie County develop Mutual Aid Agreements with Northern Sunrise County, M.D. of Opportunity, County of Northern Lights, Town of Manning and First Nations within the County. A Mutual Aid Agreement with the M.D. of Opportunity should be the first priority in order to manage the anticipated emergency response to Highway 88.
- **4.** In accordance with the Mackenzie Mutual Aid Agreement, develop the required Joint Mutual Aid Committee.
- **5.** Revise the Mackenzie Mutual Aid Agreement to reflect the response of all municipal resources beyond the Fire Department.
- **6.** Continue with the negotiation of Regional Hazardous Materials Response Agreement. Fulfil the agreement obligation to develop service levels, operations and funding for Hazardous Material response.



Fort Vermilion Fire Station

Management and Organization

Situation

The management and organization of the Mackenzie County Municipal Emergency Management Agency is regulated for the most part by the Alberta Emergency Management Act.

The Act states that the Agency shall be led by the Director of Emergency Management who is responsible to:

- (a) prepare and co-ordinate emergency plans and programs for the municipality,
- (b) act as director of emergency operations on behalf of the emergency management agency,
- (c) co-ordinate all emergency services and other resources used in an emergency,

In Mackenzie County, the Director of Emergency Management is the Chief Administrative Officer. This is typical throughout Alberta in similar municipalities. The County does not have a Deputy Director of Emergency Management, however the Director of Community Services and Operations provides a degree of assistance in the delivery of Emergency Management programs. The provision of Emergency Management in municipalities is typically delivered in two distinct modes.

The **first mode** is the day to day activities necessary to develop and maintain an effective emergency management organization. This would include the development and maintenance of the Municipal Emergency Plan, liason with stakeholders, training, exercising, staff development, budgeting, development and maintenance of the emergency operations center, public education and risk management activities. The **second mode** is the provision of emergency management services during an incident. This would include implementation of the Municipal Emergency Plan and the declaration of the State of Local Emergency.

The Municipal Emergency Response Committee is established to advise the Director of Emergency Management on emergency plans. The Municipal Emergency Management Agency is responsible to conduct emergency operations during an incident, working from the Emergency Operations Center.

Challenges

The region continues to experience growth. Mackenzie County is similar to other municipalities which struggle with expanding workloads for staff while maintaining or improving service levels and still meeting the Council and public expectations to provide service at a low cost. The municipality is at the limits of their resources and workloads exceed the capacity to deliver Emergency Management programs. The workload of the Chief Administrative Officer does not permit the delivery of day to day activities in Emergency Management. The CAO is able to provide Emergency Management services in the event of an emergency.

The County Director of Community Services and Operations does not have any additional capacity to provide Emergency Management services. There was evidence lack of clarity between the roles of the County CAO and the Director of Community Services in the provision of day to day Emergency Management services.

In Mackenzie County, the Municipal Emergency Response Committee, Municipal Emergency Management Agency and the Joint Mutual Aid Committee are not functional.

There is no budget identified for Emergency Management in Mackenzie County. The cost for staff time and training for emergency management is contained within budgets of other programs.

The lack of resources to perform Emergency Management functions in the County is likely consistent with the Town of Rainbow Lake, Town of High Level and First Nations. The County should consider a shared Emergency Management Officer staff position. This individual would be responsible to develop and maintain the Emergency Management Plan, liason with stakeholders, training, exercising, staff development, budgeting, development and maintenance of the emergency operations center, public education and risk management activities. It is suggested that terms of reference and cost sharing arrangements be negotiated between the County and its partners.

Recommendations

- **7.** Develop terms of reference and cost sharing arrangement for an Emergency Management Officer position to serve the County and its regional partners.
- **8.** Develop an annual budget meet the demands of the Emergency Management program.

Training

Situation

Municipalities need to develop and implement a training program to support Emergency Mangement. The goal of the training is be to create awareness and enhance the knowledge, skills, and abilities required to implement, support, and maintain Emergency Management. The Director of Emergency Mangement must determine the scope of the training. It is critical that appropriate training records be maintained. Courses which are available in Alberta include the following:

MUNICIPAL ELECTED OFFICIALS COURSE (1/2 Day)

Identifies the roles and responsibilities of elected officials in preparing for and responding to a major emergency or disaster. Summarize's Alberta's emergency management framework and legislation.

DISASTER SOCIAL SERVICES PLANNING COURSE (1 Day)

Large-scale disasters require the activation of the community's Disaster Social Services Response Plan to meet the urgent needs until regular social services or special recovery programs are in operation. The community's Disaster Social Services Response Plan is a specialized component of the Municipal Emergency Plan.

The course describes Alberta's emergency management framework and how Disaster Social Services fits within that framework. Identifies problems and situations arising in a disaster where large numbers of people have been displaced. Outlines the process for developing a Disaster Social Services Response Plan. States how the Disaster Social Services Response Plan is activated.

REGISTRATION AND INQUIRY COURSE (1/2 Day)

In a major disaster, family members may become separated. This can trigger acute anxiety and fear. The Registration and Inquiry service, which is part of the municipality's Disaster Social Services Response Plan, would be activated to collect information and answer inquiries about the condition and whereabouts of survivors.

This course is designed for small- and medium-sized municipalities. Defines the purpose and objectives of the Registration and Inquiry service. Develops the components of the Registration and Inquiry service. Describes how to operate Registration and Inquiry service at a reception centre. Describes how to establish and operate a Central Registry and Inquiry Bureau

EMERGENCY PUBLIC INFORMATION COURSE (1 Day)

A major emergency or disaster may cause deaths, injuries and widespread property damage. The media's interest in these events is invariably intense.

The course will identify the role of the media in a major emergency or disaster: List types of media, identify principles of crisis communications, states roles and responsibilities of an emergency public information manager/designate, describes how to develop and maintain an Emergency Public Information plan, summarizes Alberta's emergency management legislation and framework, defines best practices for disseminating information to the public and the media in a major emergency

EMERGENCY OPERATIONS CENTRE COURSE (1 Day)

This course provides participants with the knowledge and skills required to carry out their responsibilities as members of the municipal emergency operations centre (EOC) team.

The course will identify the purpose, roles, responsibilities, and functions of a municipal EOC, lists the physical requirements of an EOC, describes how to activate an emergency EOC, explains the link between the municipal EOC, the emergency site(s) and other operational sites (e.g. reception centre(s), other EOCs such as industry, Government Emergency Operations Centre).

EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT COURSE (3 Day)

This advanced-level course will develop the knowledge and skills necessary to carry out responsibilities as a member of an emergency site/emergency operations centre team.

Thecourse will develop the principles of the Incident Command System (ICS) to provide a coordinated multi-service/ jurisdictional response at an emergency site, apply emergency operations centre management principles and concepts, demonstrate teamwork in emergency site and emergency operations centre situations, contribute to the decisions required for site management and emergency operations centre actions, implement best practices for the management of information and its communication (e.g. collecting, evaluating, documenting and disseminating information to the emergency site and emergency operations centre teams and informing the public via the media).

PERSONAL DISASTER PREPAREDNESS- THE FIRST 72 HOURS (2 Hours)

This train-the-trainer workshop prepares municipal participants to conduct sessions on personal disaster preparedness in their municipality. At the end of the workshop, participants will have an understanding of: the importance of personal disaster preparedness, motivational strategies to promote personal preparedness within their community, items to include in a personal preparedness kit. At the end

of the workshop, participants will be provided with a CD of the presentation, handouts and brochures to facilitate future training sessions.

BASIC EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT(Online Delivery)

This course provides an overview of emergency management in Alberta including the systems and processes for preventing, mitigating, preparing for, responding to and recovering from emergencies and disasters. You will learn about the key provisions of the Emergency Management Act and have the opportunity to identify the roles and responsibilities of various levels of government and other key organizations involved in emergency management.

ICS 100 (Online Delivery)

The Incident Command System is a standardized management system used to organize and manage a scaleable response to emergency incidents of any magnitude. ICS 100 (Module 1) is intended as an introduction and overview of the ICS. It is intended for people who may be assigned to incidents in non- supervisory roles and as a prerequisite for students continuing on through other levels.

ALBERTA EMERGENCY ALERT COURSE

The Alberta Emergency Alert system utilizes radio and television, websites and social media channels to alert Albertans to help them prepare for and respond to emergencies or disasters. The County has access to the system via the internet to issue a Critical Alert. Users of the system must complete the Alberta Emergency Alert Course prior to authorization for access.

EXERCISES

Once the municipality has developed an effective Emergency Management Plan and has provided an appropriate level of training for all personnel, the next step is to conduct an exercise. An exercise is an instrument used to train for, assess, practice, and improve performance in prevention, protection, response, and recovery capabilities in a risk-free environment. Exercises can be used for testing and validating policies, plans, procedures, training, equipment, and interagency agreements; clarifying and training personnel in roles and responsibilities; improving interagency coordination and communications; identifying gaps in resources; improving individual performance; and identifying opportunities for improvement.

An exercise is also an excellent way to demonstrate community resolve to prepare for disastrous events.

Exercise is the principal means of testing a program's ability to implement its response procedures. It allows the entity and other agencies and organizations to practice procedures and interact with other agencies in a controlled setting. Participants identify and make recommendations to improve the overall program.

The fundamental purpose is to improve implementation procedures. In support of that goal, an exercise should be used to achieve the following:

- (1) Reveal planning weaknesses and strengths in the plan or SOPs/standard operating guidelines (SOGs), or to test and validate recently changed procedures.
- (2) Improve the coordination between various response organizations, elected officials, and community support organizations.
- (3) Validate the training of the critical elements of response, (e.g., incident command, hazard recognition, evacuation, decontamination)
- (4) Increase the municipalities general awareness and understanding of the hazards present.
- (5) Identify additional resources, equipment, or personnel, needed to prepare for and respond to an incident

Exercises include activities performed for the purpose of training and conditioning team members and personnel in appropriate responses with the goal of achieving maximum performance. An exercise can involve invoking response and operational continuity procedures, but is more likely to involve the simulation of a response or operational continuity incident, or both, announced or unannounced, in which participants role-play in order to assess the issues that arise, prior to a real invocation.

Exercises should include, but not be limited to, tabletops, functional exercises, and full operational exercises.

TABLETOP The basic purpose of a tabletop exercise is to solve problems in a group discussion. This normally provides key individuals an opportunity to evaluate coordination, review plan, and SOP elements, and prepare for larger and more complex exercises. Tabletop exercises do not involve response personnel or equipment but are designed to allow for problem solving to occur through discussion. Each problem or element of the exercise must be given adequate time for discussion to allow for complete problem solution.

FUNCTIONAL Functional exercises are a hands-on activity that is designed to evaluate a limited number of functions within the overall plan and does require the use of response personnel and equipment, as well as the coordination needed for those functions. Several functional exercises might be needed to test specific areas of the plan independently for appropriate evaluation. An example would be an exercise for the Reception Center.

FULL SCALE Full-scale exercises are designed to physically test a major portion of the plan, bringing together the functional elements tested during the previous

functional exercises. These exercises typically requires the activation of an EOC to coordinate the activities of all entities involved.

Challenges

Mackenzie County experienced a two major wildfire events in 2012 which were a significant learning opportunity for County staff.

The prime challenge faced by the County is the delivery of effective Emergency Management training programs without impacting the staff's ability to carry out their primary functions. The challenge is further complicated by the need to provide training to external stakeholders whom are under similar pressures.

The County staff have participated in emergency management training primarily in the Incident Command System (ICS 100-200). Training records are available for review. There are no established training standards for staff.

Employee	AEMA Emergency Management	RALA Emergency Exercise	EMAB Basic Emergency Preparedness	EOC Manag	THL Emerg. Public Info	Disaster Social Services	AEMA Registration & Inquiry	ICS 100	ICS 200
Dyck, Ran	-		- 7					4	
Floorett, Louise						1	17		
Herzog, Kimberly						- /	4	7752	
Johnson, Cindy						100	77.		4
Klassen, John		10			1				
Folensky, Ros								-	-
Peters, Byron								1	4
Roberts, Don								- 6	4
Saltitive, Jeff								1	- /
Whittleton, Joulia						V.	×		
Wiebe, Fred									4.

Exercises improve response readiness by providing a way to evaluate operations and plans, reinforcing teamwork and most importantly demonstrating a community's resolve to prepare for disastrous and catastrophic events. Rudolph Giuliani the former Mayor of New York City was quoted:

"We did not anticipate that airliners would be commandeered and turned into guided missiles: but the fact that we practiced for other kinds of disasters made us far more prepared to handle a catastrophe that nobody envisioned."

The objectives for conducting exercises includes:

- Clarification of roles and responsibilities
- > Improve interagency coordination
- Determine resource gaps
- > Develop individual performance
- > Identify opportunities for improvement.

An exercise is not a test, but an opportunity for participants to experience an event in a non-threatening environment.

In cooperation with Alberta Enviornment and Sustainable Resource Development, the County participated in a Table Top exercise in the spring of 2012. The Final Exercise Report was not shared with Mackenzie County. Consequently, the County has not had an opportunity to review or act upon any of the recommendations.

The following action items were derived from the Exercise Report:



4 Exercise Observations and Recommendations

Objective 1 – Test the Zama City Community Zone Preparedness Guide for Operational Effectiveness

Observation	Recommendation		
The Zama City Community Zone Pre-Suppression Plan (2007) is five years old and out of date The "Back-Road" is difficult to identify as a secondary evacuation route on the existing pre-suppression plan	 SRD and MacKenzie County should review and revise the Plan to provide current information for the County and SRD in an easy to use field- operational format 		
 MacKenzie County does not have a copy of the Pre-Suppression Plan for reference 	 Provide copies of the revised Pre-Plan to MacKenzie County for operational use and EOC reference 		

Objective 2 - Test EOC Protocols, Municipal Emergency Plan (MEP), and Readiness for a Wildfire Incident

	D 1.
Observation	Recommendation
EOC briefings were held regularly and were concise, clear, and well managed Alberta Emergency Management Agency was contacted early SOLE was declared quickly AB. Emergency Alert was used effectively	
 Industry representatives may be more effective if they are at the Municipal EOC (Apache, Atco, AltaGas) 	Consider including Agency representatives at the EOC level
MacKenzie County does not have a mutual-aid agreement with Town of High Level for provision of Emergency Social Services	Consider development of a mutual-aid agreement for provision of emergency social services including a defined list of hotels and other services
MacKenzie County Municipal Emergency Plan presently uses the Emergency Site Management model	Review and revise the current MEP to the Incident Command System for EOC's model

Objective 3 - Test Coordination Between SRD, MacKenzie County, and RCMP to Protect Life and Community

Objective 0 - rest coordination between one, machenize county, and remit to restent the and community				
Observation	Recommendation			
 The use of Unified Command was beneficial to both SRD and MacKenzie County personnel, however the concept of Unified Command was not clearly understood by all participants 	 Municipal and SRD staff that may participate in Unified Command incidents should be trained to at least the Basic ICS (I-200) level and those in senior positions should be trained to the Advanced ICS (I-400) level 			
 The "back-road" was not known as a secondary evacuation route by the Incident Command Team 	Utilize the oil & gas and utility industries to provide local knowledge as required Work with Apache to get some better pre-incident data for the landscape to assist responder during an incident			
 The boundaries between Site (ICP) and Support (EOC) were not determined and resulted in confusion between the Incident Mgt Team and the EOC's 	Determine the geographical boundaries of Site and Support to reduce the possibilities of overlaps in operational actions			

Objective 4 - Test Communications Between the ICP and EOC and the EOC and Stakeholders

Observation	Recommendation		
 Communications procedures and protocols between the Incident Command Post and Emergency Operations Centre's were unclear and resulted in some duplicate-reporting of information by multiple parties and some information not being reported at all between ICP and EOC 	 SRD and MacKenzie County should work with each other to consider the shortfalls in this exercise and determine a set of communications protocols for use during future incidents and exercises 		
The establishment of Unified Command was not clearly communicated to the EOC's resulting in confusion of who was in Command	Clearly communicate the establishment of Command to the EOC(s) as soon immediately and confirm receipt of the information		
Industry representatives were contacted to advise of the incident, except for AltaGas, however some were contacted by both EOC and ICP Status updates were not provided to the Industry representatives	SRD and MacKenzie County should consider the protocols for Industry contact and inform all staff to streamline the process Provide updates to Industry as required and/or consider inviting necessary Industry reps to sit at the EOC		

Recommendations

- **9.** Conduct an evaluation of the training requirements and standards and develop an annual Emergency Management training plan for municipal staff and external stakeholders.
- **10.** Conduct a Tabletop Exercise in the winter of 2014. Commence planning for a Functional Exercise in the fall of 2014 and a Full Scale Exercise in the fall of 2015.



Emergency Operation Center

Situation

An emergency operations center (EOC) is the physical location at which the coordination and support of incident management activities take place. Facilities should be capable of accommodating any combination of essential representatives who are identified in the Emergency Management Plan. Facilities should have adequate work space, communications, and backup utilities and should meet other basic human needs for each representative.

EOCs should be organized by major functional discipline services, by jurisdiction, or by some combination of jurisdiction, function, or discipline. For complex incidents, EOCs should be staffed by personnel representing multiple jurisdictions, functional disciplines, and resources.

The physical size, staffing, and equipping of an EOC will depend on the size of the entity, resources available, and anticipated incident management support required. EOCs should be organized and staffed to provide coordination and support to the incident. The specific organizational structure is detailed within the Mackenzie County Municipal Emergency Plan.

EOCs can be permanent facilities or can be established to meet temporary, short-term needs. Primary and alternative emergency operations centers are facilities with capability from which direction and control are exercised during an incident. This type of center is designated to ensure that the capacity exists for the leadership to direct and control operations from a centralized facility in the event of an incident. Alternative EOCs are developed to ensure that facilities are available and located so that they are not impacted by the same event.

A properly designed Emergency Operations Center (EOC) should serve as an effective and efficient facility for coordinating emergency response efforts. An EOC may serve a number of uses including operations, training, meetings and other uses. The EOC can optimize communication and coordination by effective information management and presentation.

EOC's exist in diverse physical structures, sizes and layouts. They operate through diverse member composition and resource allocation. An EOC's effectiveness is not based on these factors per se, but rather on how they best facilitate inter-agency communication, decision making and coordination. To that end, consideration should be given to a number of key requirements. The specific details of these are

depended on the actual context of each operational entity (e.g., its needs or resource capacity).

Nevertheless, the EOC should facilitate different components that include:

- The EOC Main Room (often referred to as "the EOC"), where key information is managed or displayed, activities are monitored, and coordination occurs.
- A conference room where consultation, planning and decision making could be conducted away from the hubbub of the main room.
- A separate space for pre-designated "units" (i.e., planning, logistics, administration)
- Space for the public affairs or emergency public information personnel (should also include a media briefing facility that is best separated by access security from the EOC)
- Dedicated space for staff R&R (e.g., kitchen facility, washrooms, exercise equipment, quiet or sleep area, showers)

Ultimately, the requirements of an effective EOC are driven by its functions.

Communications Capability. This requires sufficient and appropriate resources for uninterrupted communications with the response organization at the site, other organizations within its jurisdictional boundary, the public and external key stakeholders or 'players'. Required resources available to the EOC could include:

- Telephones with headsets to minimize background noise. (Hand-held radios with headset may be used as long as they do not lead to micro management at the scene.)
- Computers with network, internet and Email capacity
- Shared software for the exchange of information, perhaps through common forms
- Printer(s) and scanner
- TV access and DVD (i.e., to monitor the news and record related Media releases or display footage from the scene)
- Fax machine (e.g., to share maps, diagrams, reports)
- Notice boards (including electronic aisle, flip charts) upon which to display key information
- Access to a photocopier and scanner
- Tele or video conferencing capability
- Key documents in sufficient quantities (e.g., emergency plans, maps, directories, phone books, necessary forms)
- Event management software (as long as it is also used in non-disaster circumstances and EOC participants are familiar with it)

Decision making capability. To be effective, the EOC Main Room must be complimented with a quiet space (i.e., a meeting room) where briefings made be conducted and decisions reached, away from the many distractions of the Main Room. The two spaces need to be near each other to minimize travel or absence time of key personnel from the main room.

Coordination Capacity. The EOC should have as many resources as possible (e.g., network, internet and Email connection) to facilitate linkages among the various key stakeholders within the EOC, as well as between it and its external stakeholders. The EOC should facilitate the conduct of briefings and face-to-face interactions for the sake of communication and coordination.

Administration. All of the EOC's other functions are dependent on the administrative support it secured for its operation. This includes Support Staff (e.g., to process the flow of information/documents, replenish needed supplies) and Security personnel (e.g., provide ID, sign in, access control, parking). As an aside, the EOC facility needs to be stocked with the necessary equipment, stationary and supplies (e.g., forms, pens, markers, flashlights, batteries, bulbs, food and water).

Operational continuity. The EOC should have the capacity to survive the same hazards that you expect to affect the community. It also needs backup power supply (i.e., UPS, generator) and 'connectivity' (i.e., radio, phone, network, or satellite). Consideration should also be given to backup resources (i.e., change of shift) and the availability of another and separate location into which the EOC operation could be moved should the primary EOC become unusable.

Most EOC's are used on a day-to-day basis for other purposes (i.e., meetings, training, Council chamber). In such cases, the space needs to be converted quickly into a functioning EOC and its members become the only occupier of the space for as long as necessary. All other users must be aware that the space primary use is as an EOC, and that their use of it is privileged.

Challenges

The following has been coined as the definition of an EOC:

"Where uncomfortable officials meet in unfamiliar surroundings to play unaccustomed roles, making unpopular decisions based on inadequate information, and in much too little time."

There is a great deal of truth to this definition, although its implied limitations can be readily overcome through commitment, planning, and practice (e.g., training and exercise).

The Mackenzie County Municipal Emergency Plan provides roles, responsibilities and checklists for the persons within the Emergency Management Agency whom operate from the EOC.

The County has established the Council Chamber in the Mackenzie County Fort Vermilion office as the Emergency Operation Center. The County will utilize the office in La Crete as the secondary EOC in the event Fort Vermilion is compromised.

The County E.O.C. has superior technology including sufficient phones and computer access. The County Office has a backup generator capable of providing electrical service for the building. The County has not established procedures for the testing and maintenance of the generator. There was no evidence of records of testing or maintenance.

The County E.O.C. has a lack of specific Emergency Management equipment or supplies. These are required to accommodate the members of the Municipal Emergency Management Agency.



Mackenzie County E.O.C.

Recommendations

- **11.** Mackenzie County evaluates the effectiveness of their EOC's and ensure they have adequate resources for Communications Capability, Decision Making Capability, Coordination Capacity, Operational Continuity and Administration.
- **12.** The County implement standard operating procedures for the regular testing, maintenance and record keeping for the backup generator.

Regionalization

Situation

It is clear that the regionalization of many municipal services has been a success throughout Alberta. Regionalization is supported by the Government of Alberta, Alberta Urban Municipalities Association and Alberta Municipal Districts and Counties. The following are some Alberta examples of regionalization.

REGIONAL PLANNING

An example of regionalization available under the Municipal Government Act is the ability of municipalities to enter into agreements with other municipalities for the purposes of addressing regional needs. One such example is the Municipal District of Foothills and the Town of Okotoks, Joint Planning Agreement, adopted January 18, 2010. These two municipalities have had an IDP in place for many years and the Mission Statement and Opportunities Statement of the agreement speak to the long term relationship and the "...desire to commit to a long term partnership...". As part of this agreement the partners have spelled out the principles that will quide the execution of the agreement:

"The following Principles guide subsequent processes and communications between the M.D. of Foothills and the Town of Okotoks:

- 1. Understand each other's growth aspirations by providing full disclosure and factual information;
- 2. Respect each other's point of view and have honest interaction and realistic expectations;
- 3. Respect which aspects of development planning and growth are of mutual interest and which areas are of single jurisdictional interest;
- 4. Share costs relating to the delivery of agreed upon soft and hard services on a Fair and Equitable basis;
- 5. Support each other in finding mutually beneficial solutions;
- 6. Serve the constituents while respecting the social, economic and infrastructure capacities of the municipalities;
- 7. Communicate effectively to clarify any challenges and provide a clear and mutually supportive message to the public and media; and
- 8. Live within the Carrying Capacity of the landscape.

This is a good example of regional service delivery with admirable communication philosophy.

AAMDC

The AAMDC is a strong proponent of regional cooperation and continues to support voluntary agreements among cooperating municipalities as the best solution to addressing common needs on a regional basis. They believe that, when individual municipalities act in good faith, these approaches can continue to address any and all regional concerns. Local governments in Alberta have an enviable record of working together to address service delivery needs within their region. The success of these regional alliances has not been without challenges but the collective will and spirit of cooperation has resulted in positive outcomes.

ALBERTA EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY OPTIONS OF EMERGENCY SERVICES AND EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS (2009)

Option 1- separate emergency services agreements; separate DEM's and separate emergency management programs or systems.

Option 2- involves informal "joint" agreements accomplished through regional fire and rescue services meetings, separate emergency advisory committees, separate emergency management agencies and separate municipal plans. There would be some commonality of training and exercises with no formal written agreements other than current service agreements.

Option 3- would form a single formal "joint" agreement supported by a Bylaw passed by each council. This could result in one emergency advisory committee with representatives from each community. One Director of Emergency Management; one common "Joint" Emergency Management Plan and common training and exercise plans developed and executed. More formal financial funding arrangements could also be made.

Option 4- is to form a formal regional commission to include fire and emergency management services. This would involve:

- Clear regional mandate or regional job description
- Regional authority
- Regional budget
- Regional reporting structure regional plan approval, regional policy approval, job description, operational jurisdiction
- Regional organization, org chart, regional reporting mechanism
- > Regional governance with "arms length" relationship to municipal Councils.
- Clearly understood relationship with municipal councils

It is clear that AEMA supports a regional approach. Many municipalities are not supportive of regional commissions.

GRANDE PRAIRIE REGIONAL EMERGENCY PARTNERSHIP

The Grande Prairie Regional Emergency Partnership has developed an Emergency Management Plan designed to provide guidelines for implementing a coordinated response to large emergencies or disasters affecting the Grande Prairie Regional Emergency Partnership (GPREP) and/or any of the individual municipalities in the Partnership. Municipalities in the Partnership are: Town of Beaverlodge, City of Grande Prairie, Town of Grande Prairie, Village of Hythe, Town of Sexsmith, and Town of Wembley.

The following information was provided by the Grande Prairie Regional Emergency Partnership in describing their journey to regional emergency management.

In 2004, the partners in GPREP were developing the emergency management framework and realized the following pros and cons:

Risks/Cons

- Loss of autonomy (perception)
- Need to carry through
- Must meet individual stakeholders' needs
- Not everyone buying in or participating
- Some may be along for the ride
- Future political or cross border issues
- Sustainability over a longer term
- Changing faces
- Leadership dependant no leader= no plan
- Working group vs. political agreement
- Positional on current plan not moving

Value/Pros

- Expectation that we already do this
- Money better spent
- Legislative requirement fulfilled
- More influence on provincial issues
- Stronger voices
- More access to funding (province/federal)
- Regional services use one plan (GPREMS / RCMP / Health)
 - Consistency
- Cost savings
- Greater impact on money spent
- Template government relation model for other issues
- Safety and system operations
- Maximize resource allocation

In 2005, the framework was presented to each Council within the region as captured in the following:

<u>Purpose</u> (of regional approach): to better manage multi-jurisdictional disasters or emergencies.

What is a multi-jurisdictional disaster or emergency? Weather (e.g. ice storm); Health Issues or Animal Borne Disease; Mass Casualty; Natural Hazards; and Multiple Site incidents.

Emergency Management Review

Problems with Current Process:

- RCMP, Health Services, EMS, and utility agencies not able to provide representation to all municipal EOC's if a wide scale emergency occurs.
- Cannot rely on traditional mutual aid resources.
- Competition for resources (A resource could be identified in multiple disaster plans resulting in several municipality trying to access the same resource.)

Solution: Regional Co-operation

Advantages:

- Increase in operational capabilities.
- Increased efficiency and effectiveness of preparedness and response procedures.
- Access to equipment, technology and EOC facilities.
- Access to training and equipment grants or programs.
- Process is developed before a multijurisdictional incident occurs.

Recommendations:

- That council enter into the Regional Disaster Services Framework Agreement.
- That Administration seek opportunities to obtain grants from other orders of government to deal with the process of developing a regional disaster framework and plan and implementing the plan.

Other comments about the regional approach from various sources (emails, minutes, etc.)

- Single municipalities would not have to write their MEP (because there would be a shared plan)
- Single municipalities would not have to exercise on their own
- Increased operational expertise and depth with regional approach (vs. local approach).
- Better support for all Directors of Emergency Management.
- Better networking.

As a result, all municipalities approved the framework and created the Grande Prairie Regional Emergency Partnership. In 2009, the following was reported by GPREP:

Feedback from Directors of Emergency Management on the regional project

The core GPREP group meets monthly to direct the project. At the Dec 16, 2009 meeting, the program coordinator asked the GPREP group for feedback on how the project was going. (This group includes the Director of Emergency Management from each Municipality as well as the AEMA local field officer.

To help stimulate discussion and responses, the follow questions were posted on the wall and the program coordinator explained that feedback was requested as part of the evaluation process.

What have been the benefits of GPREP?

What has been the impact/result of participating in GPREP?

What, if any, changes in knowledge that you have had over the last year?

What if any, changes in skills that you have had over the last year?

What if any, changes in confidence have you had over the last year?

How are you feeling about where we are at with the project, considering the impact of H1N1.

Below are the comments from that discussion:

• GPREP has given me time – it has taken the emergency management tasks out of my hands.

- Another member of the group indicated that GPREP has taken more time because in the past it was 'easier to set things aside.' GPREP has increased the priority of emergency management issues and forced some to take time to address it.
- We get together more.
- We are using the 4 Cs Communication, collaboration, coordination, and cooperation.
- "It gives me peace of mind."
- We are comfortable with each other. There are all these other CAOs who can do the job. If I am not there, GPREP will get the job done/take care of it.
- We were able to put someone on H1N1 (program coordinator)
 - o It was easy to connect around H1N1 because we were already connected (eg with health, each other etc.)
 - We all had the same information, we didn't have to search for information, and there was a continuity of information.
- Increased engagement was noted. For example before GPREP other municipality reps may observe an exercise, but now they are actively taking part in it.
- Increased confidence, comfort, support, skills, and knowledge (among Directors of Emergency Management)
- There has been good council support. There is a feeling that if any of them had to go to their council for increases related to emergency management, there would be support.
- There is one point shopping now for RCMP, Health, EMS, ATCO, etc. (the program coordinator)
- There are 'new' regional conversations happening. For example there was a joint discussion about an issue today at our meeting in the past we would have looked at it each of us on our own.
- Partners have reported that they are happy to be a part of GPREP. Some areas are asking to be part of GPREP.
- We are a leader and that is nice.
- Risk assessment was completed
- The ability to participate in exercises has been great. There is someone to coordinate it now.
- We have had access to funding and training. (e.g. AEMA funding, CEMC course being offered here)
- The CEMC (Canadian Emergency Management College) course was offered here!
- We have separated governance from the actual program. We have a loose agreement and are working together with that. We do not need to have a commission to do this work.

Challenges

The Towns of High Level and Rainbow Lake and Mackenzie County cooperate on a regular basis both at the Administration and Council levels. They have developed a wide variety of service agreements to meet the expectations of their respective communities. Their partnerships are of mutual benefit.

Mackenzie County and its regional partners are in a unique geographical situation. It is difficult to envision a major emergency that would not affect all the partners, irrespective of the actual location of the incident. The regional municipalities must work together to successfully mitigate a major emergency.

Emergency management represents an opportunity for inter municipal cooperation. The Grande Prairie Regional Emergency Partnership is a valid model. The regional partners could develop an effective partnership with one Regional Emergency Plan. The resources of each of the partners would be combined to mitigate emergency incidents. The Partnership could be managed by the forementioned shared Emergency Services Officer.

Recommendations

13. Mackenzie County consider a leadership role in the development of an Intermunicipal agreement with the Town of Rainbow Lake, Town of High Level and First Nations to develop the Mackenzie Regional Emergency Partnership.



Public Education

Situation

Public Preparedness

Emergency Management Alberta provides a train-the-trainer workshop which prepares municipal participants to conduct sessions on personal disaster preparedness in their municipality. At the end of the workshop, participants will have an understanding of: the importance of personal disaster preparedness, motivational strategies to promote personal preparedness within their community, items to include in a personal preparedness kit. At the end of the workshop, participants will be provided with a CD of the presentation, handouts and brochures to facilitate future training sessions.

The goal is to prepare families for a disaster with three steps:

- Know the risks in your region
- Make a family emergency plan and practice it
- Prepare an emergency kit for your home and vehicle

The public must develop plans for their children in the event of an emergency during school time. In case of an evacuation, residents need to think about what they will do with their pets.

People need to know what to do in the event of an emergency. In an emergency we need to have the public:

- Follow their emergency plan
- > Get their emergency kit
- Listen to the radio or television for information from authorities. Local officials may advise you to stay where you are.
- People need to stay put until all is safe or until ordered to evacuate.

All families should have two emergency kits: a ready-to-stay kit and a ready-to-go kit. These kits should help the family survive 72 hours, whether they stay in their home or need to evacuate.

Shelter in Place is the practice of going or remaining indoors during a sudden outdoor release of a hazardous substance. It has been demonstrated to be the most effective response during the first few hours of a substance release. Sheltering indoors creates a buffer between the public and any toxic hazard that may be in the outside air.

Public Notification of Emergencies

Timely and effective public warnings can save lives, reduce property losses and speed economic recovery. Public warning empowers citizens by providing them with the information they need during times of emergency to make informed decisions. The objective of a public warning system is to capture the attention of people at risk, to provide them with relevant and accurate information regarding the nature of the threat and to provide such information in time for proactive action to be taken. A truly effective public warning system will be capable of reaching those at risk regardless of their location, the time of day, or any disabilities or special needs.

An effective public warning system is one that does far more than just alert citizens to an impending hazard. An effective public warning system is one that provides the ability for government authorities to communicate with citizens prior to, through and after the emergency event.

Local government has an obligation to provide timely and effective community wide communications during emergencies. During an emergency situation, people want to know the facts, how serious the situation could become, some recommendations for what they should do in response, and the means to either respond or seek out additional information that they might need. In order to achieve this level of communication, the public notification system should follow a predetermined process:

- > The event must be detected
- > The decision to warn the public must be made
- > The public must receive and understand the warning
- The public must have somewhere safe to go or action to take
- > The public must act

The most important of part of emergency public notification is the development of effective emergency public communications.

Emergencies present unique challenges to the management of communication. These challenges include the breakdown of communication systems (people and technology), extraordinarily high levels of stress, the fact that events occur rapidly and aggressive demands for information from the media and the public.

During an emergency, people want to know the facts, how serious the situation could become, some recommendations for what they should do in response, and the means to either respond or seek out additional information that they might need. First messages should strive to set the tone, get the facts right, repeat them or update them in a consistent way, and tell people what they should do. Messages should be brief and precise. The message needs to:

- Be First
- > Be Right
- > Be Credible

It is essential to have an effective emergency public communication plan. The plan would identify:

- > Who does the communicating
- What will be communicated
- When will communications occur- trigger points
- > How will we communicate

Challenges

The public in the County has access to brochures and websites which contain emergency preparedness guides. There is no communication plan for the delivery of emergency information to the public.

The County has a designated Information Officer. One Management Team member has access to Alberta Emergency Alert. The County is proactive with the utilization of social media sites such as Twitter and Facebook.

Recommendations

- **14.** Develop a communication plan to promote Public Preparedness for emergencies.
- **15.** Consider the challenges of emergency public notification in the County and develop strategies to mitigate identified issues. This would include additional persons authorized for access to Alberta Emergency Alert.

Municipal Emergency Plan

Situation

Mackenzie County has a Municipal Emergency Plan dated March 9, 2009 and revised February 9, 2011. The purpose of this plan is to provide a prompt and coordinated response to emergencies affecting Mackenzie County.

The plan is not designed to replace existing procedures for dealing with normal emergencies within the County. Following the initial emergency response, an onsite assessment will be conducted by the emergency services first responders. When it is determined that the emergency is beyond that of a normal response, they will (in consultation with other agencies as appropriate) determine the extent of the response that will be required to deal effectively with the emergency, and notify the County accordingly.

The Municipal Emergency Plan is issued by Council under the authority of:

- (1) the Emergency Management Act, Revised Statutes of Alberta, 2000
- (2) the Mackenzie County Municipal Emergency Management By-Law.

This plan may be activated in part or in whole:

- (1) On a declaration of a State of Local Emergency by those authorized to do so in accordance with the Mackenzie County Municipal Emergency Management By-Law.
- (2) On a declaration of a Provincial State of Emergency by the Lieutenant Governor in Council in accordance with Part 2, Section 18 of the *Emergency Management Act*.
- (3) When NO declared state of emergency exists:
 - a) by the Reeve or Council;

b) by the Director of the Mackenzie County Emergency Management Agency or Designate and notification to Council when reasonably possible.

The preparation, coordination, development and maintenance of the Municipal Emergency Plan is the responsibility of the Director of the Mackenzie County Emergency Management Agency.

This plan must be reviewed annually by the Mackenzie County Emergency Response Committee. The Committee must advise Council on the development and status of the Municipal Emergency Plan and related programs at least once annually.

The Mackenzie County Council must ensure that emergency plans and programs are prepared to address emergencies or disasters in Mackenzie County and approve the Municipal Emergency Plan. The Council shall review the status of the Municipal Emergency Plan at least once annually.

Mackenzie County Council has approved Policy No EMR002 in relation to Disaster Services:

Policy Statement and Guidelines

The municipality's Municipal Emergency Plan shall be implemented, in whole or in part when:

- an emergency, either imminent or in progress, affects the municipality, or
- direction is received from the Alberta Emergency Management Agency.

The municipality shall review and update the plan annually.

Exercises to practice the use of the plan shall be held as deemed necessary by the Director of the Mackenzie County Emergency Management Agency or designate.

Mackenzie Council Committee Terms of Reference describes the role of the Emergency Response Committee in particular to:

- Review the Municipal Emergency Plan and related programs on a regular basis.
- Advise Council on the development and status of the Municipal Emergency Plan and related programs at least once annually.

Challenges

Mackenzie County has appropriate policy, procedures and Bylaws to develop and maintain the Municipal Emergency Plan. It is important that municipalities meet their statutory obligations within their policy, bylaws and legislation.

Largely due to a lack of human resources, the Municipal Emergency plan has not been reviewed or updated on an annual basis by the Director of the Emergency Management Agency, the Emergency Management Agency, Emergency Response Committee or the Mackenzie County Council.

Industry, Government and Municipal partners in the Mackenzie Region have limited knowledge about the Mackenzie County Municipal Emergency Plan.

The Province of Alberta is currently developing a new Municipal Emergency Plan template for Alberta municipalities. Mackenzie County would be well served by adopting this new format when it is released.

Recommendations

16. Revise the Mackenzie County Municipal Emergency Plan in the new Provincial format. Develop the revisions with consultation with members of the Municipal Emergency Management Agency and the Emergency Response Committee. Utilize existing policy, bylaws and legislation to guide development procedures.

Summary of Recommendations

- 1. The County confirm the process and authorities for declaration of State of Local Emergency within the Bylaw.
- 2. Mackenzie County establish an effective Emergency Response Committee and Municipal Emergency Management Agency to perform the statutory duties imposed in the Municipal Emergency Management Agency Bylaw. The Committee and the Agency must meet on a regular basis.
- 3. Mackenzie County develop Mutual Aid Agreements with Northern Sunrise County, M.D. of Opportunity, County of Northern Lights, Town of Manning and First Nations within the County. A Mutual Aid Agreement with the M.D. of Opportunity should be the first priority in order to manage the anticipated emergency response to Highway 88.
- 4. In accordance with the Mackenzie Mutual Aid Agreement, develop the required Joint Mutual Aid Committee.
- 5. Revise the Mackenzie Mutual Aid Agreement to reflect the response of all municipal resources beyond the Fire Department.
- 6. Continue with the negotiation of Regional Hazardous Materials Response Agreement. Fulfil the agreement obligation to develop service levels, operations and funding for Hazardous Material response.
- 7. Develop terms of reference and cost sharing arrangement for an Emergency Management Officer position to serve the County and its regional partners.
- 8. Develop an annual budget meet the demands of the Emergency Management program.
- 9. Conduct an evaluation of the training requirements and standards and develop an annual Emergency Management training plan for municipal staff and external stakeholders.

- 10.Conduct a Tabletop Exercise in the winter of 2014. Commence planning for a Functional Exercise in the fall of 2014 and a Full Scale Exercise in the fall of 2015.
- 11.Mackenzie County evaluates the effectiveness of their EOC's and ensure they have adequate resources for Communications Capability, Decision Making Capability, Coordination Capacity, Operational Continuity and Administration.
- 12. The County implement standard operating procedures for the regular testing, maintenance and record keeping for the backup generator.
- 13. Mackenzie County consider a leadership role in the development of an Intermunicipal agreement with the Town of Rainbow Lake, Town of High Level and First Nations to develop the Mackenzie Regional Emergency Partnership.
- 14. Develop a communication plan to promote Public Preparedness for emergencies.
- 15. Consider the challenges of emergency public notification in the County and develop strategies to mitigate. This would include additional persons authorized for access to Alberta Emergency Alert.
- 16.Revise the Mackenzie County Municipal Emergency Plan in the new Provincial format. Develop the revisions with consultation with members of the Municipal Emergency Management Agency and the Emergency Response Committee. Utilize existing policy, bylaws and legislation to guide development procedures.



MACKENZIE COUNTY REQUEST FOR DECISION

Meeting: Regular Council Me

Meeting Date: October 8, 2013

Presented By: Joulia Whittleton, Chief Administrative Officer

Title: Information/Correspondence

BACKGROUND / PROPOSAL:

The following items are attached for your information, review, and action if required.

- Action List
- Correspondence Alberta Health Services (Air Ambulance Service Update)
- Correspondence AFPA (Forest Industry Update)
- Information Bulletin Albertan's asked to help build Alberta's budget
- Mackenzie Housing Management Board Meeting Minutes
- TransCanada/ATCO Asset Exchange Update
- Recycle My Cell in Alberta
- LC Community Library's 7th Annual Salmon Grill Dinner & Silent Auction
- Home Warranties for Albertans
- Northern Region Collaborative Tourism Workshops
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RECOMMENDED ACTION:

That the information/correspondence items be accepted for information purposes.

Author:	C. Gabriel	Review by:	CAO

Mackenzie County Action List as of September 24, 2013

Council Meeting Motions Requiring Action

Motion	Action Required	Action By	Status
1 1 1 00			
August 11, 20 09-08-643	That administration pursue the federal government in order to acquire a portion of the land for the third phase of the Fort Vermilion Walking Trail project as discussed.	Joulia Bill Ron P.	In progress
July 9, 2012 (I Council Meeting		
12-07-494	That administration proceed as discussed regarding the access to Plan 0023789, Block 1, Lot 1.	Bill John Byron	In progress
August 22, 20	112 Council Meeting		
12-08-550	That administration continue to work with Alberta Transportation to secure a long term lease in the Meander area. (gravel)	Bill Ron P. Mark	08-Oct-13
	012 Council Meeting		
12-10-731	That Council continues lobbying to have the Zama Access and Highway 88 Connector roads designated as primary highways and immediate upgrading.	Joulia Bill	In progress Letter sent to the Premier Rec'd response from AT
February 27,	2013 Council Meeting		
13-02-121	That administration continue to work towards expanding the Fort Vermilion Bridge Campground recreational area by applying for a lease with Alberta Environment & Sustainable Resource Development that encompasses both existing and future area.	Ron P.	In progress
13-02-122	That an open house be held for the public to provide input on the future expansion of the Fort Vermilion Bridge Campground recreational area.	Ron P.	After lease is in place.
March 12, 20	13 Council Meeting		
13-03-150	That administration investigate the construction of rural water line connections to access more provincial funding.	Joulia Bill K.	In progress
13-03-158	That administration proceed with obtaining legal advice to deal with the encroachment of the Manufactured Dwelling on Plan 042 2979, Block 24, Lot 8 in the Hamlet of La Crete.	Byron	Waiting for legal advice.
13-03-165	That administration proceed with drafting an Antenna System Siting Protocol for review by Council.	Byron	In progress

Motion	Action Required	Action By	Status
March 27, 20	U D13 Council Meeting		
13-03-197	That the County's potential membership in the Peace Library System be referred to the Mackenzie Library Board for further review and recommendation.	Joulia	Mackenzie Library Board 08-Oct-13 Delegation
April 9, 2013	Council Meeting		
13-04-225	That administration research options in getting the North Peace Water mapping survey completed.	Bill K.	Report 08-Oct-13 from AT (Glen Winner)
13-04-234	That the First Nation Chief & Council's be formally notified of monthly Council meetings and be invited to attend.	Joulia	In progress
April 12, 201	3 Special Council Meeting		
13-04-247	That a letter be sent to MLA Frank Oberle requesting an exemption on the timber salvage policy on recreational areas and non-profit leases.	Joulia Bill K.	In progress
April 24, 201	3 Council Meeting		
13-04-273	That administration investigate the farmland tax rates prior to the 2014 tax year.	Alison	2014 Budget
13-04-274	That a letter of support be provided to the Northwest Region FASD Society for their Supported Independent Living Program in the Mackenzie Region.	Alison	In progress
May 7, 2013	Council Meeting		
13-05-319	That administration bring back a proposed Land Use Bylaw amendment for structure removals within Hamlets.	Byron	In progress
13-05-320	That administration research options for identifying flood areas for subdivision approvals in rural areas.	Byron	In progress

Council Meeting Action List
24-Sep-13

July 16, 2013 Council Meeting

May 28, 2013 Council Meeting

13-05-332

13-05-375

13-05-379

13-07-482

Under Review

In progress

2014 Budget

30-Oct-13

Byron

Joulia

Bill K.

Alison

John K.

Alison

That administration develops a policy addressing

That the Zama Access paving be the first capital

priority for paving a road outside a hamlet boundary

and that administration continue reviewing options and applying for provincial and/or federal grants as these may become available with intent to complete

That the utility rates be tabled to the first 2014

That the Sewage Lagoon Disposal Agreement be

adopted as presented and the fees be researched

Council review and consideration.

the paving of this road.

budget meeting.

dedication of reserves as per Division 7 of MGA for

Motion Action Required		Action By	Status	
	and brought back to Council.			
	and brought back to Council.			
13-07-487	That a supplementary application be submitted to Alberta Transportation under the Alberta Water and Waste Water Program for the La Crete Lagoon Upgrades and Expansion project for the amount in excess of the prior approval.	Joulia John K.	In progress	
13-07-525	That the proposal by the Mackenzie Applied Research Association be researched by administration and brought back to the next meeting.	Joulia Grant	ASB	
August 12, 20	013 Council Meeting			
13-08-562	That administration amend the Municipal Development Plan and Land Use Bylaw to ensure consistency with the Area Structure Plans, and bring back to Council in a timely manner.	Byron		
August 26, 20	013 Council Meeting			
13-08-586	That the County obtain title to the property under Roll 081648, Lot 30, Block 4, Plan 962 4275 under C of T 122 230 357.	Alison		
13-08-587	That, upon obtaining the title to the property under Roll 081648, Lot 30, Block 4, Plan 962 4275 under C of T 122 230 357, the property be offered for sale immediately by sealed tender.	Alison		
13-08-594	That Mackenzie County continues to host the Mackenzie County Agricultural Fair & Trade Show at the Fort Vermilion Research Station (Experimental Farm).	Joulia Grant	2014 budget	
13-08-599	That consideration of Councillor honorariums for pre-construction meetings for major road construction projects be TABLED to the organizational meeting.	Carol	23-Oct-13	
13-08-602	That administration be directed to draft a contract for sharing a Peace Officer service with the Town of Rainbow Lake on a cost recovery basis effective November 1, 2013 for Council's review.	Joulia Ron P.		
13-08-605	That administration research the opportunities of a portable photo radar unit.	Ron P.		
September 10	D, 2013 Council Meeting			
13-09-622	That the Surface Water Management and Conservation Master Plan be awarded to the lowest qualified proposal and that administration works with the Agriculture Service Board and local area steering committees for implementation.	Bill K. Grant		
13-09-623	That administration be instructed to bring back an	Ron	08-Oct-13	

Motion	Action Required	Action By Status	
	 amended Off Highway Vehicle Bylaw that includes additional restrictions: All Off Highway Vehicles must have a current vehicle registration and valid license plate visible Must follow all provincial legislation La Crete/Fort Vermilion – no use of ditches for summer ATV use within Hamlet unless it is a designated trail Zama – permit use as regular mode of transportation, no use of ditches or watercourses for summer ATV use within Hamlet 		
13-09-647	That Mackenzie County participates in an application for the Regional Housing Needs Assessment Study project, to be submitted in conjunction with the Towns of High Level and Rainbow Lake under the component of the Regional Collaboration Program, and further that Mackenzie County, the applicant, agrees to enter into a Conditional Grant Agreement, governing the purpose and use of the grant funds.	Joulia	
13-09-648	That administration prepare an Offer to Purchase for selling the agricultural research equipment to Mackenzie Applied Research Association (MARA), subject to the equipment being reverted to the County for \$1.00 should MARA discontinue its operations.	Joulia Grant	
13-09-649	That a Letter of Commitment to enter into a long- term lease agreement for all or a portion of the Fort Vermilion Research Station lands, as will be required by Mackenzie Applied Research Association for the continuation of agricultural research, be issued to Alberta Agriculture and Rural Development, subject to the County's acquisition of the lands from Agriculture Canada.	Joulia Grant	
13-09-650	That administration be authorized to submit the AAMDC Survey on the Maintenance and Service on Three-Digit (Secondary) Highways on behalf of Council as discussed.	Carol	
13-09-655	That a letter be sent to Alberta Environment & Sustainable Resource Development requesting the status of the diseased bison local advisory group.	Bill K. Grant	
13-09-661	That administration be authorized to negotiate as discussed regarding the Highway 88 Connector Phase I project bonuses and penalties.	Joulia Bill K.	
13-09-662	That administration proceed with establishing the Water Supply Agreement with Ainsworth/Louisiana	Joulia Bill K.	

Motion	Action Required	Action By	Status
	Pacific as discussed and that it be in place prior to commencement of the High Level Rural (South) Water Line construction.		
September 24	, 2013 Council Meeting		
13-09-682	That a response be sent to the Town of High Level regarding the regional service sharing agreement as discussed.	Joulia	

Motion	Action Required	Action By	Status
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Community Sustainability Plan – Action Items

Tasks	Responsibility	Approximate Deadline				
Sustainable governance items:						
Citizen-engagement plan, formal avenues for active citizen involvement in strategic planning, long-term planning; undertake citizen satisfaction surveys;	CAO					
Local elections – collect, keep and report to Council voter data from municipal elections (comparative between elections);	Carol					
Review and/or establish Council Policy/Procedure on media communications, responding to citizens, contact with Government, etc.;	CAO, Carol					
Establish a Council Library in the Corporate Office (make a variety of municipal government related books and magazines available);	CAO, Carol	Completed				
Service delivery items:	Service delivery items:					
Review standards for the services that are delivered and establish a formal process to review and evaluate compliance with those standards;	Management Team					
Infrastructure items:						
Review and recommend options regarding an infrastructure management system;	Management Team					
Review/develop a plan for maintaining municipal infrastructure;	Management Team					
Economic vitality items:						
Bring options regarding establishing an annual business licensing;	Byron					
Risk management items:						
Review and report to Council regarding a municipal service continuity plan;	Management Team					
Review and report to Council regarding Occupational Health and Safety practices (inclusive of CORE certification status).	CAO					



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September 13, 2013

Bill Neufeld Reeve, Mackenzie County 4511 46 Avenue Box 640 Fort Vermilion, AB T0H 1N0 MACKENZIE COUNTY FORT VERMILION OFFICE

Attention: Mr. Neufeld

Dear Mr. Neufeld:

Re: Air Ambulance Service Delivery Model - Update

We write today with an important update about air ambulance services in Alberta.

Alberta Health Services (AHS) will continue to work, in close consultation with communities and stakeholders, on a long-term air ambulance plan that will best meet the needs of patients and communities.

We signaled our intention in May to move a small number of medevac planes to different base locations as a way to match resources to demand, while at the same time improving the overall quality of medevac care offered to Albertans through the introduction of in-flight teams that could provide critical care to patients.

In health care, patients and people must always come first; when concerns were raised by communities, medical professionals and others impacted by the proposed changes to medevac services, we listened carefully to those concerns, and have responded.

AHS has cancelled the current request for proposals (RFP) for aviation and medical air ambulance providers. All current medevac aircraft will remain operating as they are now while a long-term plan is finalized. AHS is seeking contract extensions or new contracts where necessary, with all medevac providers to ensure continuity of service while the long-term plan is finalized.

From day one, the priority has been to improve access to the highest level of medevac care for more Albertans, and that continues to be the driving motivation going forward. Critical care teams – which are trained to a higher level than current in-flight medical crew – will continue to be central to any new plan to ensure safe, quality and timely emergency medical services for more patients.



However, we recognize the new plan must also take into account the specific needs of individual communities. Over the next year, we will continue to develop a long-term air ambulance service delivery model in close collaboration with stakeholders. As before, it will ensure the best possible patient care for patients. The new plan will:

- Enhance the level of care provided to critical patients.
- Ensure that the location of air ambulance bases meets the needs of communities.
- Match resources to demand, so aircraft are available for patients when they need it.
- Ensure the needs of First Nations communities are met (through collaboration with Health Canada).

Earlier this week AHS made a commitment to put greater emphasis on its relationships with stakeholders, and to ensure patient and community voices are heard before decisions that affect them are made. This engagement can be done better, and will be done better.

A long-term air ambulance plan will move forward with the input and guidance of communities, stakeholders, frontline staff and physicians – the people that rely on this vital health care service. Communities and stakeholders that are affected by changes to medevac care must play a role in shaping the future of those services.

AHS has committed to building renewed relationships with the patients and communities we care for. When Albertans need medevac support, they get the right response.

Thank you for your ongoing interest in air ambulance services in Alberta. If you have any questions, please feel free to contact Darren Sandbeck at (403) 701-3070 or darren.sandbeck@albertahealthservices.ca.

Sincerely,

Darren Sandbeck Vice President(Interim)

EMS

Dr. lan Phelps

Fan Phil

Senior Medical Director

EMS





September 10, 2013

His Worship Bill Neufeld Reeve, Mackenzie County Box 640 Fort Vermilion, Alberta, TOH 1NO

Dear Reeve Neufeld:

Re: Forest Industry Update

The last two years have seen a turnaround within the forest industry. This has allowed our members to make significant contributions to communities by investing in facilities, brining new technologies online, and providing jobs.

We are very grateful to you for your past support – it has allowed us to overcome substantial challenges. There are a number of challenges looming on the horizon that may affect our future, and we believe that once again, your support will be integral.

- Species at Risk Act Federal Species at Risk Act legislation will be updated in 2014. This
 legislation has major ramifications for the way that our industry accesses land and our long-term
 viability.
- Electricity Electricity prices in Alberta are a substantial part of a forest company's operating costs. Increasing electricity prices detract from competitiveness and increase the potential of jobs moving to other jurisdictions.
- 3) Tenure Our industry needs secure access to the landbase. This helps to promote investment in the industry and our communities. Land-use decisions and other factors have the potential to impact secure tenure.

We will provide additional information on these and other issues when decision-making processes begin. We hope that your continued support will help ensure a healthy future for our industry and your community.

Sincerely,

Brady D. Whittaker President and CEO

Attachment: Tenure Information Sheet



What is Forest Tenure?

The Province is the owner of all timber located on Provincial Crown Lands in Alberta and allocates the right to harvest timber under various forms of forest tenure. We have a world-class tenure system that has facilitated the development of state-of-the-art manufacturing facilities and a balanced approach to land stewardship. Forest companies harvest less than 1% of the forest annually, carry out prompt reforestation, and return the land to its natural state.



Who is Impacted by Secure Tenure?

- 50 communities in the province are dependent on the forest industry
- The forest industry sustains 18,000 jobs and contributes \$5.3 billion annually as a pillar of Alberta's economy
- Secure tenure facilitates development and investment in infrastructure for communities (roads, bridges, community recreation)
- Forest companies deliver \$535 million in payments to Government annually

Why is Secure Tenure Important?

- Encourages environmental stewardship practices that sustain air, water, soil and wildlife values
- Promotes sustainable forest management and reduces provincial costs to manage forest fire and pest outbreaks
- Encouraged the forest industry to invest over \$5 billion in the province
- Helped to develop new products and markets world wide.







What are the Risks if Tenure is Lost?

Withdrawing land or harvesting rights from tenure means lost jobs and revenue for communities, less investment in infrastructure and mill facilities, increased risk of catastrophic forest fire and pest outbreaks, and reduced economic diversity for Alberta.



What Can You Do?

- Support a balanced and open Land-use Framework process
- Advocate for a system of land management that allows for multiple uses
 of Alberta's forests (recreation, industrial use, wildlife conservation)
 instead of a system that sets aside land for one purpose only
- Promote partnerships between industry and other landbase users
- Be an advocate for the forest industry in your community





MACKENZIE COUNTY FORT VERMILION OFFICE









From: alberta.news@gov.ab.ca
To: Joulia Whittleton

Subject: Information Bulletin: Albertans asked to help build Alberta's budget

Date: Tuesday, October 01, 2013 2:19:20 PM

Albertans asked to help build Alberta's budget

October 01, 2013 Media inquiries

Albertans can share their priorities for Budget 2014 by attending one of 11 open house sessions across the province or completing an online survey.

"Developing a sound budget means reaching out to Albertans and finding out what is important to them and their families. Last year, it was savings and infrastructure. Now we want to build on those priorities. We want to learn how Albertans think the province's savings should be used, and explore more options to finance public infrastructure. Savings is a key tool in the Building Alberta Plan, and alternative financing is helping us build Alberta today and tomorrow."

- Doug Horner, President of Treasury Board and Minister of Finance

Public open house sessions will take place from October 9 to 18. People attending the sessions will be guided through a series of questions that will help government identify priorities for next year's budget.

Albertans unable to attend one of the open house sessions can still provide their comments by completing an online survey. Submissions will be accepted until October 31.

As part of the budget consultations, government is holding the second Alberta Economic Summit in Edmonton on October 5. Leaders from academia, private and public sectors, as well as MLAs and guests, will discuss how to manage savings and explore alternative financing options for new roads, schools and

health facilities.

Our government was elected to keep building Alberta, to live within its means and to fight to open new markets for Alberta's resources. We will continue to deliver the responsible change Albertans voted for.

Related information

Learn more about Alberta's budget

Media inquiries

Chris Bourdeau

780-427-5364 Communications, Treasury Board and Finance

View this announcement online Government of Alberta newsroom Contact government Unsubscribe

Budget 2014 Open Houses

Join in a public consultation on budgeting priorities.

Open houses will be held across the province from October 9 to 18. People attending will be guided through a series of questions that will help us identify priorities for next year's budget. They'll also have a chance to hear firsthand from Doug Horner, President of Treasury Board and Minister of Finance.

If you're unable to attend an open house, you can still give feedback until October 31 by completing an Online consultation.



Athabasca

1:30 - 3:30 pm | Athabasca Regional Multiplex (Perpetual/Scotiabank), #2 University Drive



Edmonton

7 - 9 pm | Holiday Inn Hotel Conference Centre (Evergreen A), 4485 Gateway Boulevard



Taber

10 am - 12 pm | Heritage Inn Hotel & Convention Centre (Room A & B), 4830-46 Avenue, Highway 3



Medicine Hat

2 - 4 pm | Holiday Inn Express & Suites (Cactus/Cottonwood), 9 Strachan Bay SE



Lethbridge

1 - 3 pm | Lethbridge Lodge Hotel and Conference Centre (Antons Ballroom), 320 Scenic Drive South



Barrhead

7 - 9 pm | Barrhead Senior Citizens Drop In Centre, 5437-49 Street



Calgary

7 - 9 pm | The Greenwood Inn & Suites (Mapleleaf A), 3515-26 Street NE



Wainwright

10 am - 12 pm| Ramada Wainwright, 1510-27 Street



Red Deer

2 - 4 pm | Red Deer Lodge Hotel and Conference Centre (Gull Lake Room), 4311-49 Avenue



Peace River

10 am - 12 pm | Sawridge Inn and Conference Centre (Peace River Room), 9510-100 Street



Edson

2 - 4 pm | Galloway Station Museum & Travel Centre, 223-55 Street

MACKENZIE HOUSING MANAGEMENT BOARD REGULAR BOARD MEETING

August 26, 2013 – 10:00 A.M. Fireside Room – Heimstaed Lodge

In Attendance: George Friesen, Chair

Jack Eccles, Vice-Chair

Wally Olorenshaw

Peter Ernst

Wally Schroeder

Odell Flett-joined via Telephone at 10:30 a.m.

Paul Driedger Mike Kowal

Cheryl Cunningham-Burns – arrived at 10:12 a.m.

Regrets: Peter H. Wieler

Administration: Barb Spurgeon, Chief Administrative Officer

Evelyn Peters, Executive Assistant Zona Peters, Health Care Manager Dorothy Klassen, Lodge Manager Tony Dellerose, Housing Coordinator

Call to Order: Chair George Friesen called the Board meeting to order at

10:00 a.m.

Chair George Friesen called for introductions

Agenda: Approval of Agenda

13-114 Moved by Mike Kowal

That the agenda be approved as distributed.

Carried

Minutes: June 24, 2013 Regular Board Meeting

13-115 Moved by Peter Ernst

That the June 24, 2013 regular board meeting minutes be

approved as distributed.

Carried

Reports: <u>CAO Report</u>

13-116 Moved by Jack Eccles

That the Chief Administrative Officer report be received for

information.

Carried

10:12 am Cheryl Cunningham-Burns joined the meeting.

Financial Reports Housing Financial Reports – July 31, 2013

13-117 Moved by Jack Eccles

That the July 31, 2013 housing financial report be received

for information.

Carried

10:30 a.m. Odell Flett joined the meeting via telephone

conference.

Lodge Financial Reports – July 31 2013

13-118 Moved by Wally Olorenshaw

That the July 31, 2013 lodge financial report be received for

information.

Carried

Assisted Care Financial Reports-July 31, 2013

13-119 Moved by Wally Schroeder

That the July 31, 2013 assisted care financial report be received for information.

Carried

Arrears Report – July 31, 2013

13-120 Moved by Mike Kowal

That the July 31, 2013 arrears report be received for

information.

Carried

Chairman George Friesen recessed the meeting at 10:54 a.m.

Chairman George Friesen reconvened the meeting at 11:04

a.m.

13- 121 Moved by Peter Ernst

That administration be directed to research status as a nonprofit entity to see if Mackenzie Housing Management

Board is tax exempt.

Carried

New Business:

Legal Opinion – Conflict of Interest

13- 122 Moved by Wally Olorenshaw

That the legal opinion from Reynolds, Mirth, Richards and Farmer

on conflict of interest be received for information.

Carried

Outstanding Requisitions

Cheryl Cunningham–Burns declared a perceived conflict of interest and left the meeting at 11:08 a.m.

Peter Ernst left the meeting at 11:17 a.m.

13- 123 Moved by Wally Olorenshaw

That the Town of High Level's offer to pay ½ of the outstanding requisition be approved.

Defeated Unanimously

13- 124 Moved by Jack Eccles

That letters be written to the Minister of Municipal Affairs and the Town of High Level regarding the inability to resolve the outstanding requisition.

Carried

Cheryl Cunningham–Burns and Peter Ernst rejoined the meeting at 11:39 a.m.

Amalgamation Options

13- 125 Moved by Mike Kowal

That the shared services model of the Governance options be put forward to the amalgamation Committee as an alternate option to consider.

Carried

That Mackenzie Housing Management Board build a lodge in High Level as per the direction of the municipalities.

Odell Flett asked for a recorded vote.

8 In favor

1 Opposed

Chairman George Friesen recessed the meeting at 12:15 p.m.

Chairman George Friesen reconvened the meeting at 12:23 p.m.

Letter to SL2 Clients from Alberta Health Services

13- 127 Moved by Wally Olorenshaw

That Alberta Health Services correspondence regarding Supportive Living 2 residents is received for information.

Carried

Alberta Health Contract

13- 128 Moved by Wally Olorenshaw

That the Alberta Health Services Contract be tabled to September 30th regular board meeting.

Carried

Senior's Income - July 2013

13- 129 Moved by Peter Ernst

That Heimstaed Lodge rent is increased to \$1300.00 effective

January 1, 2014.

Carried

Peace Zone Meeting

13- 130 Moved by Peter Ernst

That the minutes of the ASCHA Peace Zone meeting held April

10, 2013 be received for information.

Carried

Electricity Recovery

13- 131 Moved by Mike Kowal

That the report on electricity recovery be received for information.

Carried

Information:

13- 132 Moved by Odell Flett

That the following be accepted for information.

- Bank reconciliation for June 30, 2013
- Bank reconciliation for July 31, 2013
- Alberta Municipal Affairs Letter

Carried

In Camera: Legal / Land / or Labor

Next Meeting Date: Regular Board Meeting – September 30, 2013 at 10:00 am

Fireside Room - Phase I Heimstaed Lodge

Adjournment	t:	•	
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13- 133 Moved by Peter Ernst

That the board meeting of August 26, 2013 be adjourned at

12:39 p.m.

Carried

George Friesen, Chair Evelyn Peters

Executive Assistant

MACKENZIE HOUSING MANAGEMENT BOARD SPECIAL BOARD MEETING

September 16, 2013 – 9:00 A.M. Fireside Room – Heimstaed Lodge

In Attendance: George Friesen, Chair

Jack Eccles - Vice-Chair-via teleconference

Wally Olorenshaw Wally Schroeder Peter H. Wieler

Odell Flett Mike Kowal

Regrets: Peter Ernst

Paul Driedger

Cheryl Cunningham - Burns

Administration: Barb Spurgeon, Chief Administrative Officer

Call to Order: Chair George Friesen called the Board meeting to order at

9:07 a.m.

New Business:

In Camera: Legal / Land / or Labor

13- 134 Moved by Wally Olorenshaw

That the meeting move to in camera at 9:08

Carried

13-135 Moved by

That meeting move out of in camera at 9:40 am

Carried

13-136 Moved by Odell Flett

Next Meeting Date:

Adjournment:

12-121

That the proposal from High Level Housing Authority not be accepted as presented

Carried Unanimous

Regular Board Meeting – September 30, 2013 at 10:00 am Fireside Room – Phase I Heimstaed Lodge

Moved by Peter Wieler
That the special board meeting of September 16, 2013 be adjourned at 9:50am.

Carried

George Friesen, Chair Barbara L Spurgeon

Chief Administrative Officer





Dear Stakeholder,

Re: TransCanada/ATCO Asset Exchange Update

TransCanada, through its subsidiary NOVA Gas Transmission Ltd. ("NGTL"), and ATCO Pipelines ("ATCO") had entered into an Asset Swap Agreement to exchange ownership of approximately 3,100 km of natural gas pipelines and related facilities in Alberta, "Asset Exchange". In October 2011, TransCanada and ATCO sent out an Asset Exchange Information Package to provide details of how this change might affect you.

This letter is to update you on the status of the Asset Exchange. There have been three major developments:

- 1) ATCO obtained approval from the Alberta Utilities Commission necessary for the exchange on November 22, 2012.
- 2) NGTL expects to file its application to the National Energy Board in Q4 2013.
- 3) NGTL and ATCO have recently amended the Asset Swap Agreement to remove approximately 390 km of natural gas pipelines and associated facilities from the exchange as identified in red on the attached map. Therefore, if these assets are currently owned and operated by NGTL, they will continue to be owned and operated by NGTL, and if these assets are currently owned and operated by ATCO, they will continue to be owned and operated by ATCO.

If you have concerns or questions, please contact us. We have several different ways you can get in touch with us and would encourage you to choose the one most convenient to you.

By Phone: 1.877.259.2053

Email: tc_atco@transcanada.com

Website: www.transcanada.com/atcoassetexchange

Sincerely,

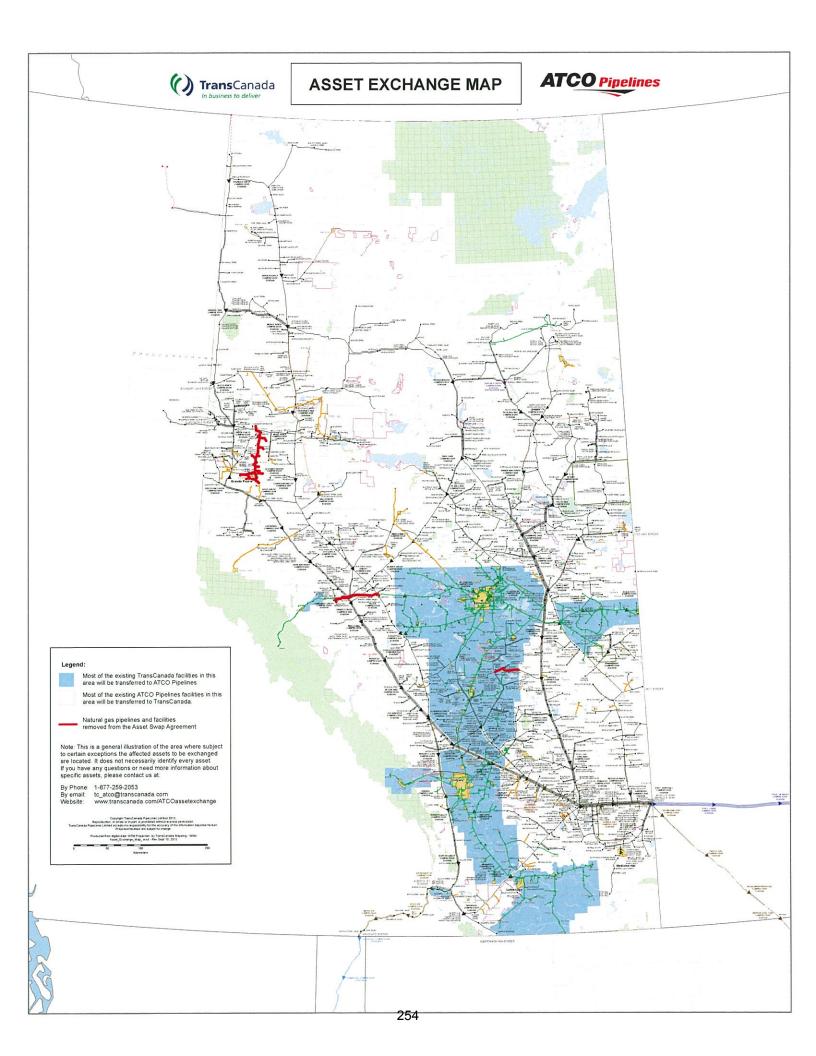
Neil Pitman Manager, Projects

ATCO Pipelines

John Hunt

Director, Land Management and Community Relations

TransCanada





September 23, 2013

Reeve Bill Neufeld PO Box 640 Fort Vermilion, Alberta TOH 1NO OCT -3 2013

MACKENZIE COUNTY
VERMILION OFFICE

Dear Reeve Neufeld,

Re: Recycle My Cell in Alberta

I wanted to take a few minutes of your time to provide an update concerning the Recycle My Cell (RMC) program. As you may know, Recycle My Cell has been operating within Alberta on a voluntary basis since June 2011. The program operates under a Memorandum of Understanding with Alberta Environment and Sustainable Resource Development.

Recycle My Cell is Canada's national recycling program for mobile devices. It is a free, convenient and easy-to-use way to recycle old and unwanted cell phones, smartphones and accessories (rechargeable cell phone batteries, chargers, etc.). The program is organized by the Canadian Wireless Telecommunications Association (CWTA) and partners with carriers, handset manufacturers, processors and other interested parties. We would like to include you as a valued partner.

The goal of RMC is to minimize the number of handsets entering Canada's landfills. A key to success is ensuring that the program offers convenience to your residents and to you as a policy maker.

Residents: RMC currently has 446 locations within Alberta. Each location will accept used or unwanted wireless devices regardless of make, model or condition. Residents are able to determine whether a physical drop-off location is accessible to them simply by entering their postal code at recyclemycell.ca. The Web site will also provide the most up-to-date information as new drop-off locations are added. In the event that residents are not able to go to a location they can print pre-paid mailing labels and mail their device through Canada Post.

The Web site also includes steps for how to delete personal information, as well as answers to frequently asked questions, and highlights the various programs operated by our partners. A toll free number (1-888-797-1740) exists to field questions from consumers and government.

We would be happy to provide you relevant information and logos should you wish to include information on your Web site, or in newsletters. We also have brochures that outline the program and can provide those at your request.

Municipalities and Local Service Districts: RMC encourages third-party participation in the program; this participation can include providing information to residents in your area, or hosting a drop-off location.

Hosting a drop off location is a quick and easy; simply fill out a registration form and send it to us. Once we process your application, you will be provided with collection boxes and promotional materials that can be displayed within your location to further promote the program. All material – the collection boxes, promotional material and shipping charges – are provided free of charge. RMC is a suitable addition to your Tidy Towns initiatives!

Drop-off locations can be hosted at libraries, schools, retail locations – virtually anywhere. You can choose to be a public site (included in our searchable data base), or a private one (restricted to use by your employees).

With your help we expect to see participation in RMC grow substantially in Alberta.

Should you wish to review the approved CWTA Product Stewardship Plan, please refer to: http://cwta.ca/about-cwta/advocacy/provincial/.

We would be pleased to answer any questions that you may have about the program, or your participation in it. You may contact Tania Lelièvre directly at 613-233-4888, ext. 202 or via email telievre@cwta.ca.

I am enclosing a sample of our brochure, as well as the RMC Terms and Conditions and Registration form. We look forward to having you join the RMC team!

Best Regards,

Bernard Lord

President and Chief Executive officer

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Terms and Conditions

On behalf of the wireless telecommunications industry, the Canadian Wireless Telecommunications Association (CWTA) has developed Recycle My Cell (RMC), a national cell phone recovery program.

RMC recovers all used, unwanted or discarded mobile devices which connect to a cellular or paging network, including cell phones, smartphones, wireless PDAs, external aircards and pagers. In addition, rechargeable batteries, headsets, chargers and other accessories are also accepted by the program.

Participation in the RMC program is subject to approval by CWTA, and at its discretion at all times.

By becoming one of RMC's national collection sites, you have agreed to abide by the following terms and conditions of participation.

Terms of the Agreement

Definitions

Approved Site: A site which has been approved by CWTA as being part of the RMC collection network.

Collection and Promotional Materials: The RMC collection box and promotional, marketing and advertising materials provided to you by CWTA.

Mobile Devices: Used, unwanted or discarded mobile devices, including handsets, batteries and accessories, regardless of condition, make or model.

Public Drop-off Location: The physical address of the Approved Site to be listed on the RMC Web site as a location for the public to drop off their mobile devices.

Stored Collections: Any Mobile Devices collected on behalf of the RMC program that are stored prior to pick-up by an authorized CWTA representative (i.e. prepared for pick-up).

- Approved Sites must not remove Mobile Devices from the collection box or Stored Collections under any circumstances other than for preparation for shipping.
- Approved Sites must adequately secure all collection units to ensure unauthorized access does not occur, including unauthorized access by staff.
- Approved Sites must use only authorized means for transporting Mobile Devices as designated by CWTA.
- Approved Sites must use only authorized processor(s) as designated by CWTA.

Collection and Promotional Materials

All Collection and Promotional Materials provided to Approved Sites by CWTA for the purposes of this Agreement remain the property of CWTA. All such materials must be returned to CWTA on the termination of this Agreement.

Duration of this Agreement

Participation in the RMC program is at the discretion of CWTA and will be ongoing until either party chooses to terminate.

Termination of this Agreement

Either party may terminate this agreement at any time by giving not less than one-week written notice.

Agreement with Terms and Conditions as Outlined

By agreeing to serve as an RMC Approved Site, you agree to:

- Adhere to the terms and conditions as outlined within this document.
- Give ownership of all Mobile Devices (including batteries and accessories)
 collected for recycling through your Approved Site to CWTA's RMC program.
- Not re-use or re-sell any Mobile Devices collected on behalf of the RMC program.



Registration Form

Please indicate how you would like to be involved in the Recycle My Cell (RMC) program.				
	Set up permanent public drop-of database.)	f location. (These locations will be included in the RMC searchable		
		op-off location. (These locations will not be included in the RMC on is appropriate for organizations such as elementary schools.)		
	Set up short-term campaign.			
Please provide your contact details and as well as information about your drop-off location(s) below. RMC recovery boxes and promotional material will be sent to the location addresses provided below. If you have more than one participating drop-off location, please provide information separately for that location. (Please contact us if there are more than two locations.)				
Main Contact Name:				
Organization or Business Name:				
Building Name (eg: Centrepoint Tower):				
Stree	et Number:	Street Name:		
City:		Province/Territory:		
Post	al Code:	Phone:		
Email:				

Drop-off Location #1	
Organization or Business Name:	
Building Name (eg: Centrepoint Tower):	
Street Number:	Street Name:
City:	Province/Territory:
Postal Code:	Phone:
Drop-off Location #2 Organization or Business Name:	
Building Name (eg: Centrepoint Tower):	
Street Number:	Street Name:
City:	Province/Territory:
Postal Code:	Phone:
Please indicate below which of these s	tatements best describes your business/organization?
Retailer Community Group Municipal Location Federal Government Department Other (please specify):	Recycling Depot Registered Charity Provincial Government Department
	nave read and understand the Terms and Conditions. participation in the Recycle My Cell program.
Digital Signature:	
For office use only. Information included in database: Box ordered: Promotional material provided:	



Canada's Recycling Program for Mobile Devices and Accessories

Recycle My Cell is a free, convenient and easy-to-use way to recycle old and unwanted cell phones and accessories. By entering your postal code at www.RecycleMyCell.ca, you'll find the 10 nearest locations where you can drop off your device – cell phones, smartphones, cell phone batteries, pagers and accessories – regardless of brand or condition.

In addition to freeing yourself of old devices, you will help the environment and support some great causes. A small effort on your part can make a big difference.

Recycle My Cell partners include:

Bell Dell Canada Inc. Eastlink GEEP Inc.

GREENTEC LG Electronics

Canada, Inc.
Lynx Mobility
Motorola Mobility

MTS Nokia

Research In Motion

Rogers Communications

Samsung Electronics Canada Inc.

SaskTel

Sims Recycling Solutions

Sony Mobile Communications

TBayTel TELUS Videotron

Virgin Mobile Canada

Contact one of our program representatives today: info@RecycleMyCell.ca or 1-888-797-1740.

What Can I Do?



Recycle your phone – Simply drop off your phone at the nearest drop-off location provided to you via

www.RecycleMyCell.ca. Can't come to us? Print off a pre-paid mailing label and mail your device to us, free of charge. Be sure that all personal information is erased from your device before you recycle it. Don't know how? Check out the instructions specific to your device on our Web site.



Host a drop-off location - By hosting a Recycle My Cell drop-off location, you'll provide a valuable service to your

community. Registration is quick and easy and we'll provide you with all the materials you'll need, free of charge.

What Happens to the Cell Phone?

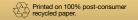


Phones and accessories are sent to certified processing facilities located in Canada.

Phones that meet specific functionality criteria are refurbished and then can be resold. Phones that do not meet these criteria are broken down into their component parts – circuit boards, plastics and batteries – and are managed responsibly by approved processors in Canada.

Recycle My Cell is a national industry initiative organized by the Canadian Wireless Telecommunications Association (CWTA). CWTA is the authority on wireless issues, developments and trends in Canada. It represents cellular, PCS, messaging, mobile radio, fixed wireless and mobile satellite service providers as well as companies that develop and produce products and services

CWTA



La Crete Community Library's 7th Annual

Salmon Grill Dinner & Silent Auction



Featuring local entertainment:

HENRY PETERS & COMPANY AND MUSIC BY DEANNA & JONAH WIEBE

DOOR PRIZES! October 26, 2013, 6:00 p.m.

Doors open at 5:00 p.m.

La Crete Heritage Centre

Tickets: \$40 each or \$300/table of 8

Call the library: (780) <u>928-3166</u>

We welcome your Silent Auction donations!







(artwork, photography, woodworking, handicrafts, quilts, etc.)

Please drop off all donations at the library.

Thank you for your support!

Proceeds of this event go to the library building fund

The New Home Buyer Protection Act will come into force on February 1, 2014.

After the Act comes into force, all new homes will require a warranty.

Building permits will only be issued for homes with appropriate warranty coverage.

For more information, visit www.municipalaffairs.alberta.ca/NHBP or contact Alberta Municipal Affairs at 1-866-421-6929.





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Northern Region Collaborative Tourism Workshops

Alberta Tourism, Parks and Recreation, Enterprise and Advanced Education, and Travel Alberta are pleased to invite you to a workshop providing you the opportunity to meet with government staff responsible for growing tourism through each of their identified business plans.

The workshop will offer presentations that will provide specific information on Alberta Tourism's future directions, the demand for rural vacation experiences, Travel Alberta marketing strategies and a tourism inventory of NW Alberta. A series of engaging round tables will follow to identify opportunities and ways in which your organization can collaborate to grow tourism in your region.

Event: Grande Prairie Workshop Date: Wednesday October 9, 2013 Time: 10:00 AM - 2:00 PM

Pomeroy Hotel & Conference Centre 11633 - 100th Street Grande Prairie, AB

Register now as seating is limited!
RSVP: eleanor.fulton@gov.ab.ca or (780) 427-6544

Introduction

Tourism in Alberta attracts millions of visitors each year, employs nearly 139,000 people and contributes more than \$7.8 billion to our economy.

Alberta Tourism, Parks and Recreation's mandate is to ensure Alberta continues to grow as a competitive tourism destination. The Destination Management Branch, host of this Workshop, has a lead role in this mandate and is accountable for developing and expanding Alberta's tourism products.

Your Role

As knowledgeable staff, operators and business owners of the agencies and organizations that represent the tourism industry in this region, we need and value your efforts in the development of a coordinated and collaborative partnership to grow tourism. The workshop will provide an understanding of how you can play a role.

Purpose / Benefits of the Collaboration

- To support the vision for Alberta Tourism's future directions; Innovative leadership, a flourishing unified industry, travelerfocused authentic experiences, creating prosperity in Alberta.
- To support Entrepreneurship and Regional Development;
 Alberta fosters sustainable economic growth throughout the province by actively engaging with industry and communities on regional economic development initiatives.
- To support Travel Alberta's role;
 Drive demand for Alberta products and experiences to our customers and align our major tourism partners to grow tourism revenue for the province.

This collaborative leadership initiative will focus our industry on preserving and enhancing the quality of our existing tourism experiences. It will direct our industry collectively on creating new and enhanced tourism experiences, creating packages, improving hospitality, and growing or enhancing destination areas in Northern Alberta.

Structure of the Workshop

Networking & Coffee	9:30 - 10:00
Introduction	10:00 - 10:10
Alberta Tourism's Future Directions	10:10 - 10:25
Demand for Rural Vacation Experiences	10:25 - 10:40
Tourism Inventory	10:40 - 11:05
Tourism Marketing	11:05 - 11:30
Lunch (provided)	11:30 - Noon
Growth Opportunities - Round Table	
Marketing	Noon - 12:50
Product Development	12:55 - 1:45
Summary and Next Steps	1:45 - 2:00



